

④

$$b) \quad 6x^2 - 5(x-1) = x \cdot (x+1) + 4$$

1º PARÉNTESIS :

$$6x^2 - 5x + 5 = x^2 + x + 4$$

2º REDUCIR :

$$\underline{6x^2 - x^2 - 5x - x + 5 - 4 = 0}$$

$$\underline{5x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0}$$

3º RESOLVER EC. 2º GRADO COMPLETA :

$$a = 5$$

$$b = -6$$

$$c = 1$$

$$X = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 1}}{2 \cdot 5} =$$

$$= \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 20}}{10} =$$

$$= \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{16}}{10} = \frac{6 \pm 4}{10} = \begin{cases} \frac{6+4}{10} = \frac{10}{10} = 1 \leftarrow x_1 \\ \frac{6-4}{10} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5} \leftarrow x_2 \end{cases}$$

SOLUCIONES:  $x_1 = 1$  y  $x_2 = \frac{1}{5}$

④  
©

$$\frac{2x+2}{3} + \frac{x^2-x}{5} = \frac{3x+7}{10}$$

$$\frac{2x}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{x^2}{5} - \frac{x}{5} = \frac{3x}{10} + \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\text{mcm}(3, 5, 10) = 30$$

DENOMINADORES:

$$\frac{20x}{30} + \frac{20}{30} + \frac{6x^2}{30} - \frac{6x}{30} = \frac{9x}{30} + \frac{21}{30}$$

Multiplíco toda la ecuación por 30.

$$20x + 20 + 6x^2 - 6x = 9x + 21$$

REDUCIR:

$$6x^2 + 20x - 6x - 9x + 20 - 21 = 0$$

$$6x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$$

RESOLVER:

$$6x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$$

CUIDADAAAA!

$$a=6$$

$$b=5$$

$$c=-1$$

CUIDADAAAA!

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4 \cdot 6 \cdot (-1)}}{2 \cdot 6} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 24}}{12} =$$

$$= \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{49}}{12} = \frac{-5 \pm 7}{12} = \begin{cases} \frac{-5+7}{12} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6} \leftarrow x_1 \\ \frac{-5-7}{12} = \frac{-12}{12} = -1 \leftarrow x_2 \end{cases}$$

SOLUCIONES:  $x_1 = \frac{1}{6}, x_2 = -1$