

RELACION n° 2:

$$\begin{aligned}
 1.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[2n]{\left(\frac{n^2+n}{n^2+3}\right)^{4n^2}} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n^2+n}{n^2+3}\right)^{2n} = [1^\infty] = \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{n^2+n-n^2-3}{n^2+3}\right)^{2n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{n^2+3}{n-3} \cdot \frac{n-3}{n^2+3}} \cdot 2n\right)^{\frac{n^2+3}{n-3} \cdot \frac{n-3}{n^2+3} \cdot 2n} = \\
 &= e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2-6n}{n^2+3}} = e^2 = e //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n}{n-1} \cdot \frac{n-1}{n+1}}{1 + \frac{2n-3}{n^2+2}} = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{1+0} = 1 //$$

$$3.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[5]{\frac{27n^3+5n^2}{\frac{n^3}{9}+8}} = \sqrt[5]{\frac{27}{\frac{1}{9}}} = \sqrt[5]{27 \cdot 9} = \sqrt[5]{3^3 \cdot 3^2} = \sqrt[5]{3^5} = 3 //$$

$$4.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2+4+6 \dots + 2n}{n^3-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{2n^2+2n}{2}}{n^3-1} = 0 //$$

$$S_n = \frac{(2+2n) \cdot n}{2} \quad \text{Suma de } n\text{-términos P.A.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2+3 \dots n}{n^2} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n^2+n}{2}}{2n^2} = \frac{1}{2} // \\
 S_n &= \frac{(1+n) \cdot n}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(4 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^2 = 4^2 = 16$$

$$7.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(8 - \frac{3}{2^n}\right)^{1/3} = \left(8 - \frac{3}{\infty}\right)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2 //$$

$$8.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n^4 - 3n^2 + 1}{4n^3 + n - 3} - \frac{n^2 - 1}{3n^4 - 2n} \right) = \infty - 0 = \infty //$$

$$9.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2n+5}{n+4} \right)^{-n/2} = 2^{-\infty} = \frac{1}{2^{\infty}} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0 //$$

$$10.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[2n]{\frac{1+n}{3+n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1+n}{3+n} \right)^{\frac{1}{2n}} = 1^0 = 1 //$$

$$11.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3-2n}{5-3n} \right)^{\frac{n}{n+1}} = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^1 = \frac{2}{3} //$$

$$12.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 4^{\frac{3n-1}{6n+2}} = 4^{1/2} //$$

$$13.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n-1}{5n+2} \right)^{-n-3} = \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)^{-\infty} = \left(\frac{5}{3} \right)^{\infty} = \infty //$$

$$14.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - \frac{n}{n+1}}{3 - \frac{3n}{n+1}} = \frac{1-1}{3-3} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ IND.}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n+1-n}{n+1}}{\frac{3n+3-3n}{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} //$$

$$15.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n^4 - n}{2n-1} - \frac{n^2}{n+1} \right) = (\infty - \infty) =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n^4 - n) \cdot (n+1) - n^2(2n-1)}{(2n-1) \cdot (n+1)} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^5 + n^4 - n^2 - n - 2n^3 + n^2}{(2n-1) \cdot (n+1)} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^5 + n^4 + \dots \dots \dots}{(2n-1) \cdot (n+1)} = \infty //$$

$$16.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n - \sqrt{n^2 - n + 3}) = (\infty - \infty) =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n - \sqrt{n^2 - n + 3}) \cdot (n + \sqrt{n^2 - n + 3})}{n + \sqrt{n^2 - n + 3}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n - 3}{n + \sqrt{n^2 - n + 3}} = \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2} //$$

$$17.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} - 2n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} - 2n) \cdot (\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} + 2n)}{\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} + 2n} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 5n - 4n^2}{\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} + 2n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-3n^2 + 5n}{\sqrt{n^2 + 5n} + 2n} = -\infty //$$

$$18.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n^2 + n}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n^2 + n}) \cdot (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n^2 + n})}{\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n^2 + n}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n - n^2 - n}{\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n^2 + n}} = -\infty //$$

$$19.- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{n^3} - \sqrt{n^2 + n}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n^3} - \sqrt{n^2 + n}) \cdot (\sqrt{n^3} + \sqrt{n^2 + n})}{\sqrt{n^3} + \sqrt{n^2 + n}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3 - n^2 - n}{\sqrt{n^3} + \sqrt{n^2 + n}} = \infty //$$

$$20.- \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 3x}{x - 3} \right)^2 = \left[\frac{(-1)^2 - 3(-1)}{-1 - 3} \right]^2 = \left(\frac{1 + 3}{-4} \right)^2 = (-1)^2 = 1 //$$

$$21.- \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 3x}{x - 3} = \left(\frac{0}{0} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x(x - 3)}{x - 3} = 3 //$$

22.- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 5}{2x^2 + x} = \frac{5}{0}$ Separamos los límites laterales

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 5}{2x^2 + x} = +\infty // \\ &\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 5}{2x^2 + x} = -\infty // \end{aligned}$$

23.- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{(x-2)(x^2+4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x-2) \cdot (x^2+4)} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2} //$

24.- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2x-10}{\sqrt{x+4}-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2(x-5) \cdot (\sqrt{x+4}+3)}{(\sqrt{x+4}-3) \cdot (\sqrt{x+4}+3)} =$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2(x-5)(\sqrt{x+4}+3)}{(x-5)} = 12 //$$

25.- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1}-2)(\sqrt{x+1}+2)(\sqrt{2x+10}+\sqrt{5x+1})}{(\sqrt{2x+10}-\sqrt{5x+1})(\sqrt{2x+10}+\sqrt{5x+1})(\sqrt{x+1}+2)} =$

$$\begin{aligned} &\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x-3) \cdot (\sqrt{2x+10}+\sqrt{5x+1})}{(-3x+9) \cdot (\sqrt{x+1}+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x-3) \cdot (\sqrt{2x+10}+\sqrt{5x+1})}{-3 \cdot (x-3) \cdot (\sqrt{x+1}+2)} \\ &= \frac{8}{-3 \cdot 4} = -\frac{2}{3} // \end{aligned}$$

26.- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+4}-2}{x} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+4}+2}{\sqrt{x+4}+2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{x \cdot (\sqrt{x+4}+2)} = \frac{1}{4} //$

$$27.- \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{3x+4}{2x+5} \right)^{\frac{3}{x-1}} = [1^\infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(1 + \frac{3x+4-2x-5}{2x+5} \right)^{\frac{3}{x-1}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(1 + \frac{x-1}{2x+5} \right)^{\frac{3}{x-1}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{2x+5}{x-1}} \right)^{\frac{2x+5}{x-1} \cdot \frac{x-1}{2x+5} \cdot \frac{3}{x-1}} =$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3}{2x+5}} = e^{3/7} //$$

$$28.- \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{3x^2-1}{-x+3} \right)^{\frac{3x+2}{x^2-1}} = \left(\frac{27-1}{-3+3} \right)^{\frac{11}{8}} = \left(\frac{26}{0} \right)^{\frac{11}{8}}$$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = (-\infty)^{11/8} = \sqrt[8]{-\infty} \text{ no existe}$$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = (+\infty)^{11/8} = +\infty$$

$$29.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3-3x+9}{4x^3-6x} = \frac{1}{4} //$$

$$30.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{3x^2}{5x^2-4x+1}} = \sqrt{3/5} //$$

$$31.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3-2x+1}{5x} \cdot \frac{x^2+1}{4x^4-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^5 + \dots}{20x^5 - 15x} = \frac{1}{20} //$$

$$32.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2+5x-3-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+5x-3}+x} = \frac{5}{2} //$$

$$33.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4-3x}{5-3x} \right)^{x-3} = [1^\infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{4-\cancel{3x}-5+\cancel{3x}}{5-3x} \right)^{x-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{-5+3x} \right)^{\frac{(-5+3x) \cdot (x-3)}{(5+3x)}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x-3}{-5+3x}} = e^{\frac{1}{3}} //$$

$$34.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2-6x}{2x^2-x-5} \right)^{\frac{x^2}{2}} = [1^\infty]$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{2x^2-6x-\cancel{2x^2}+x+5}{2x^2-x-5} \right)^{\frac{x^2}{2}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{2x^2-x-5}{-5x+5}} \right)^{\frac{2x^2-x-5}{-5x+5} \cdot \frac{-5x+5}{2x^2-x-5} \cdot \frac{x^2}{2}} =$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-5x^3+5x^2}{4x^2-2x-10}} = e^{-\infty} = \frac{1}{e^\infty} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0 //$$

$$35.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x+1} \right) = \frac{2}{1} = 2 //$$

$$36.- \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sqrt{9x^2+2x-3} - 3x \right) =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cancel{9x^2}+2x-3-\cancel{9x^2}}{\sqrt{9x^2+2x-3} + 3x} = \frac{2}{3+3} = \frac{1}{3} //$$

$$37.- \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^3-3x+9}{4x^2-6x} = -\infty //$$

$$38.- \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left(\frac{-2}{1-x^3} \right) = 0 //$$

$$39.- \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x-1)^{\frac{1}{x-2}} = [1^\infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (1 + x-2)^{\frac{1}{x-2}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x-2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}} = e //$$

$$40.- \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^{\frac{2}{1-x}} = [1^\infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 + x-1)^{\frac{2}{1-x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x-1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{x-1} \cdot (x-1) \cdot \frac{2}{(1-x)}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(x-1)}{1-x}} =$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(x-1)}{-(x-1)}} = e^{-2} //$$