

BOLETÍN 1.6.- CÁLCULO DE INTEGRALES INMEDIATES

1. Resuelve las siguientes integrales:

(a) $\int 3 \, dx$

(b) $\int ax \, dx, a \neq 0$

(c) $\int 4x^3 \, dx$

(d) $\int x^4 \, dx$

(e) $\int (x^4 - 4x^3) \, dx$

(f) $\int (2 - x^2 - 4x^3) \, dx$

(g) $\int (2x^5 - 4x + 3) \, dx$

(h) $\int (x+1)^2 \, dx$

(i) $\int (x^3 + 2x - 1) \, dx$

(j) $\int 2\sqrt{x} \, dx$

(k) $\int \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[5]{x^3} \, dx$

(l) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{x^4}} \, dx$

(m) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{8x}} \, dx$

(n) $\int \sqrt[3]{5x^2} \, dx$

(o) $\int (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x} + 2x^{-3}) \, dx$

(p) $\int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \, dx$

(q) $\int \left(2x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \, dx$

(r) $\int \frac{1}{x^3} \, dx$

(s) $\int \frac{4}{x^4} \, dx$

(t) $\int \frac{1}{x^3} \, dx$

(u) $\int \left(\frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x^3} \right) \, dx$

(v) $\int \frac{4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x}{x} \, dx$

(w) $\int \frac{4}{x} \, dx$

(x) $\int \left(\frac{1}{4x} - x^2 + \sqrt[4]{x} \right) \, dx$

(y) $\int \frac{-3x^2 + 2}{x} \, dx$

(z) $\int \frac{6x^3 - 8x^2 - x + 2\sqrt{x}}{x^2} \, dx$

(aa) $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x^2} \, dx$

(ab) $\int \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2}{x} \, dx$

(ac) $\int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2} \, dx$

2. Resuelve las siguientes integrales:

(a) $\int \left(5x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 4x^2 \right) \, dx$

(b) $\int (e^2 - 2x + x^n) \, dx$

(c) $\int (2-x) \sqrt{x} \, dx$

(d) $\int \left(-\frac{1}{x^4} + 5 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \, dx$

(e) $\int \frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx$

(f) $\int 3^x \, dx$

(g) $\int a^{5x} \, dx$

(h) $\int e^{-x} \, dx$

(i) $\int 5e^{4x+1} \, dx$

(j) $\int (e^x - 2^{x+1}) \, dx$

(k) $\int \left(e^{2x} - \frac{2}{x} \right) \, dx$

(l) $\int xe^{x^2} \, dx$

3. Resuelve:

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| (a) $\int x(x^2 - 1)^4 dx$ | (j) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+4}} dx$ | (s) $\int \frac{x \ln(x^2 - 1)}{x^2 - 1} dx$ |
| (b) $\int 2x(x^2 - 3)^3 dx$ | (k) $\int \frac{x^2}{(x^3 + 5)^2} dx$ | (t) $\int (e^x + 2)^4 e^x dx$ |
| (c) $\int (x^3 + 4)^2 x^2 dx$ | (l) $\int \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)^3} dx$ | (u) $\int \frac{e^x}{(2e^x - 5)^2} dx$ |
| (d) $\int (x^3 + 4)x^2 dx$ | (m) $\int \frac{6x^2}{(x^3 - 2)^3} dx$ | (v) $\int \frac{\ln x}{x} dx$ |
| (e) $\int (2x + 3)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$ | (n) $\int 3x\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 3} dx$ | (w) $\int \frac{x \ln(x^2 - 2)}{x^2 - 2} dx$ |
| (f) $\int (x + 2)^4 dx$ | (o) $\int \frac{4x}{\sqrt{3x^2 - 2}} dx$ | (x) $\int \left(3e^{x^3} x^2 - \frac{\ln x}{x} \right) dx$ |
| (g) $\int \left[(x + 2)^4 - (x + 2)^2 \right] dx$ | (p) $\int \frac{-x^2}{\sqrt{4x^3 + 1}} dx$ | (y) $\int \frac{\ln^2(x - 2)}{x - 2} dx$ |
| (h) $\int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} (2 - \sqrt{x}) dx$ | (q) $\int (4x^2 \cdot \sqrt[5]{1 - x^3}) dx$ | (z) $\int \frac{(e^{2x} - x) \ln^3(e^{2x} - x^2)}{e^{2x} - x^2} dx$ |
| (i) $\int \sqrt{4x - 2} dx$ | (r) $\int \sqrt{x^2 - 5x^4} dx$ | |

4. Resuelve:

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|--|---|--|
| (a) $\int \frac{dx}{x+2}$ | (k) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}-1)}$ | (u) $\int \frac{3x}{2} \cdot 4^{x^2-1} dx$ |
| (b) $\int \frac{dx}{3x+2}$ | (l) $\int \frac{e^{2x-1} + 3}{e^{2x-1} + 6x} dx$ | (v) $\int \frac{2x^2 \cdot 5^{x^3-2}}{3} dx$ |
| (c) $\int \frac{x dx}{x^2 - 4}$ | (m) $\int \frac{3}{x \ln x} dx$ | (w) $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx$ |
| (d) $\int \frac{(2x-3)}{x^2 - 3x + 5} dx$ | (n) $\int \frac{5\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ | (x) $\int \frac{2x-3}{x(x-3) \ln(x^2-3x)} dx$ |
| (e) $\int \frac{x}{x^2+2} dx$ | (o) $\int \frac{2e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ | (y) $\int \frac{x}{2} \cdot 2^{2-4x^2} dx$ |
| (f) $\int \frac{x^2}{2-x^3} dx$ | (p) $\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}{x^2} dx$ | (z) $\int \frac{3 \ln^2(\ln(x-2))}{x \ln(x-2)} dx$ |
| (g) $\int \frac{4x}{5+3x^2} dx$ | (q) $\int e^{-x^2+2} \cdot x dx$ | (aa) $\int \left[\frac{e^{2x}}{2e^{2x}-1} - \frac{4}{x} \right] dx$ |
| (h) $\int \frac{2x-2}{(x-1)^2} dx$ | (r) $\int 4x^2 \cdot e^{x^3-5} dx$ | (ab) $\int \left[\frac{3e^{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2x+6}{(x+3)^2} \right] dx$ |
| (i) $\int \frac{3x^2 - 4x - 1}{3x^3 - 6x^2 - 3x} dx$ | (s) $\int (e^x - 2)^2 dx$ | |
| (j) $\int \frac{e^x}{e^x - 2} dx$ | (t) $\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{e^{x+\ln x}} dx$ | |