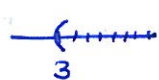
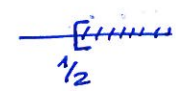
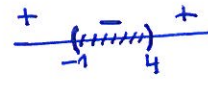
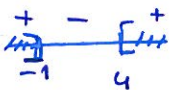
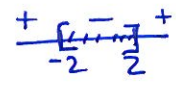
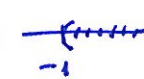
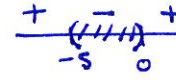
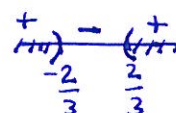
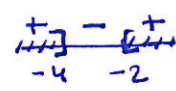
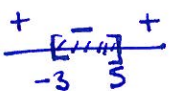


INECUACIONES

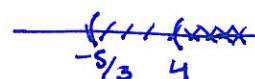
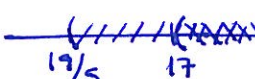
LINEALES

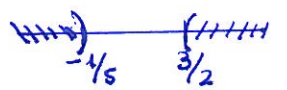
- a) $3x - 2 \leq 10 \Rightarrow 3x \leq 12 \Rightarrow x \leq 4$. Solución:  $(-\infty, 4]$
- b) $x - 2 > 1 \Rightarrow x > 3$. Solución:  $(3, \infty)$
- c) $2x + 5 \geq 6 \Rightarrow 2x \geq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq 1/2$. Solución:  $[1/2, \infty)$
- d) $3x + 1 \leq 15 \Rightarrow 3x \leq 14 \Rightarrow x \leq 14/3$. Solución:  $(-\infty, 14/3]$

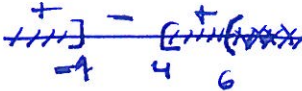
No LINEALES

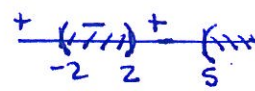
- a) $x^2 - 3x - 4 < 0$
 $x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9+16}}{2} = \begin{matrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{matrix}$ Solución:  $(-1, 4)$
- b) $x^2 - 3x - 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow$  Solución: $(-\infty, -1] \cup [4, \infty)$
- c) $x^2 + 7 < 0$
 $x^2 + 7 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{-7}$ No tiene solución.
- d) $x^2 - 4 \leq 0$
 $x^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2$  Solución: $[-2, 2]$
- a) $5(2+x) > -5x \Rightarrow 10 + 5x > -5x \Rightarrow 10x > -10 \Rightarrow x > -1$. Solución:  $(-1, \infty)$
- b) $\frac{x-1}{2} > x-1 \Rightarrow x-1 > 2x-2 \Rightarrow x-2x > -2+1 \Rightarrow -x > -1 \Rightarrow x < 1$. Sol.:  $(-\infty, 1)$
- c) $x^2 + 5x < 0 \Rightarrow x(x+5) < 0$. Solución:  $(-5, 0)$
 $x(x+5) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x=0 \\ x=-5 \end{matrix}$
- d) $9x^2 - 4 > 0$. Solución:  $(-\infty, -2/3) \cup (2/3, \infty)$
 $9x^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = 4/9 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2/3$
- e) $x^2 + 6x + 8 \geq 0$
 $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{4}}{2} = \begin{matrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{matrix}$ Solución:  $(-\infty, -4] \cup [-2, \infty)$
- f) $x^2 - 2x - 15 \leq 0$ Solución:  $[-3, 5]$
 $x^2 - 2x - 15 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{64}}{2} = \begin{matrix} 5 \\ -3 \end{matrix}$

SISTEMAS DE INECUACIONES

- a) $\begin{cases} 4x - 3 < 1 \\ x + 6 > 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x < 1 \\ x > -4 \end{cases}$  Solución: $(-4, 1)$
- b) $\begin{cases} 3x - 2 > -7 \\ 5 - x < 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x > -5/3 \\ -x < -4 \Rightarrow x > 4 \end{cases}$  Solución: $(4, \infty)$
- c) $\begin{cases} 5 - x < -12 \\ 16 - 2x < 3x - 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -x < -17 \\ -5x < -19 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x > 17 \\ x > 19/5 \end{cases}$  Solución: $(17, \infty)$

d) $\begin{cases} 2x-3 > 0 \\ 5x+1 < 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x > 3/2 \\ x < -1/5 \end{cases}$  Solución: No tiene solución.

a) $\begin{cases} x^2-3x-4 > 0 \\ 2x-7 > 5 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2-3x-4=0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{25}}{2} = \begin{matrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{matrix} \\ x > 6 \end{cases}$  Solución: (6, ∞)

b) $\begin{cases} x^2-4 \leq 0 \\ x-4 > 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2-4=0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2 \\ x > 5 \end{cases}$  No tiene solución.