

THEORY:

1. Here are the main rules for writing dialogue:

1. Each speaker gets a new paragraph. ...
2. Each paragraph is indented. ...
3. Punctuation for **what's** said goes inside the quotation marks. ...
4. Long speeches with several paragraphs don't have end quotations. ...
5. Use single quotes if the person speaking is quoting someone.

PRACTICE:

10. Talking about the future: Discuss with your partner what you think shopping will be like in the future. Find out if your partner agrees with you. The ideas below will help you :

- sell online
- tweet an order
- pay with a smartphone
- use virtual money
- build more / fewer shopping centres
- close small shop

Example :

A : “ I think that all food will be sold online in the future. There won't be supermarkets in a few years ”

B : “ I don't agree with you. I think that people will always prefer to see the food they buy ”

Write your dialogue previously. Each interlocutor must have four interventions:

1. SHOPPING : Read the marketing material and answer the question :

- Which shop promises you better prices than anyone else ?



Have you **saved up** for a new phone? Is it difficult for you to **make up your mind** about which phone to buy? We offer you a two-week **trial period** with your new phone and a one-year **guarantee**. Come in now — we've got many phones **on sale**.

Fine Phones

Are you looking for some great **bargains**? We're selling everything in our shop at a **discount**. If you find something cheaper at a different shop, your money will be **refunded**. Pay in **cash** or **charge** it to your **credit card** and pay next month.



Big Al's Department Store



We Aim to Please.

You can **exchange** anything that you buy from us. Just remember not to remove the **price tag** and to save your **receipt** and give it to the **cashier**.

Carol's CLOTHES



HUGE SALE TOMORROW!

Special Offers on all makes of trainers. Prices will be reduced by up to 70%.

TONY'S TRAINERS

2 Which of the words or phrases in colour in Exercise 1 refer to a price that is lower than usual?

3 Copy and complete the sentences with the correct form of the words or phrases in colour in Exercise 1.

1. You can use this computer program for a of ten days.
2. The put someone else's things into Michael's shopping bag by mistake.
3. I paid with my because I didn't have any
4. The book Helen ordered wasn't delivered, so her money was
5. When you buy an item, you get a printed piece of paper which is called a
6. There's no on this shirt, so I don't know how much it costs.
7. Don't buy those boots now. I'm sure they will the price at the end of winter.
8. I'm afraid you have me too much money. This handbag is supposed to be on sale.
9. I don't know which phone to buy. I can't

4 Give an example of something that ...

1. usually comes with a guarantee
2. you are saving up for
3. you bought and had to exchange

5 Find the name of a job in Exercise 1. How many other jobs do you remember?

Word Power There are many collocations with the word **price**.

price range	price list	price cut
price tag	half-price	price increase

Which two collocations mean that you pay a lower price than usual?

SOLUTIONS:

1) The dialogue will be assessed attending to the following aspects:

- All the texts must include a narrator's intervention describing the type of dialogue (formal / informal) , and the contextual background and must also follow the logical order of interventions, it must be grammatically correct, too and show a final closing greeting as well.

1) SHOPPING :

1. Big AI's Department Store.

2) . on sale, bargains, discount, special offers, reduced.

3)

1. trial period
2. cashier
3. credit card, cash
4. refunded
5. receipt
6. price tag
7. reduce
8. charge
9. make up my mind

4) The answer will be assessed attending to the following aspects:

- It must follow the logical order of the sentence in English and must also be grammatically correct and be written with a good handwriting as well.

5)

- The answer is **cashier** .,