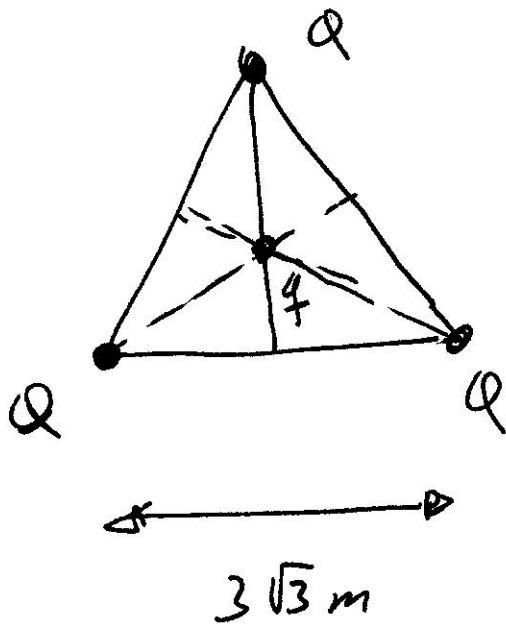
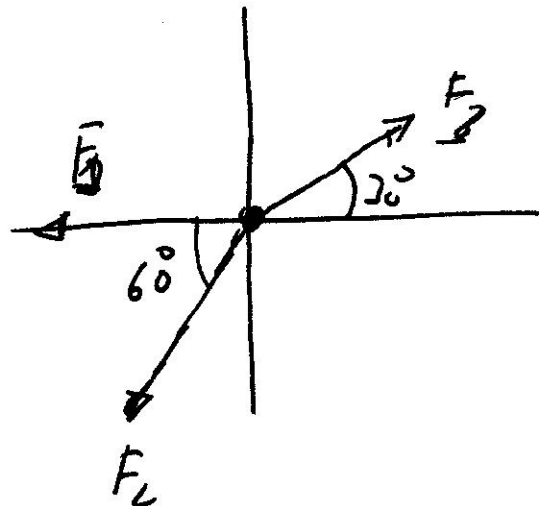
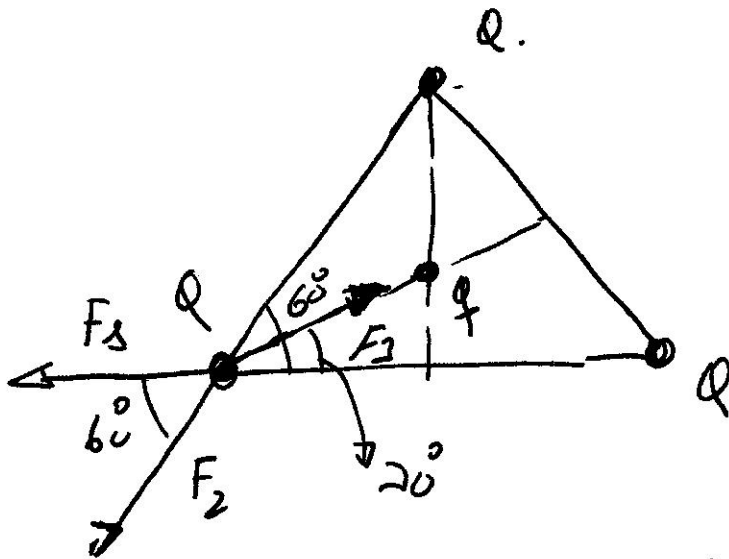




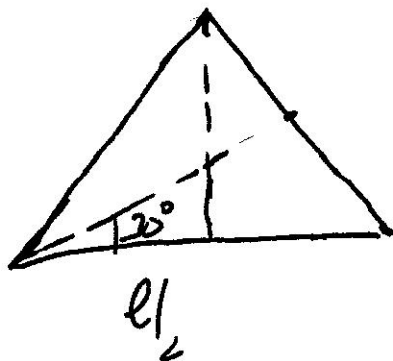
$$q = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C}$$

$q = 0$ positive



$$\frac{1}{3} F_1 \cos 20^\circ = F_2 + F_3 \cos 60^\circ \quad (1)$$

Distancia de Q a q ?



$$\cos 20^\circ = \frac{l/2}{r} \Rightarrow r = \frac{l}{2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{l}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$|\vec{F}_3| = k \frac{Qq}{\left(\frac{l}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2} = k \frac{Q \cdot q}{\frac{l^2}{3}} = \frac{kQq \cdot 3}{l^2}$$

$$|\vec{F}_1| = |\vec{F}_2| = k \frac{Q \cdot Q}{l^2} \Rightarrow k \frac{Q^2}{l^2}$$

tomando la expresión (1)

$$|\vec{F}_3| \cdot \cos 20^\circ = |\vec{F}_1| + |\vec{F}_2| \cos 60^\circ$$

$$3k \frac{Q \cdot q}{l^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = |\vec{F}_3| (1 + \cos 60^\circ)$$

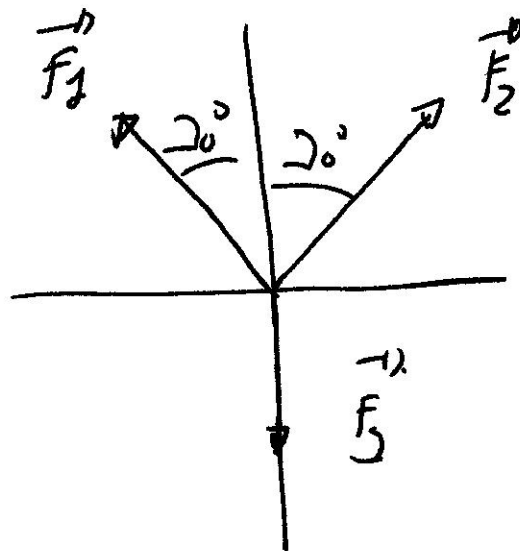
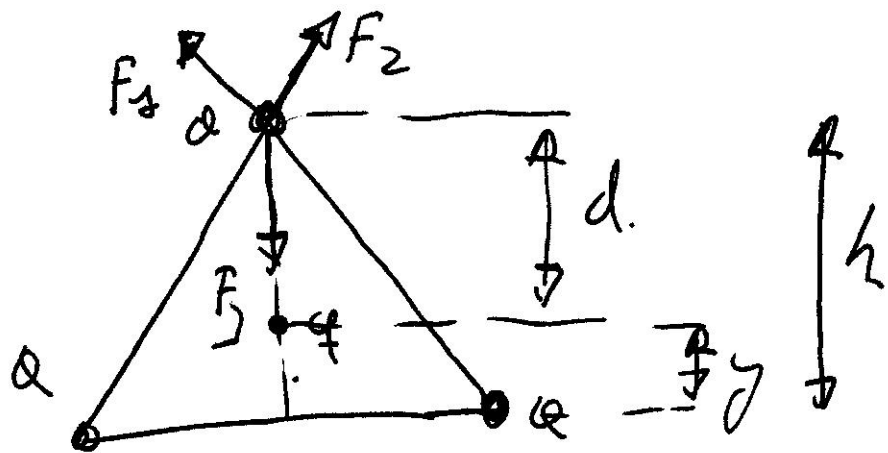
$$|\vec{F}_3| = |\vec{F}_2|$$

$$3k \frac{Q \cdot q}{l^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = k \frac{Q^2}{l^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\cancel{2} \cancel{4} \cancel{Q} \frac{q}{e^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \cancel{K} \frac{Q \cancel{4}}{e^2} \frac{\cancel{2}}{2}$$

$$\cancel{Q} = \cancel{4} \cancel{\sqrt{3}} // Q = 4 \sqrt{3}$$

Outra possibilidade

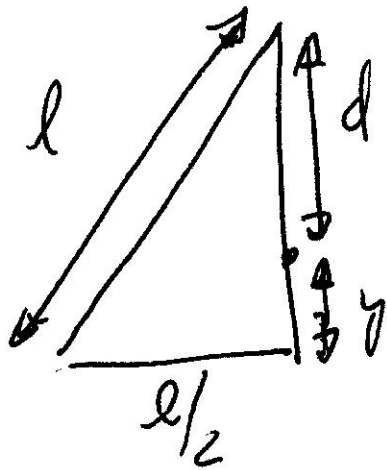


resultante de $\vec{F}_1$ e $\vec{F}_2$

$$2 \cdot K \frac{Q \cdot Q}{l^2} \cos 20^\circ = \cancel{K} \frac{Q \cdot Q}{l^2} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\cancel{2}} \quad (1)$$

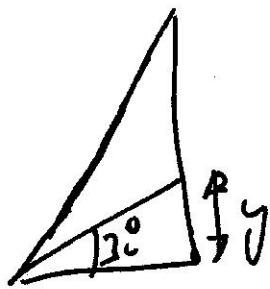
calculamos $\vec{F}_3$

$$|\vec{F}_3| = K \cdot \frac{Q \cdot q}{d^2}$$



$$l^2 = \frac{l^2}{4} + h^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = l^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$h^2 = \frac{3}{4} l^2 \Rightarrow h = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} l$$



$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{y}{l/2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{y}{l/2}$$

$$y = \frac{l/2}{\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow y = \frac{l}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$d = h - y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} l - \frac{l}{2\sqrt{3}} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) l$$

$$d = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{3} - 1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) l \Rightarrow d = \frac{3-1}{2\sqrt{3}} l$$

$$d = \frac{l}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\vec{F}_3 = k \frac{Q \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}}{r^2} = 3 k \frac{Q \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}}{r^2}$$

$$k \frac{Q \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}}{r^2} = 3 k \frac{Q \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}}{r^2}$$

$$Q = \frac{3 \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{5}} ; Q = \frac{3 \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{5} \cdot \frac{Q}{\sqrt{5}}$$