

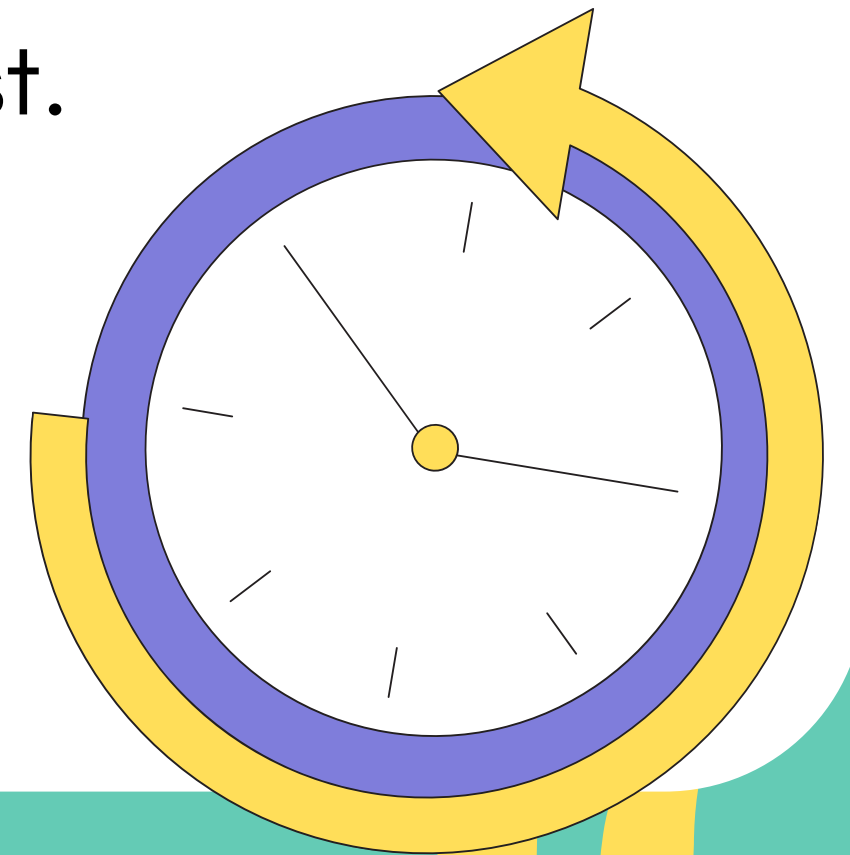
PAST SIMPLE

TENSE

When to use?

We use the Past Simple Tense to talk about:

- * Actions that happened and were completed in the past.
- * Actions that occurred at a specific time in the past.
- * Actions in a sequence of events in the past.



EXAMPLES

- * **COMPLETED ACTION:** I visited Barcelona last year.
- * **SPECIFIC TIME:** She met her friends at 8 PM yesterday.
- * **SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:** He woke up, got dressed, and went out.



How to use?

POSITIVE STRUCTURE:

All the subjects take the past simple form (**V2**) of the verb.

**Subject
Pronoun**

+

V2

(past
simple)

EXAMPLES:

- * He ate lunch an hour ago.
- * My mum went to Istanbul last night.

How to use?

NEGATIVE STRUCTURE:

All the subjects take **didn't** and the base form (**V1**) of the verb.

**Subject
Pronoun** + **didn't** + **V1**
(

EXAMPLES:

- * He didn't study Math yesterday.
- * I didn't go to school last week.

How to use?

QUESTION STRUCTURE:

We use **did** before the subject, the verb is in base form (**V1**).

Did + **Subject
Pronoun** + **V1**

EXAMPLES:

- * Did you read a book yesterday?
- * Did he go to bed late last night?

Attention!

In the English language, the verbs are divided into two:

* REGULAR VERBS

Regular verbs form their past forms by adding **-d**, **-ed** or **-ied** to the base form.

* IRREGULAR VERBS

Irregular verbs do not follow a consistent pattern for their past forms.
Each irregular verb has a unique past form!

REGULAR VERBS

How to spell?

* For most verbs, simply add **-ed**.

talk	→	talk ed
clean	→	clean ed
watch	→	watch ed



She watched a film last night.

How to spell?

* If the verb ends in a silent **e**, simply add **-d**.

live e	→	live d
hate e	→	hate d
bake e	→	bake d



Mum baked a pie yesterday.

How to spell?

- * If the verb ends in a consonant + y, change the "y" to "i" and add -ed.

cry	→	cried
carry	→	carried
study	→	studied



He studied English yesterday.

IRREGULAR VERBS

Here's a list of some of the most common irregular verbs:

be → **was/were**

begin → **began**

bite → **bit**

break → **broke**

bring → **brought**

build → **built**

buy → **bought**

catch → **caught**

come → **came**

cut → **cut**

do → **did**

draw → **drew**

drink → **drank**

drive → **drove**

eat → **ate**

fall → **fell**

feel → **felt**

find → **found**

fly → **flew**

get → **got**

give → **gave**

go → **went**

grow → **grew**

have → **had**

keep → **kept**

know → **knew**

leave → **left**

TIME EXPRESSIONS

We usually use the following time expressions:

* **yesterday**

* **ago**

* **last**

Examples: My dad didn't go to work **yesterday**.
I learned Spanish **last** year.
We visited Barcelona two years **ago**.





THANK YOU
FOR LISTENING!