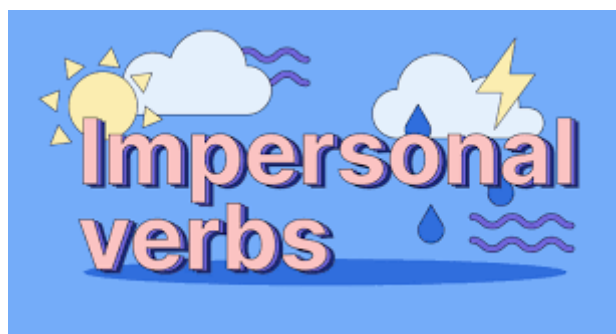


IMPERSONAL PASSIVES: TYPES OF VERBS



A.- Verbs that admit both types of impersonal forms

Verb	Active example	Impersonal pas. + that	Impersonal pass. + to
say	People say (that) he is rich.	It is said that he is rich.	He is said to be rich.
think	People think (that) she left.	It is thought that she left.	She is thought to have left.
believe	People believe (that) prices will fall.	It is believed that prices will fall.	Prices are believed to fall.
expect	People expect (that) profits will rise.	It is expected that profits will rise.	Profits are expected to rise.
consider	People consider (that) he is a genius.	It is considered that he is a genius.	He is considered to be a genius.
report	People report (that) the actor is ill.	It is reported that he is ill.	He is reported to be ill.
know	People know (that) she lives in Paris.	It is known that she lives in Paris.	She is known to live in Paris.
suppose	People suppose (that) he is hiding.	It is supposed that he is hiding.	He is supposed to be hiding.
understand	People understand (that) the project failed.	It is understood that the project failed.	The project is understood to have failed.
say, allege, claim	Idem	Idem	Idem

B.- Verbs that only admit 'impersonal passive + that' form

Verb	Active example	Impersonal pass. + that	Impersonal pass. + to
hope	People hope (that) prices won't rise.	It is hoped that prices won't rise.	<i>Prices are hoped to...</i> ✗
fear	People fear (that) he will escape.	It is feared that he will escape.	<i>He is feared to escape.</i> ✗
expect (sb to) en sentido de "agardar a alguén"	People expect (that) John will arrive.	It is expected that John will arrive.	<i>John is expected to arrive.</i> ✓ (pero aquí si se pode, porque o verbo funciona doutra maneira)
want	People want (that) taxes go down.	It is wanted that taxes... (moi raro)	<i>Taxes are wanted to...</i> ✗
wish	People wish (that) she stayed.	It is wished that... (pouco usado)	<i>She is wished to...</i> ✗
demand	People demand (that) he resign.	It is demanded that he resign.	<i>He is demanded to resign.</i> ✗
suggest	People suggest (that) she go.	It is suggested that she go.	<i>She is suggested to go.</i> ✗
recommend	People recommend (that) he rest.	It is recommended that he rest.	<i>He is recommended to rest.</i> ✗

Se o verbo expresa *opinión / creenza / información*, → **SI** adoita admitir *X is said/believed/thought to...*

Se expresa *desexo / recomendación / petición*, → **NON** admite o pasivo con infinitivo; só **It is hoped/suggested/recommended that...**