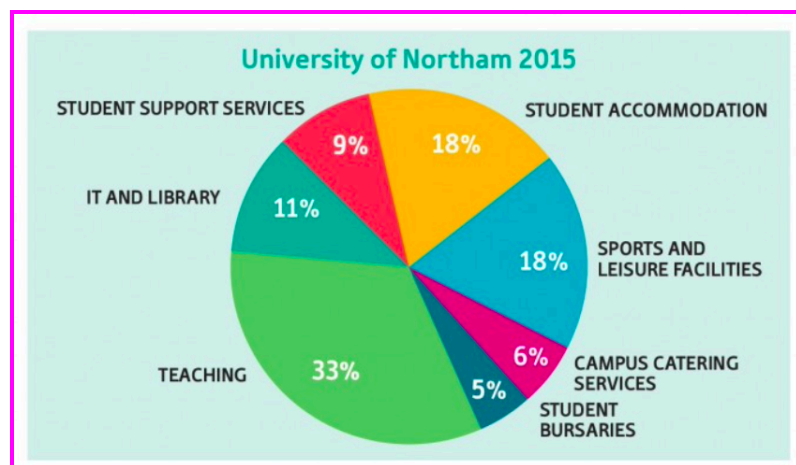
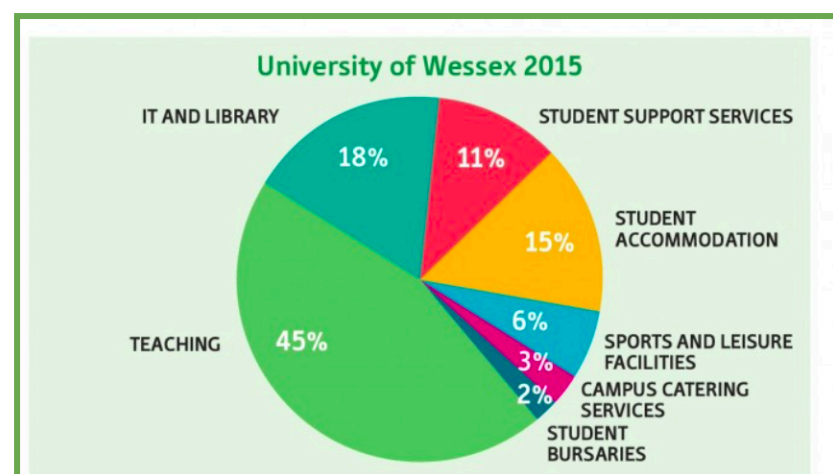


DESCRIBING PIE CHARTS (SAMPLE TESTS PROVIDED BY CHAT GPT)

Pie Charts from Unit 6B (English File) - Sample tests generated by ChatGPT

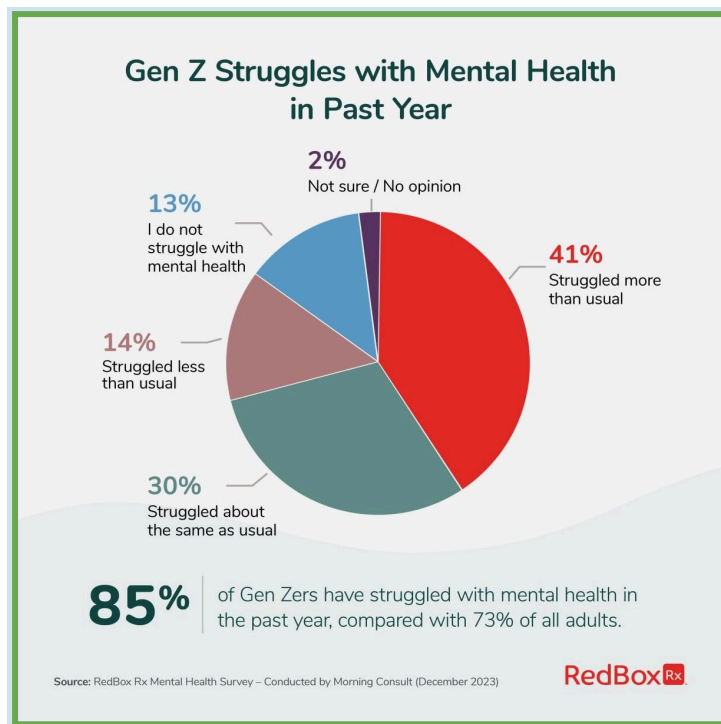


The pie chart shows the distribution of expenditure at the University of Northam in 2015. Teaching accounted for about one-third of the budget, making it the largest expense. Both student accommodation and sports and leisure facilities took up nearly one-fifth each. IT and library services made up roughly one-tenth, while student support services received just under this amount. Campus catering services accounted for around half of that, and student bursaries had the smallest share, at about one-twentieth. Overall, teaching expenses were nearly double those of accommodation or leisure, while bursaries had the lowest allocation.



The pie chart illustrates the University of Wessex's expenditure in 2015. Nearly half of the budget (45%) was allocated to teaching, making it the largest expense. IT and library services received just under a fifth, while student accommodation accounted for three times the spending on catering. Student support services took up slightly more than a tenth, whereas sports and leisure facilities received twice the amount spent on bursaries. The smallest allocations went to campus catering (3%) and student bursaries (2%), with the latter being one-ninth of the teaching budget. This breakdown highlights the university's focus on education and student services.

Pie charts and graphs from Rosana's Slide Show on Mental Health

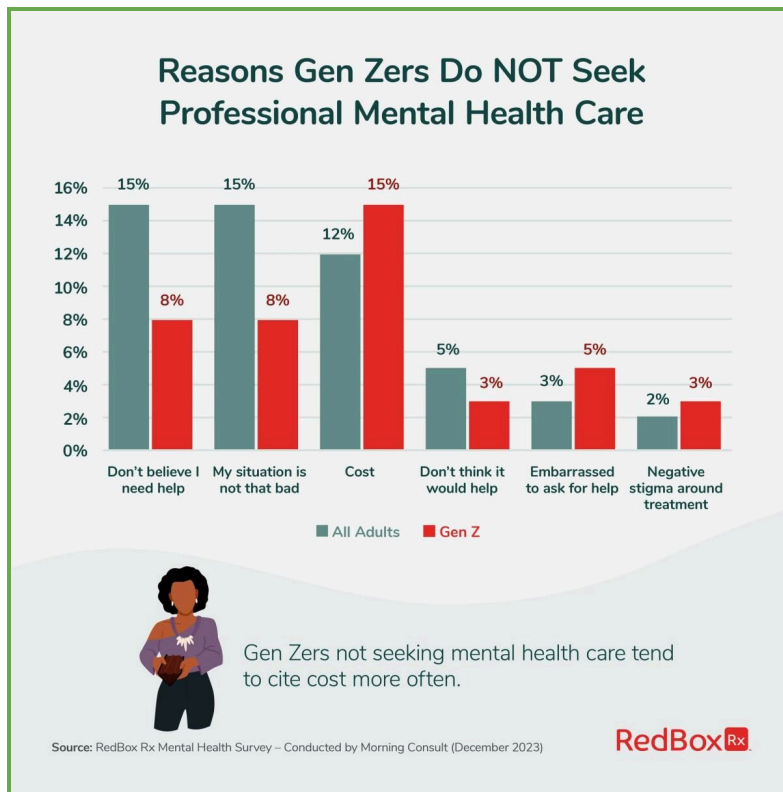


Sample test generated by ChatGPT

A recent survey reveals that mental health challenges have been widespread among Generation Z in the past year. Around 41% faced greater difficulties than before, while 30% reported no noticeable change. Meanwhile, 14% found their struggles had decreased, and 13% did not experience mental health issues at all. A small fraction (2%) had no opinion on the matter. Overall, 85% of Gen Z encountered some level of mental distress over the past year, surpassing the 73% recorded among all adults. These findings emphasize the significant emotional burdens younger individuals are carrying compared to the broader population.

Other sample test

A recent survey reveals that mental health challenges have been widespread among Generation Z in the past year. **Roughly two-fifths** (41%) faced greater difficulties than before, while **nearly a third** (30%) reported no noticeable change. Meanwhile, **about one in seven** (14%) found their struggles had decreased, and **just over one in ten** (13%) did not experience mental health issues at all. A **small fraction, only one in fifty** (2%), had no opinion on the matter. Overall, **more than four in five** (85%) of Gen Z encountered some level of mental distress, surpassing **nearly three-quarters** (73%) of all adults. These findings emphasize the significant emotional burdens younger individuals are carrying compared to the broader population.

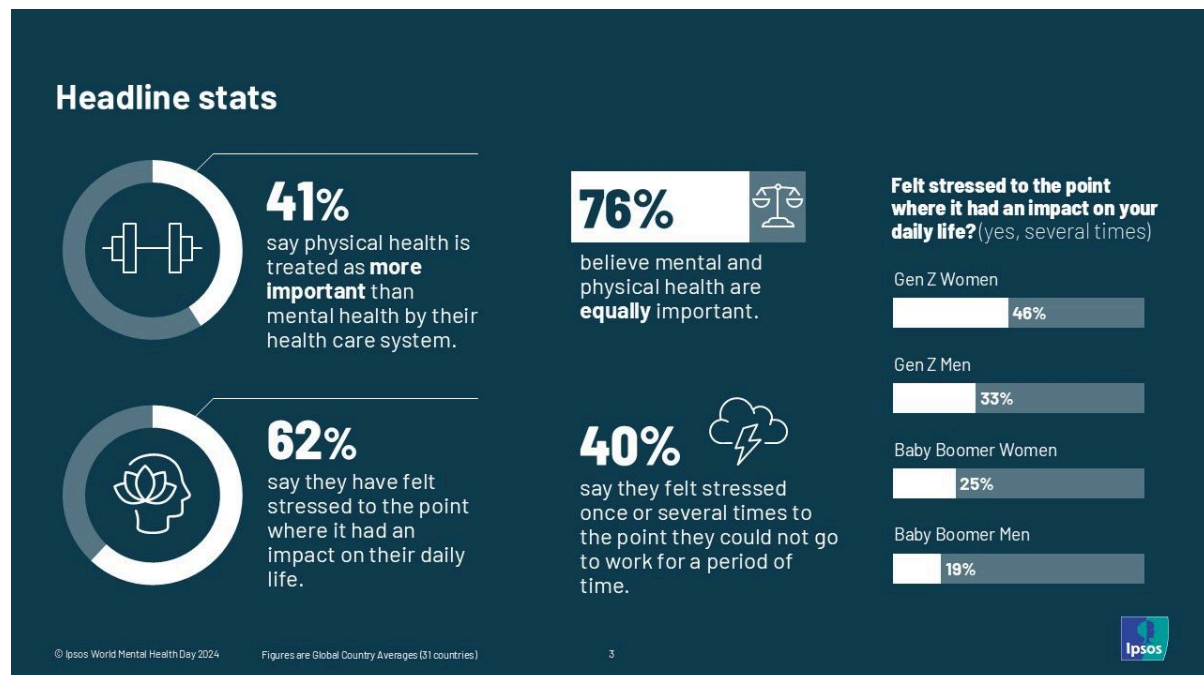


Sample test generated by ChatGPT

The chart illustrates the reasons why individuals, specifically Gen Z, avoid seeking professional mental health care. Approximately **one in six** Gen Z respondents cited financial burden as a barrier, a significantly higher proportion than the general adult population. Nearly **one in seven** Gen Z individuals felt their personal circumstances were not severe enough to warrant professional intervention. A similar fraction, roughly **one in seven**, did not believe they required assistance.

For reasons such as doubting the effectiveness of treatment, feeling shame in asking for help, and concerns about societal judgment, approximately **one in twenty** Gen Z members expressed these as deterrents. Finally, for the reasons of doubting treatment effectiveness, or feeling embarrassed to ask for help, roughly **one in thirty** Gen Z respondents indicated these as reasons for not seeking care.

Overall, the data suggests that cost is a major factor for Gen Z, with a notably larger percentage citing it compared to all adults.



Sample test generated by ChatGPT

A global survey highlights concerns about mental and physical well-being. While 76% consider both equally valuable, 41% feel that medical services prioritize physical conditions over psychological ones. Stress is a major issue, with 62% experiencing it to a level that disrupts their routine. Additionally, 40% have gone through stress so severe that it temporarily prevented them from working. Younger individuals, particularly women from Generation Z (46%), report the highest stress levels, while Baby Boomer men (19%) are the least affected. The findings emphasize the need for a more balanced approach to mental and physical healthcare worldwide.

Sample test generated by ChatGPT

This Ipsos survey for World Mental Health Day 2024 reveals a perceived imbalance in healthcare, with 41% believing physical health is prioritized. Despite 76% recognizing the equal importance of mental and physical health, 62% report stress impacting their daily lives. Notably, 40% experienced stress-related work absences. Gen Z women reported the highest stress impact (46%), followed by Gen Z men (33%), highlighting generational and gender disparities. These findings underscore the urgent need for improved mental health support and awareness, particularly among younger demographics.