

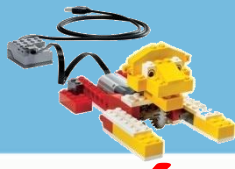
Robótica Educativa WeDo



DOCENTES FORMADORES:

- ❖ Sonia Rojas Dalguerri
- ❖ Juan Carlos Barreto Cisneros





WeDo



MÁQUINAS SIMPLES

☐ RUEDAS Y EJES

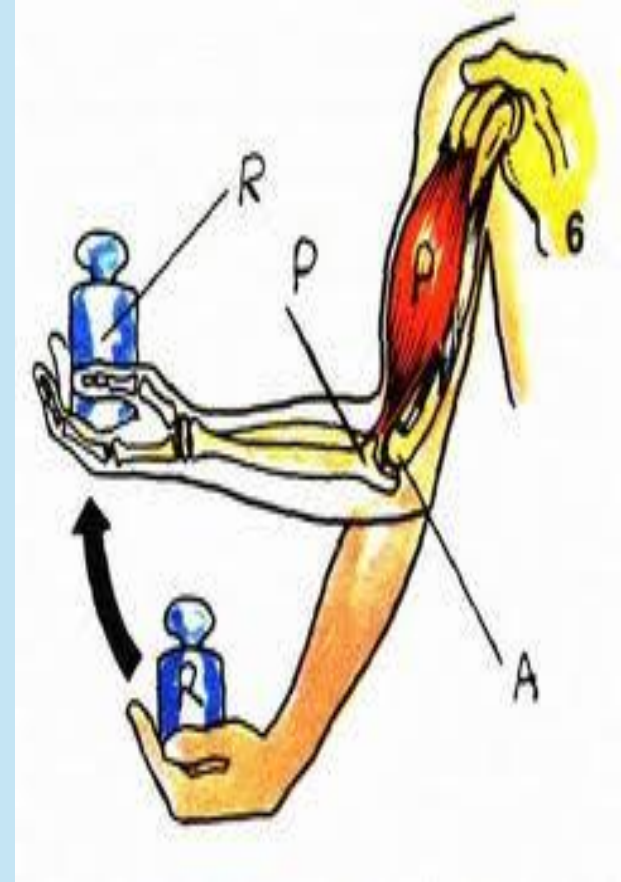
☐ PALANCAS

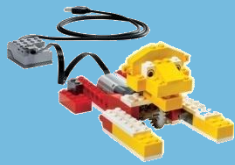
☐ POLEAS

☐ ENGRANAJES



PALANCAS





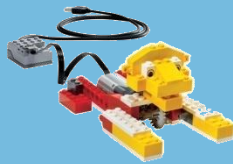
WeDo



PALANCA

La palanca es una máquina simple que transmite la fuerza que se aplica en un punto a otro punto en el que se obtiene una fuerza mayor.





WeDo



PRIMER TIPO

En las palancas **de primer género** el punto de apoyo está entre el peso y el lugar de aplicación de la fuerza.

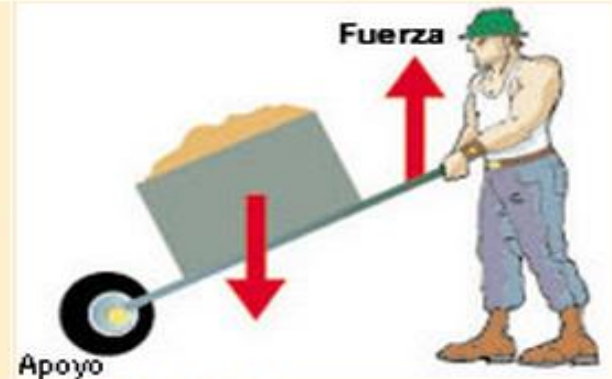
(La piedra pequeña que actúa como apoyo está entre la roca grande y la fuerza del grupo de personas.)



SEGUNDO TIPO

En las palancas **de segundo género** el peso se encuentra entre el apoyo y el lugar en el que hacemos la fuerza.

(El peso que lleva la carretilla está entre la rueda que actúa como apoyo y la fuerza que hace el obrero.)

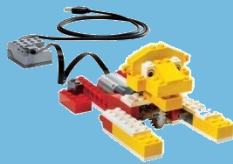


TERCER TIPO

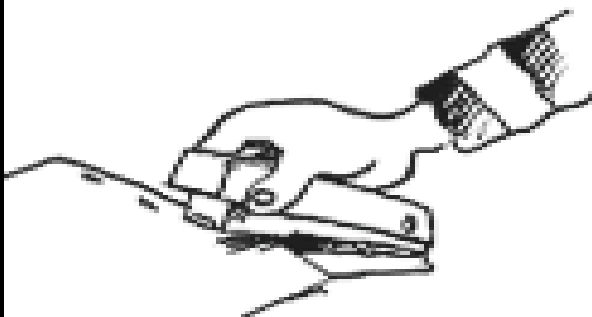
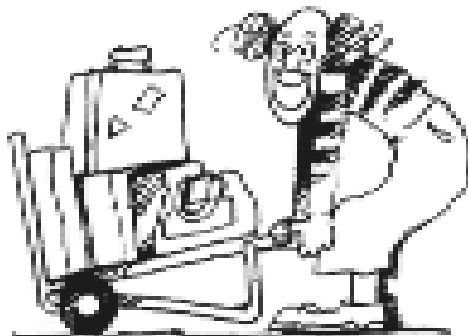
En las palancas **de tercer género** la fuerza se aplica entre el punto de apoyo y el peso.

(La fuerza la realiza el brazo izquierdo del pescador. Esta fuerza se aplica entre el apoyo del brazo derecho y el peso del pez.)





WeDo



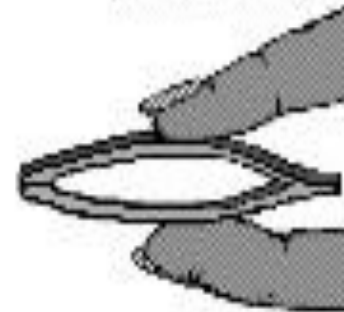
Palanca de
primera clase

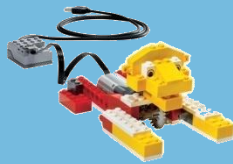


Palanca de
segunda clase

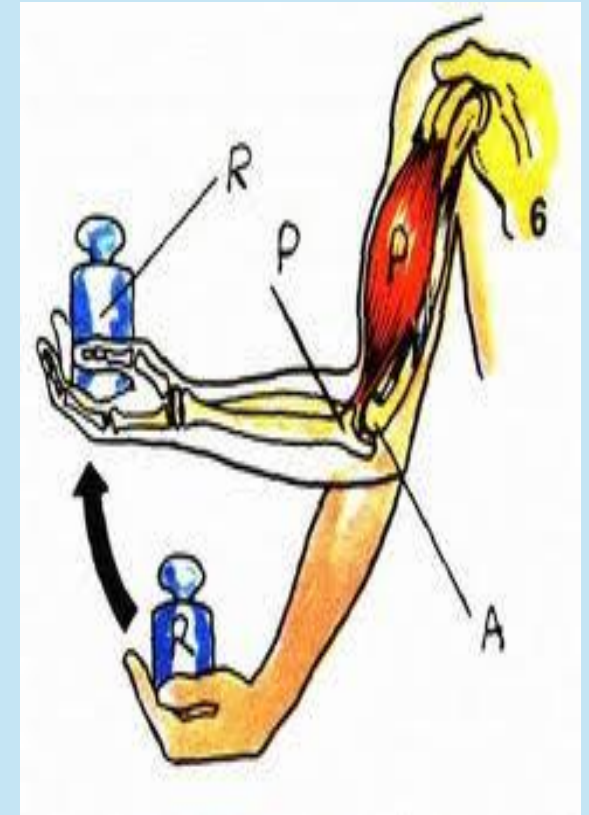
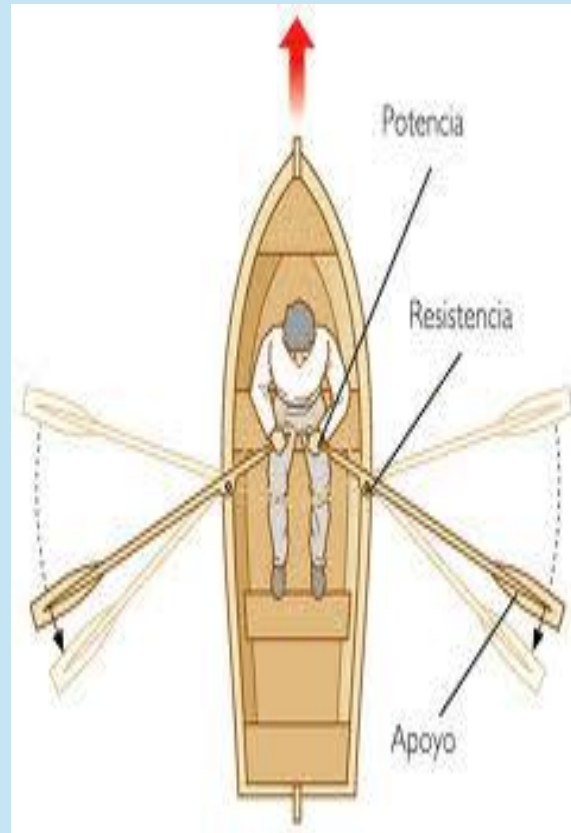


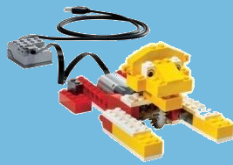
Palanca de
tercera clase



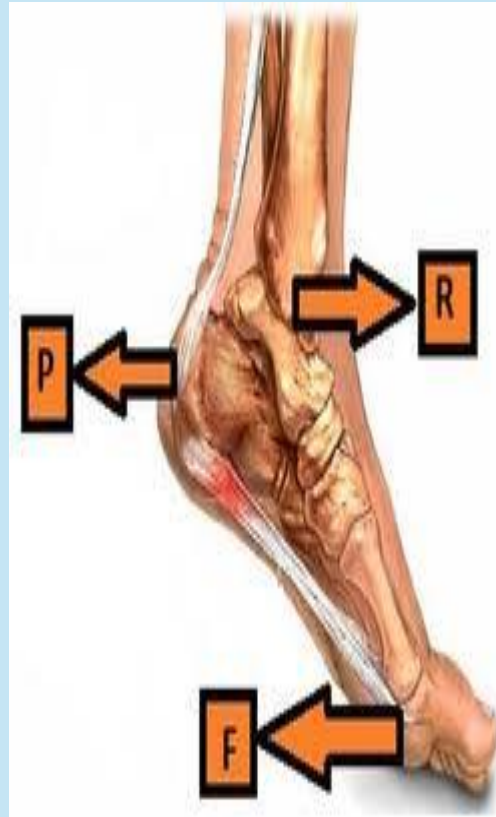


WeDo

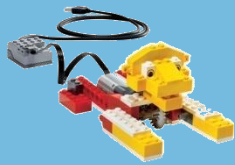




WeDo



Se cuenta que el propio Galileo Galilei habría dicho:
"Dadme un punto de apoyo y moveré el mundo"

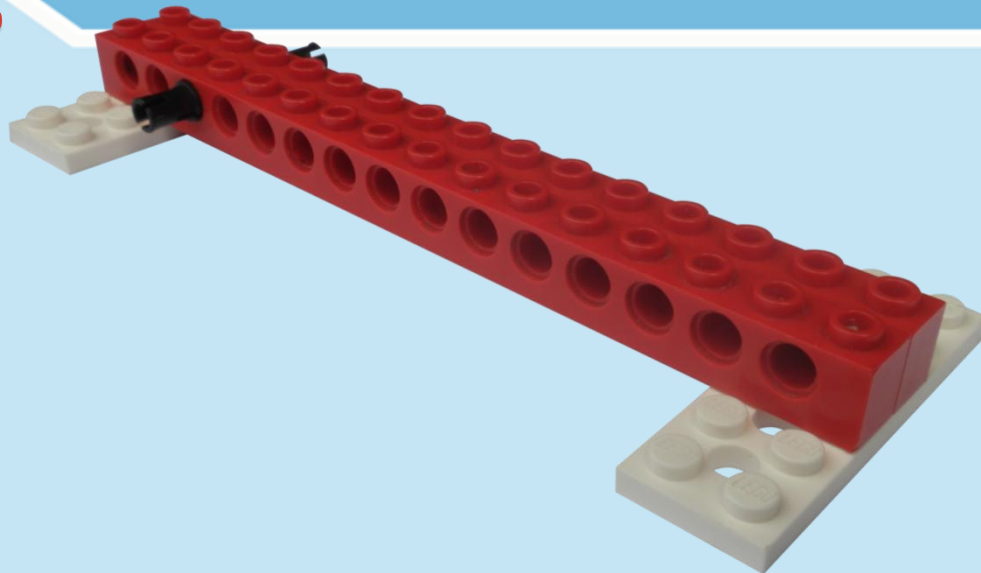


WeDo

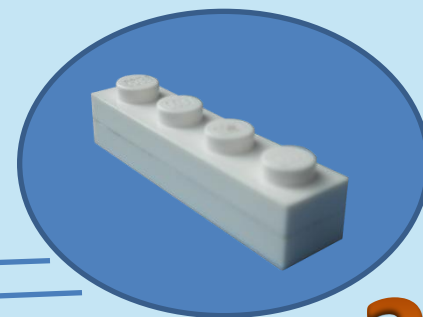
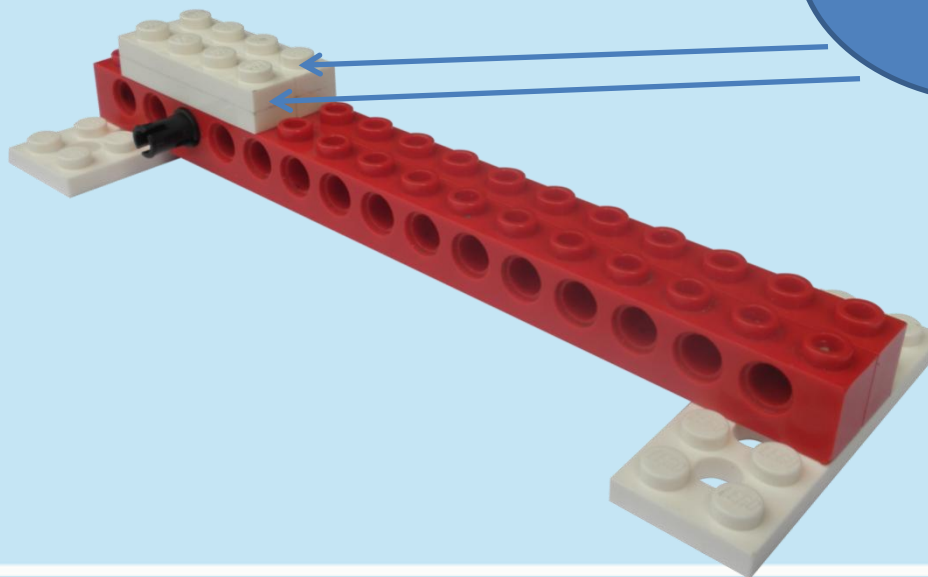


ELABOLANDO PALANCAS DEL PRIMER TIPO Ó INTER-APOYANTE

1

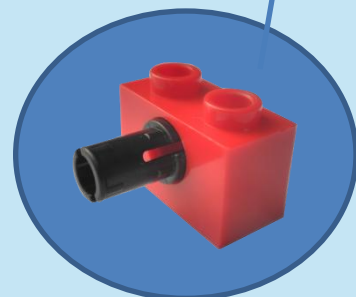
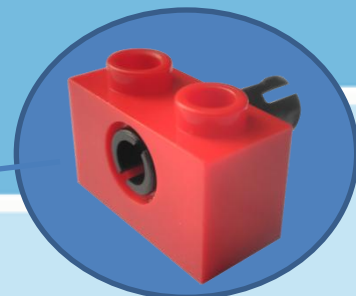


2

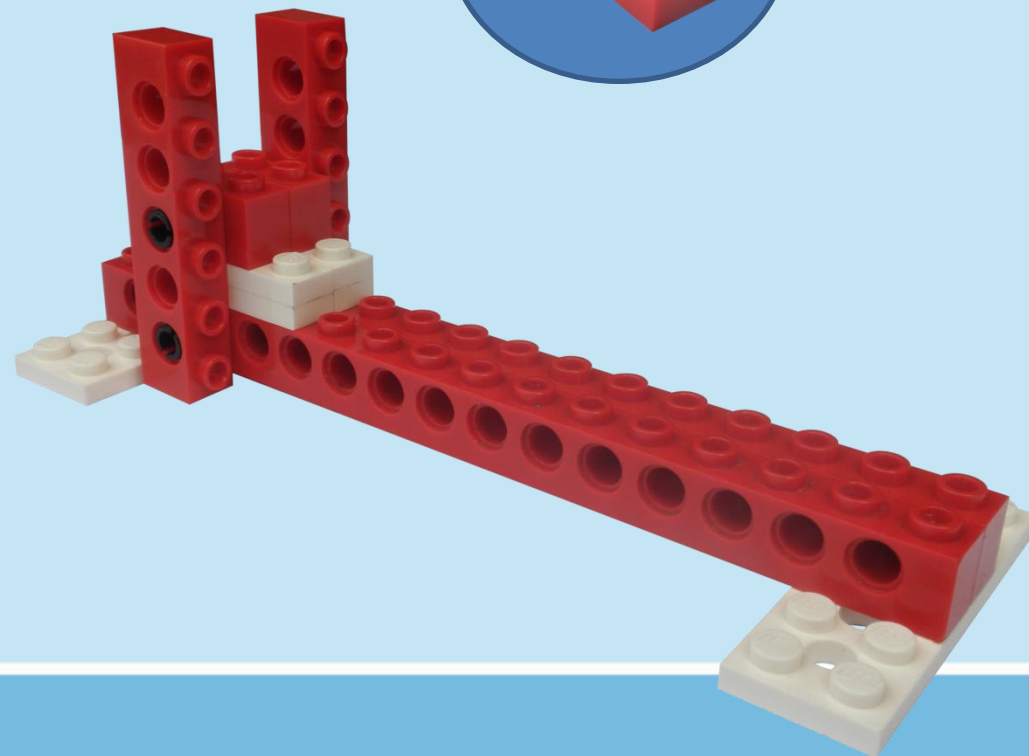


x2

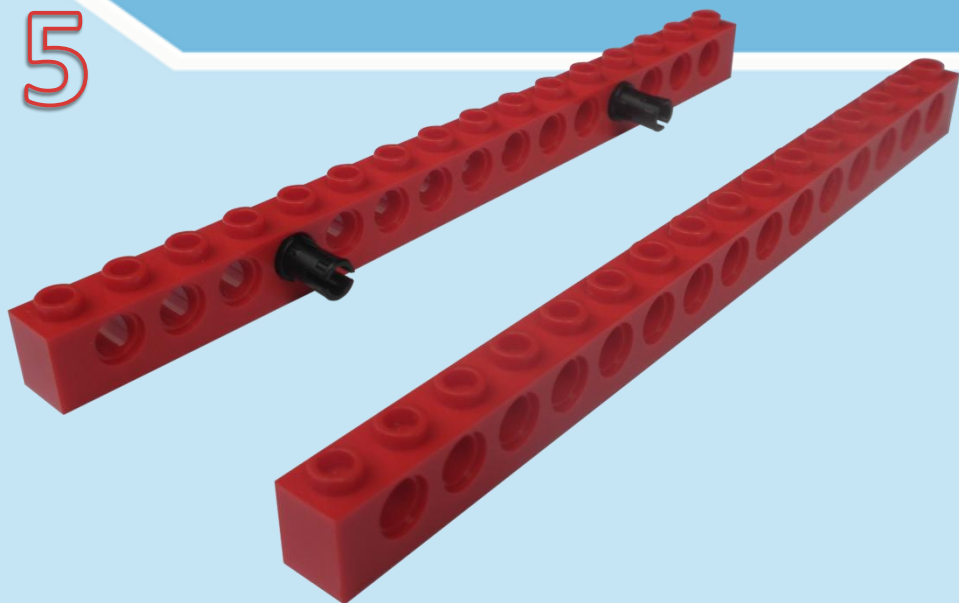
3



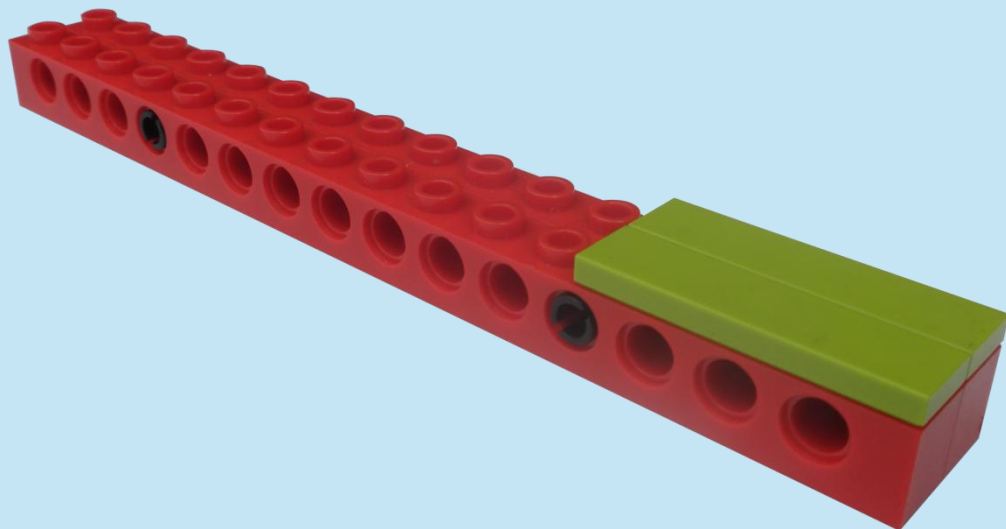
4



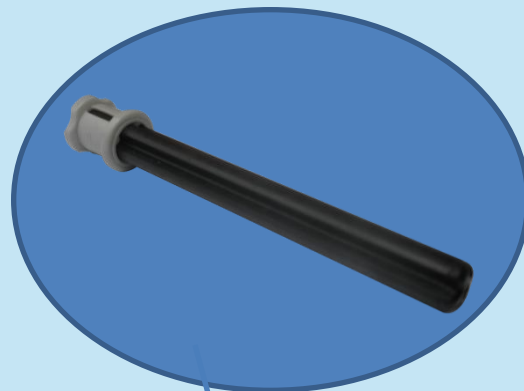
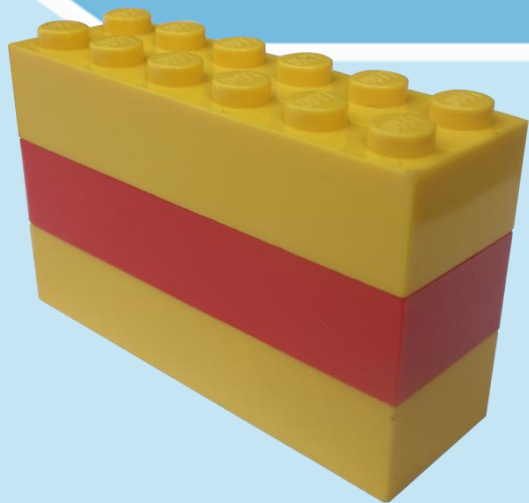
5



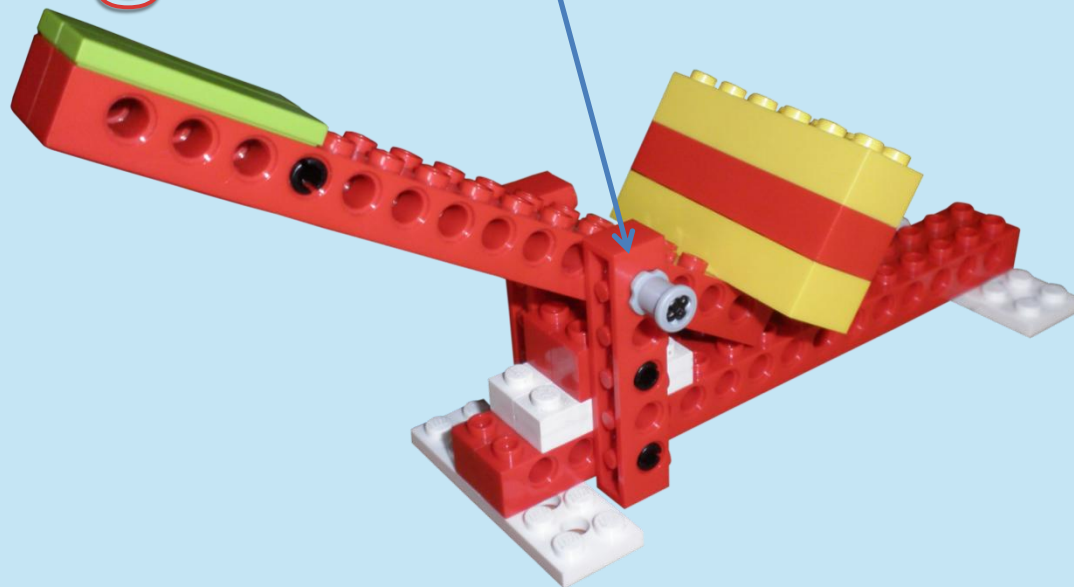
6



7



8



● Primer tipo ó Inter-apoyante.

FUERZA

CARGA

PUNTO DE APOYO

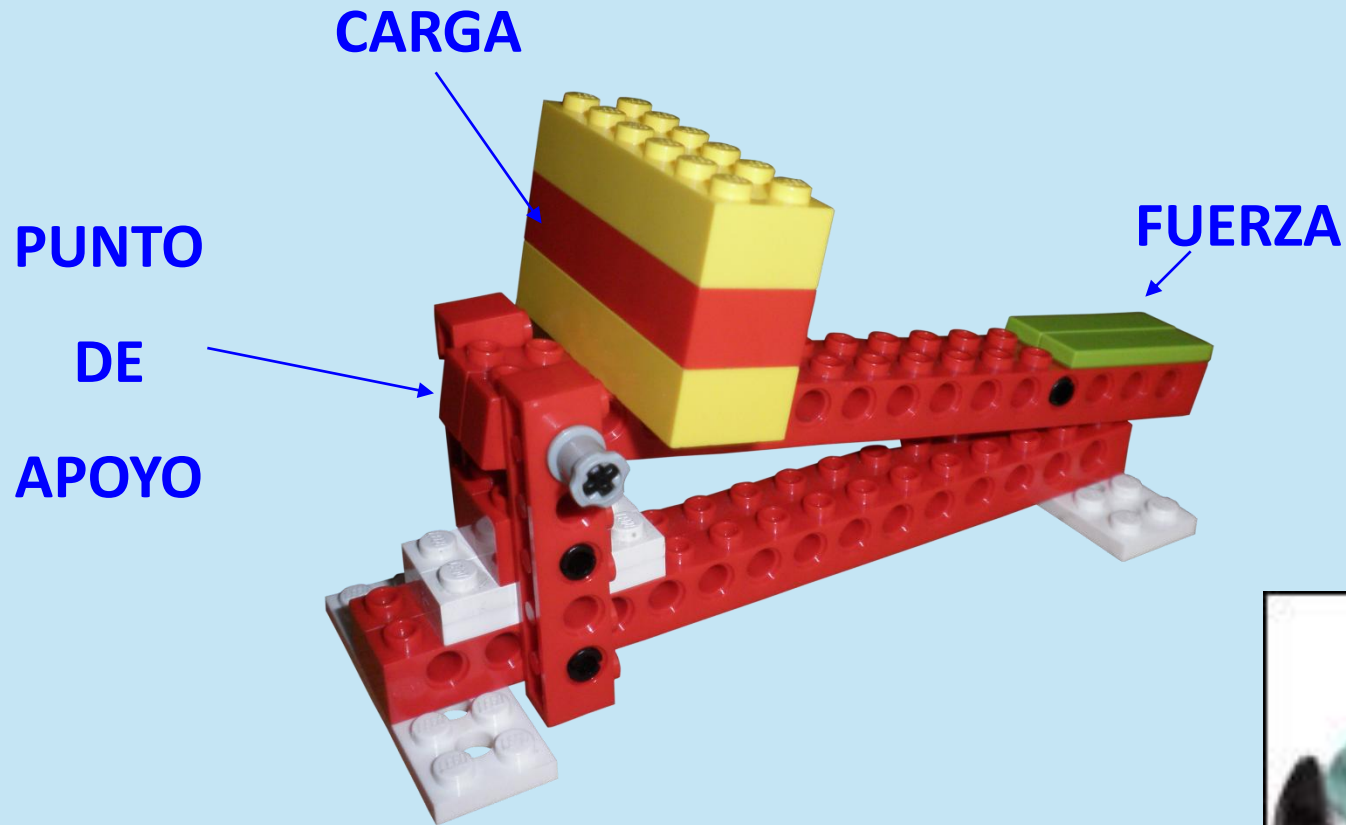


F

P.A

C

● Segundo tipo ó Inter-resistente.



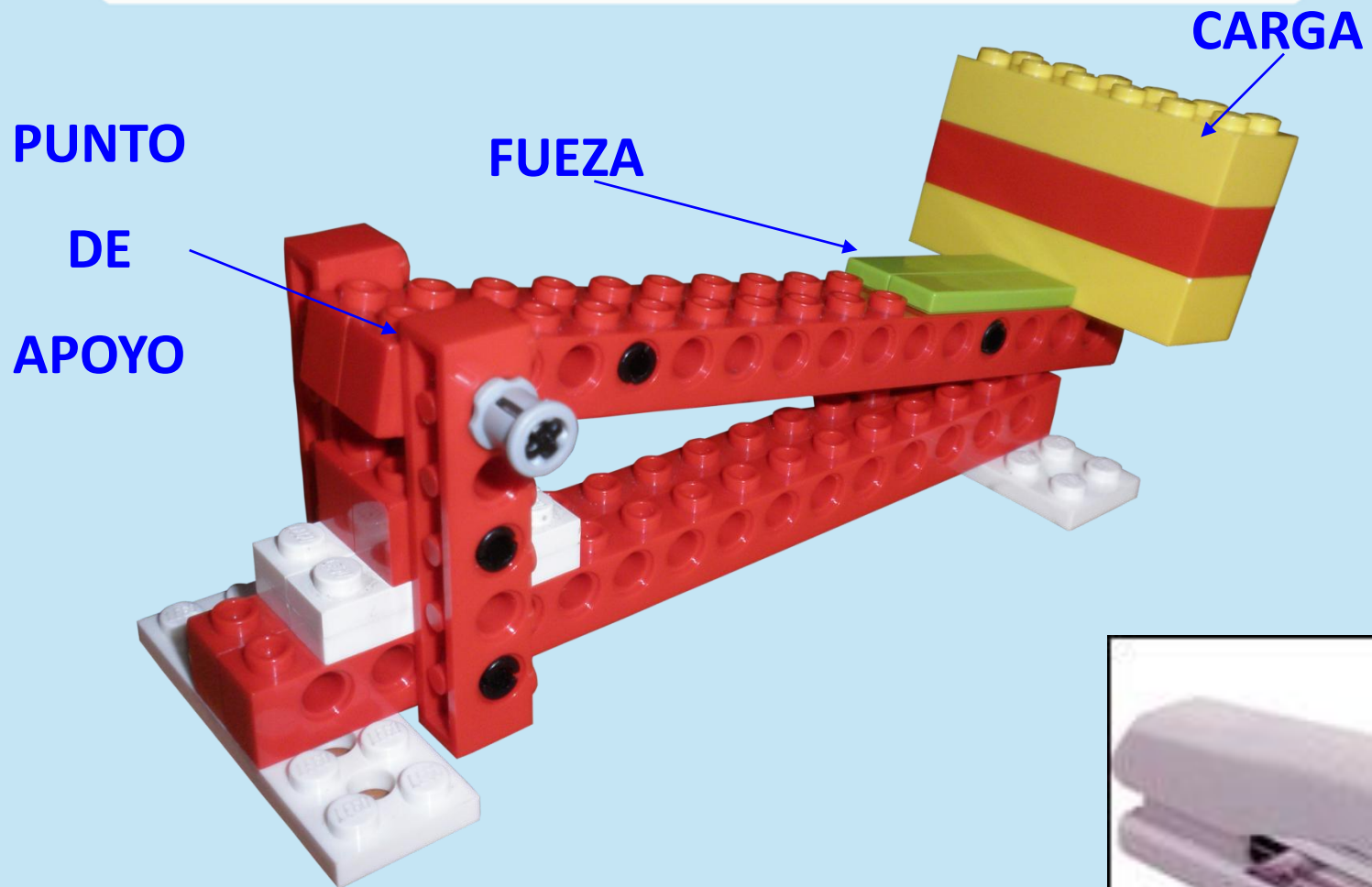
P.A

C

F



● Tercer tipo ó Inter-potente.



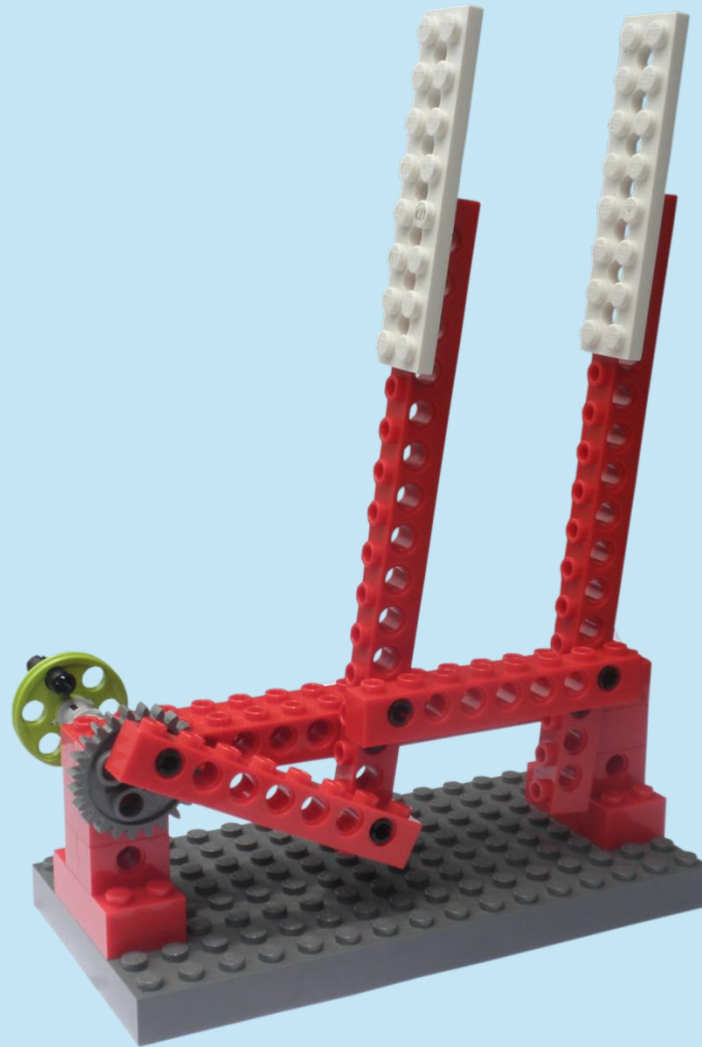
P.A

F

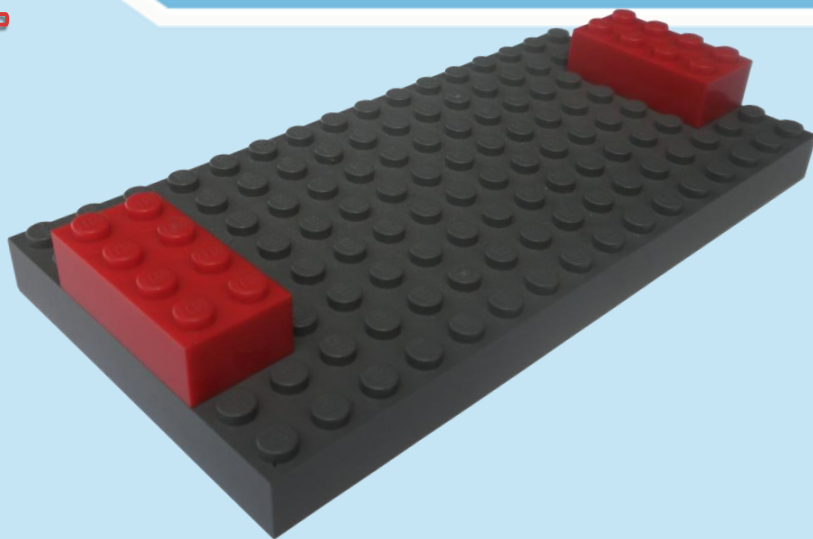
C



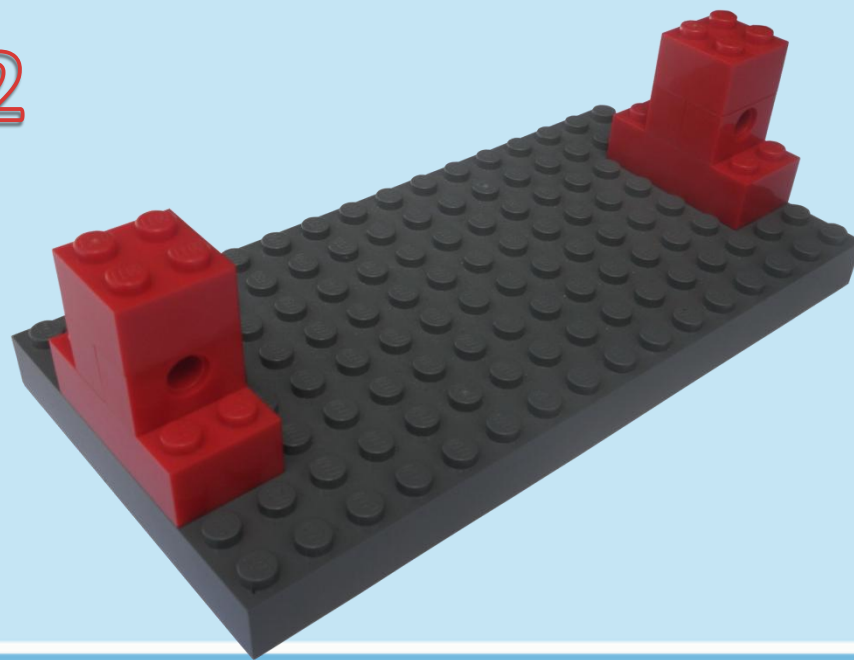
Limpiaparabrisas



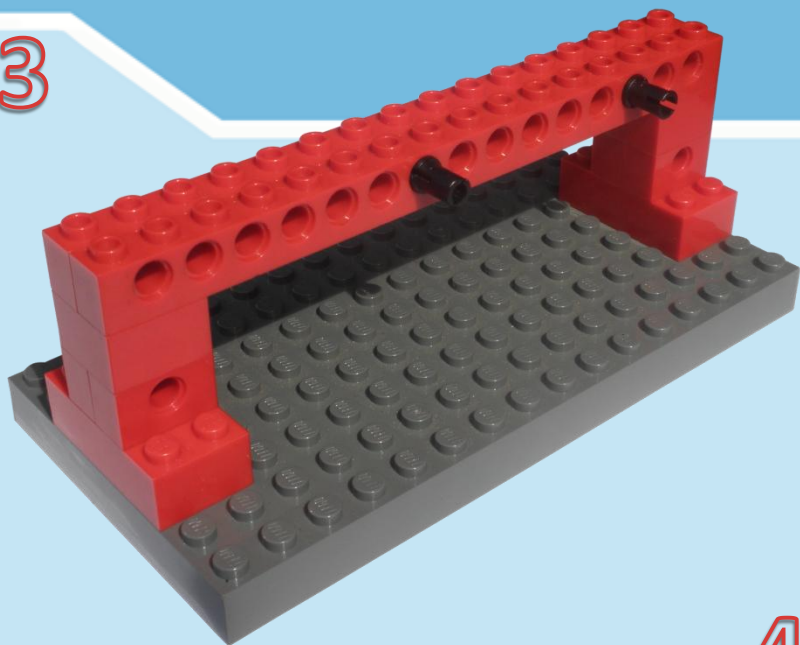
1



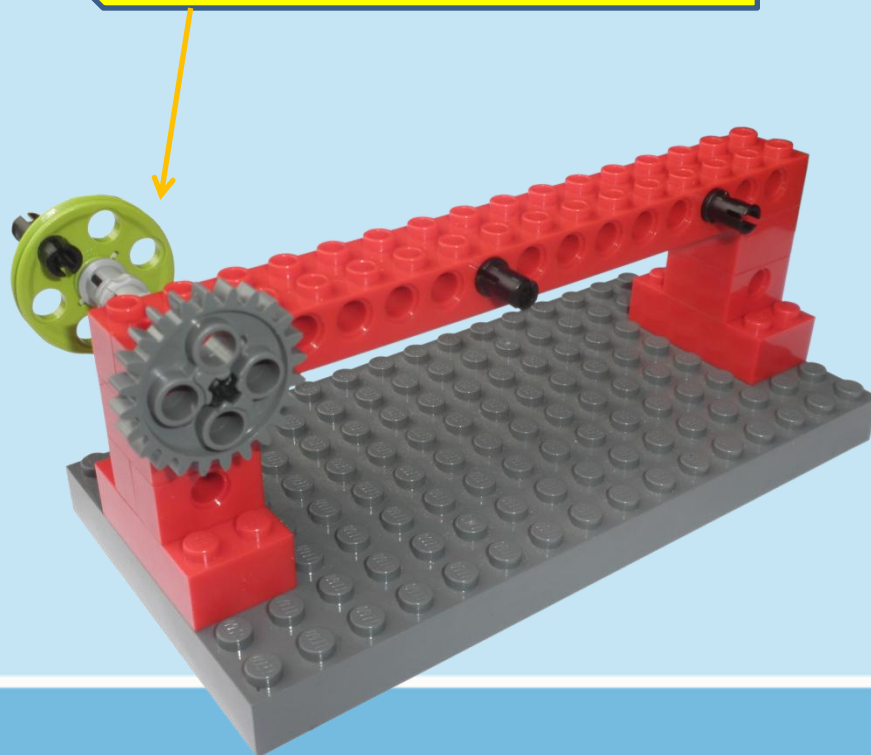
2



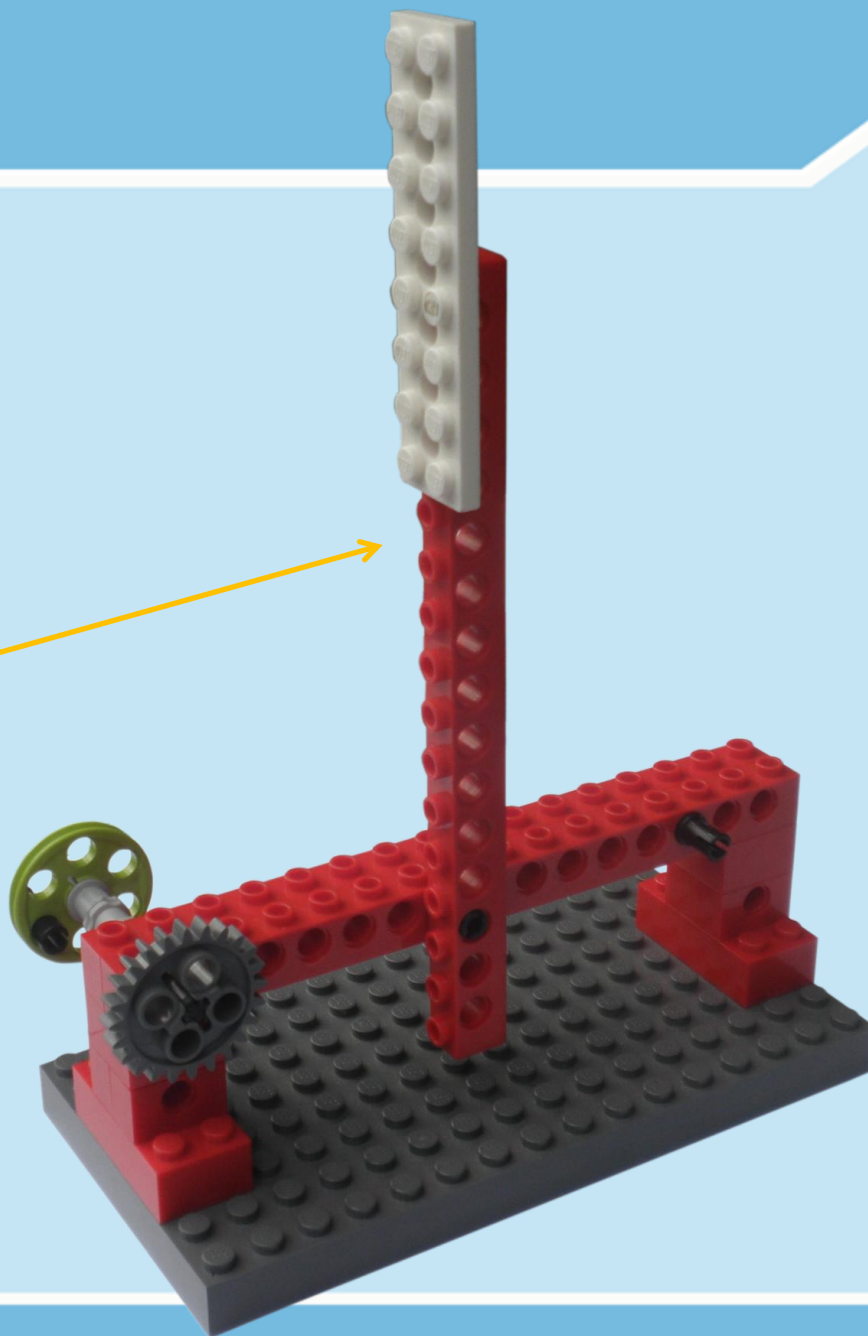
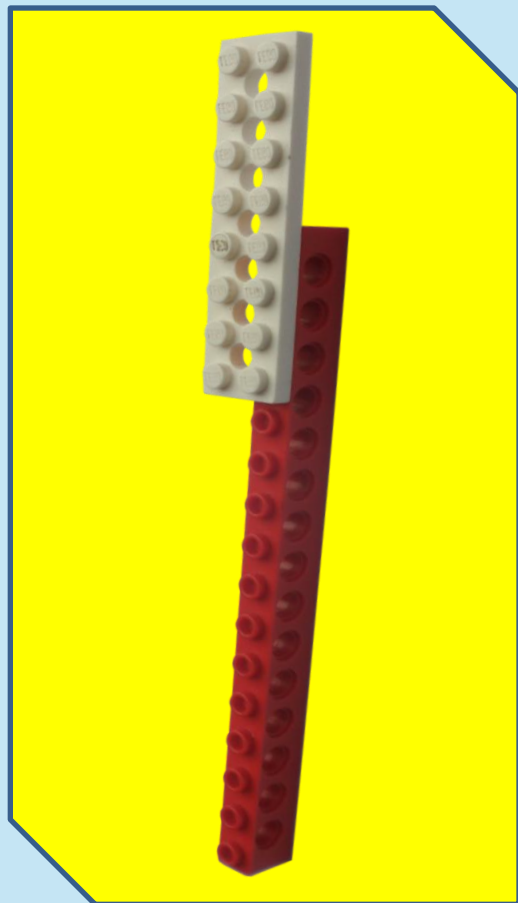
3



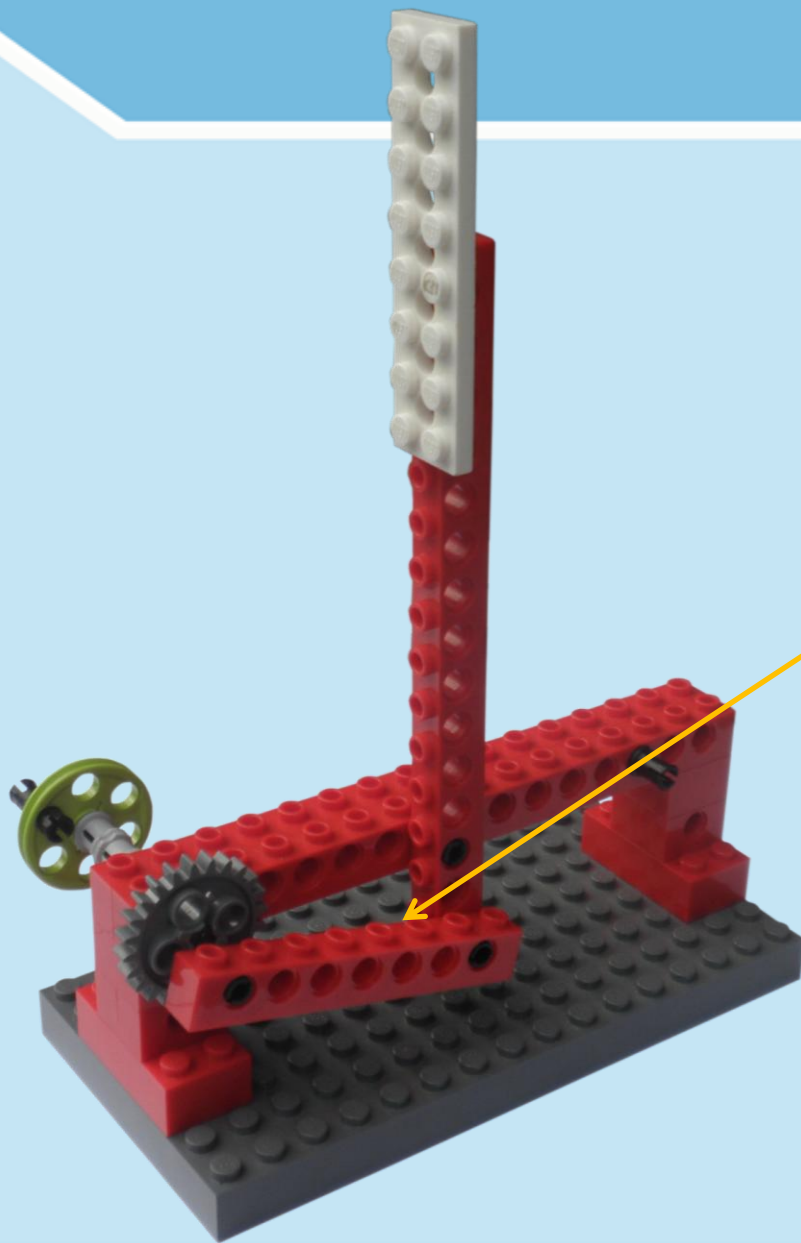
4



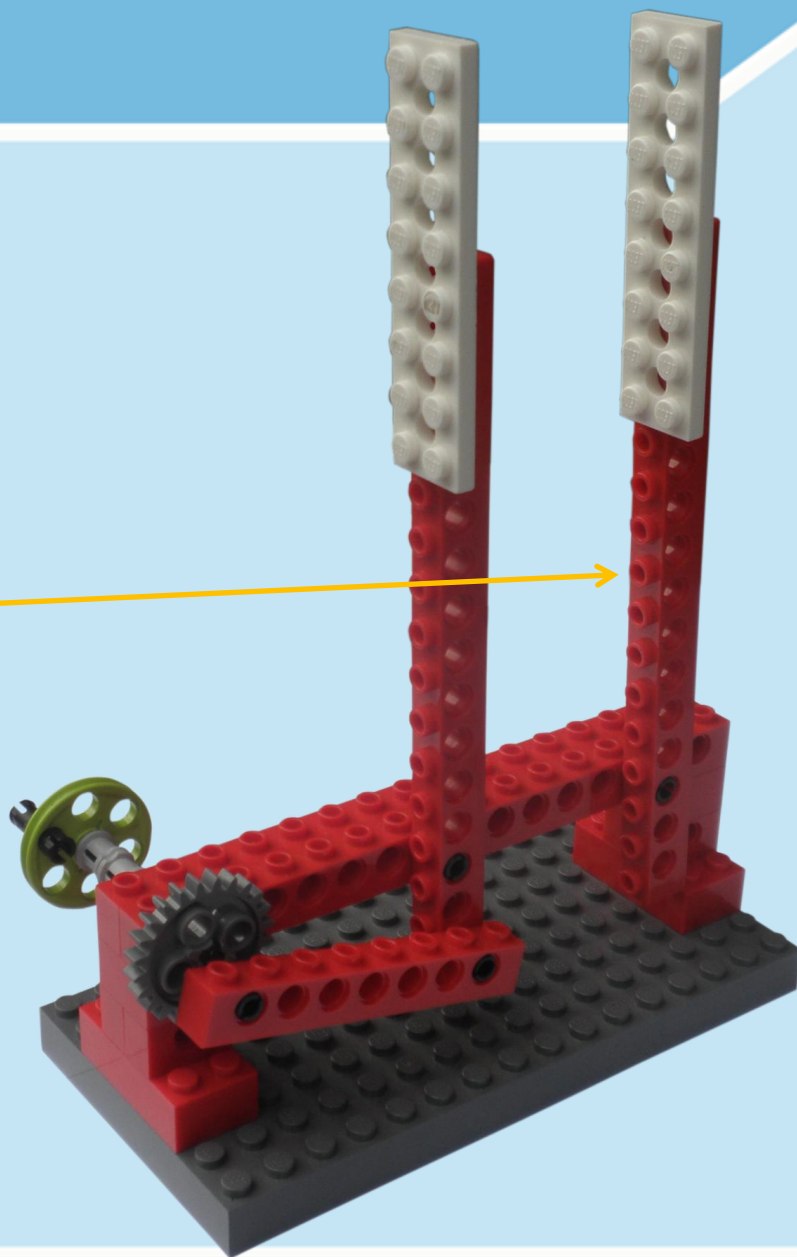
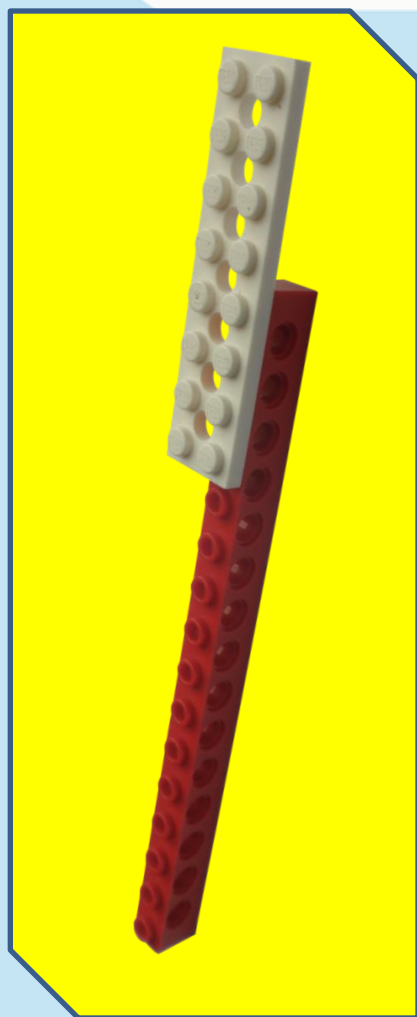
5



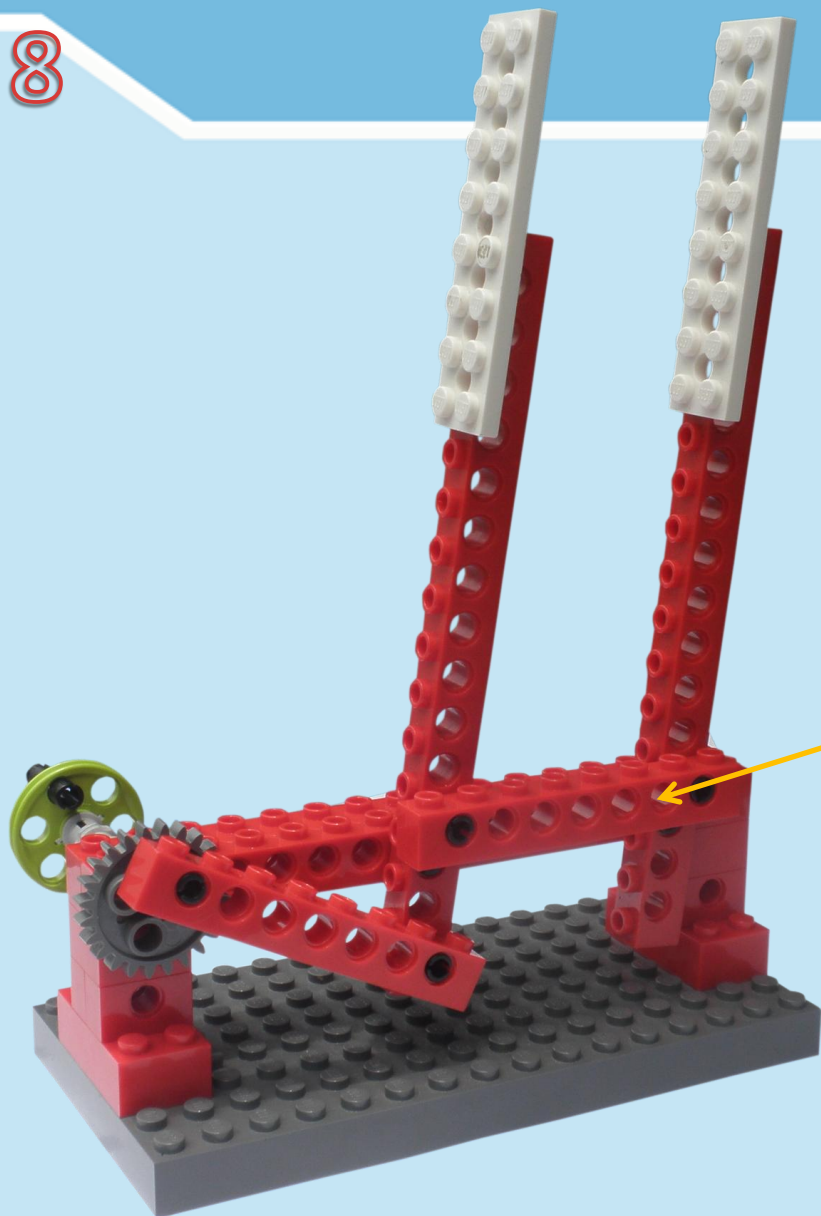
6



7



8



POLEAS

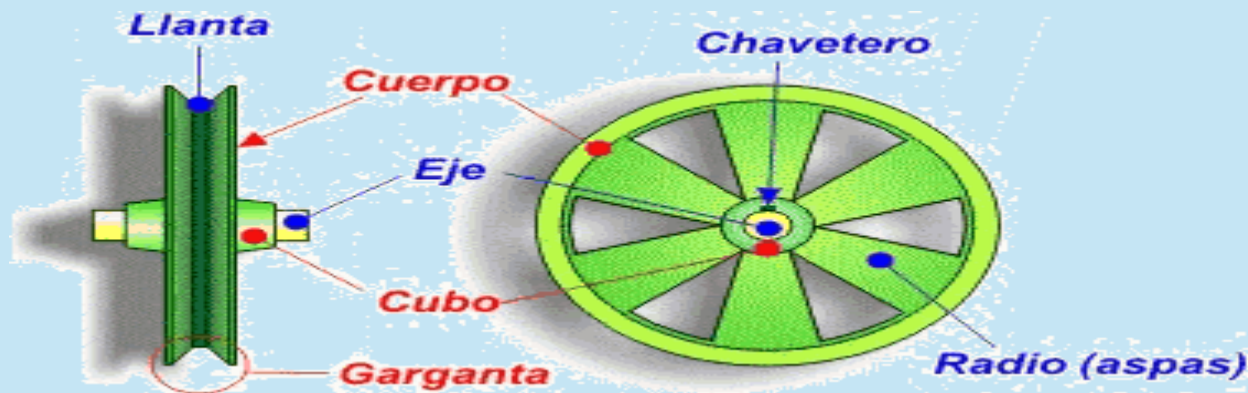


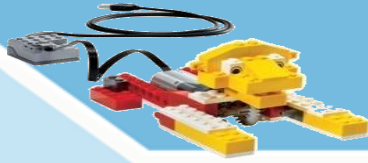
education



POLEAS

Las poleas son ruedas que tienen el perímetro exterior diseñado especialmente para facilitar el contacto con cuerdas o correas. En toda polea se distinguen tres partes: cuerpo, cubo y garganta.





POLEAS



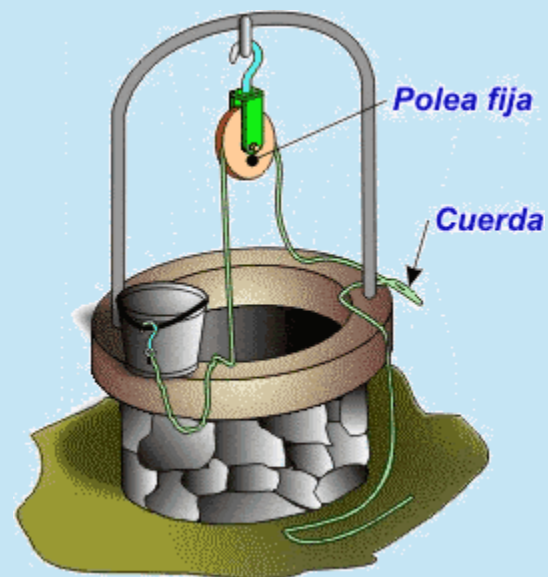
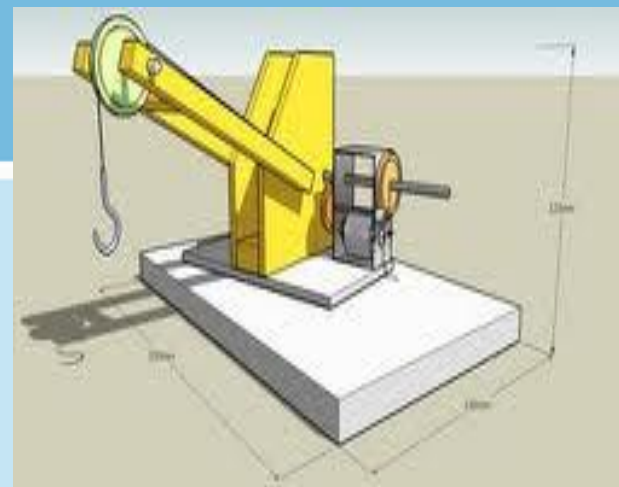
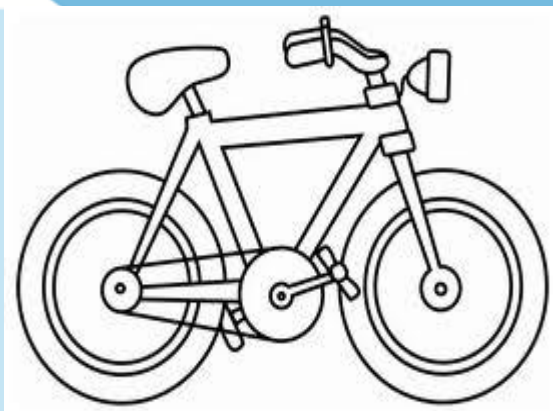
Como se conoce, las poleas son usadas en múltiples mecanismos utilizados en diversos que haceres productivos y muchos otros. Aquí se muestran algunos ejemplos:

Grúa

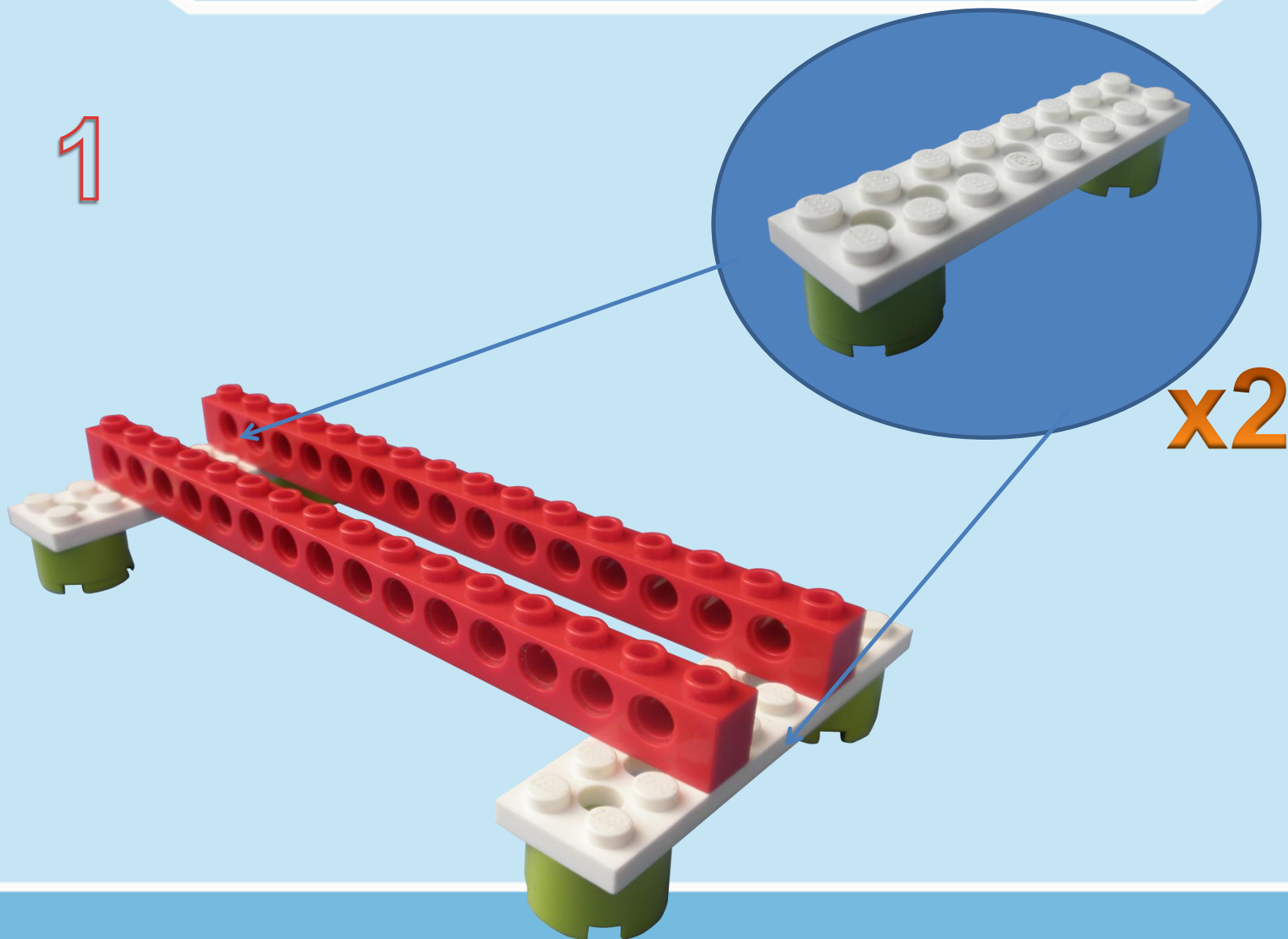
Bicicleta

Ascensor

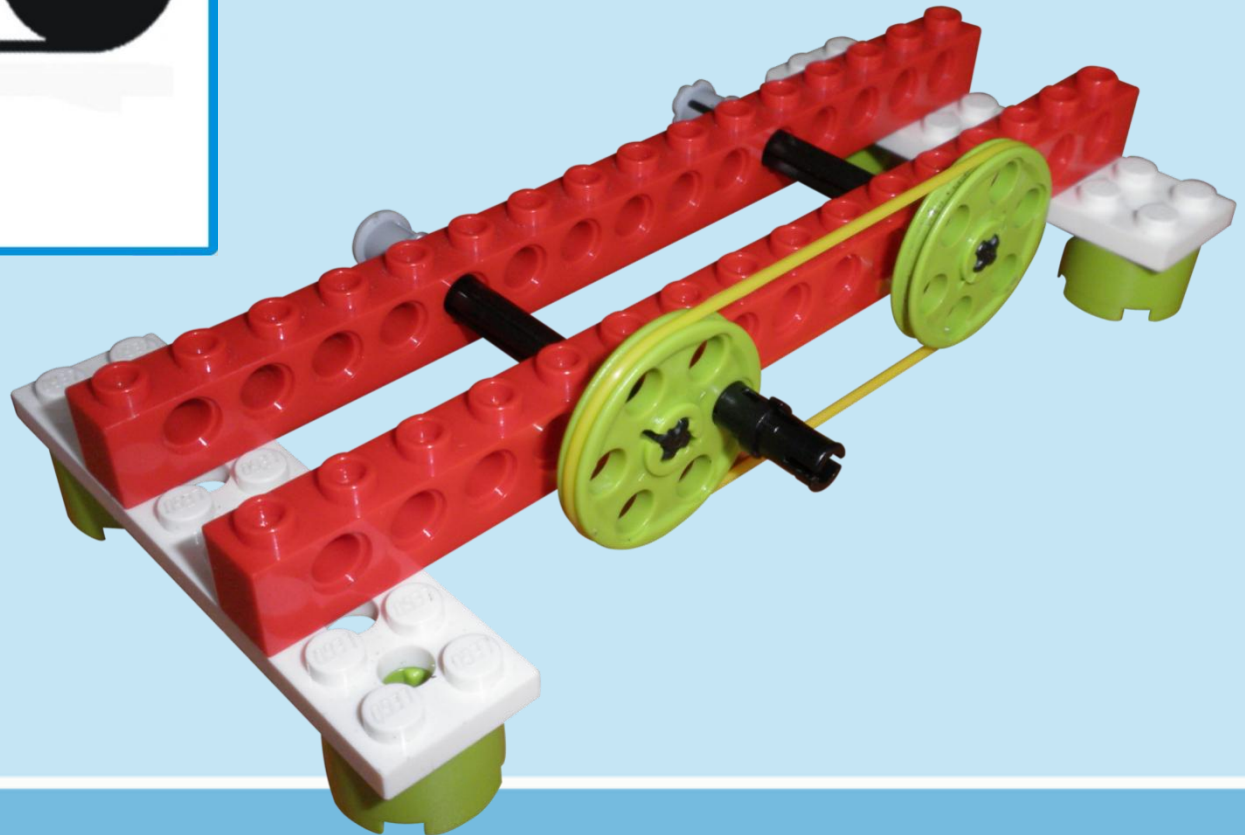
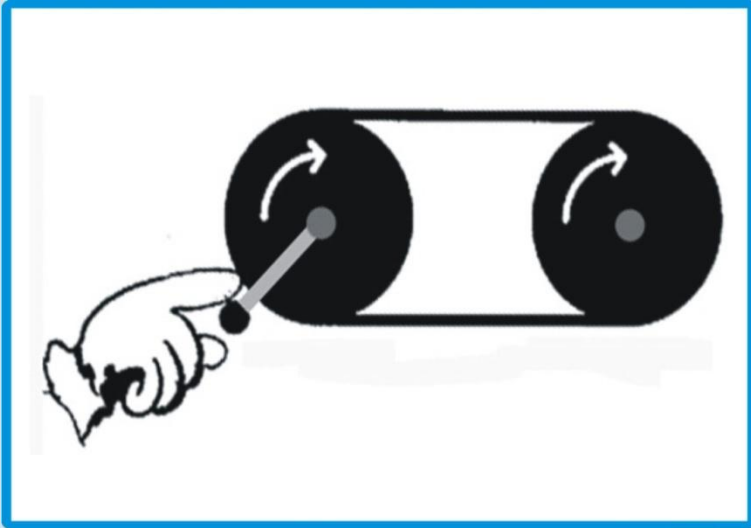
Pozo de agua



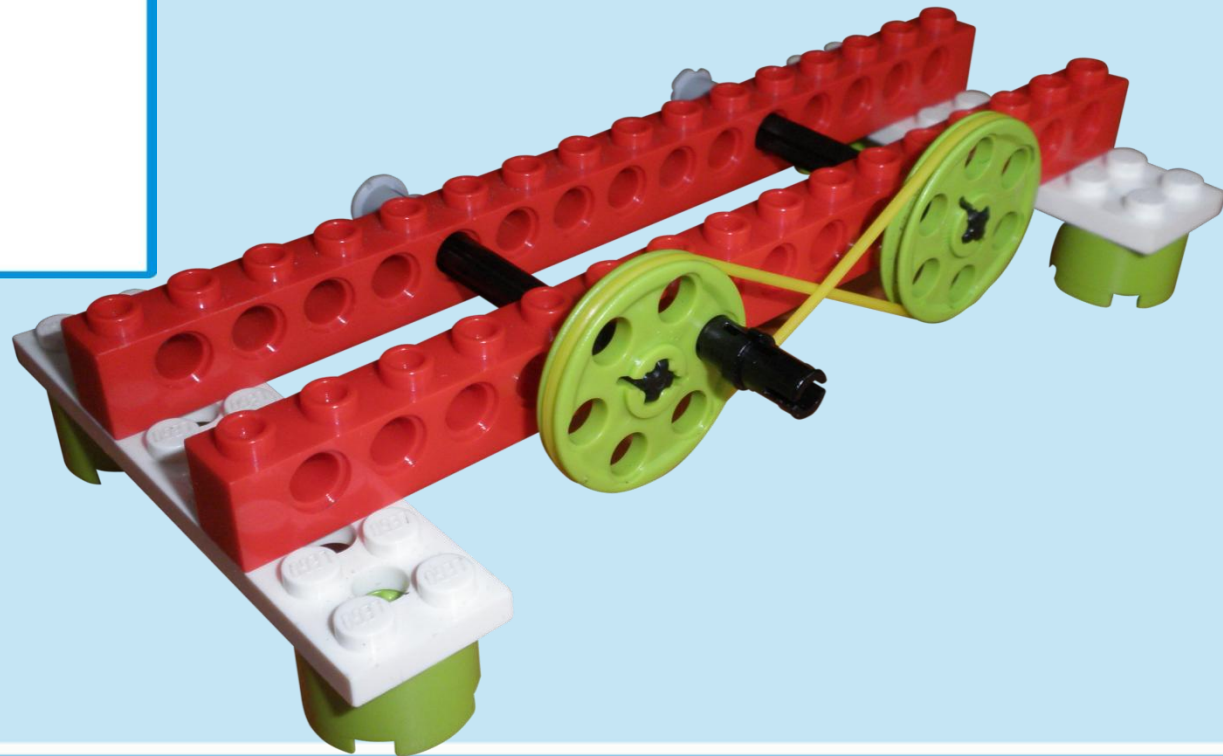
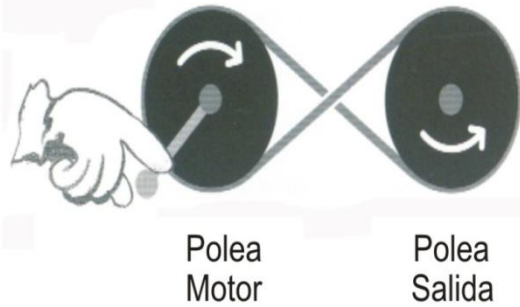
1



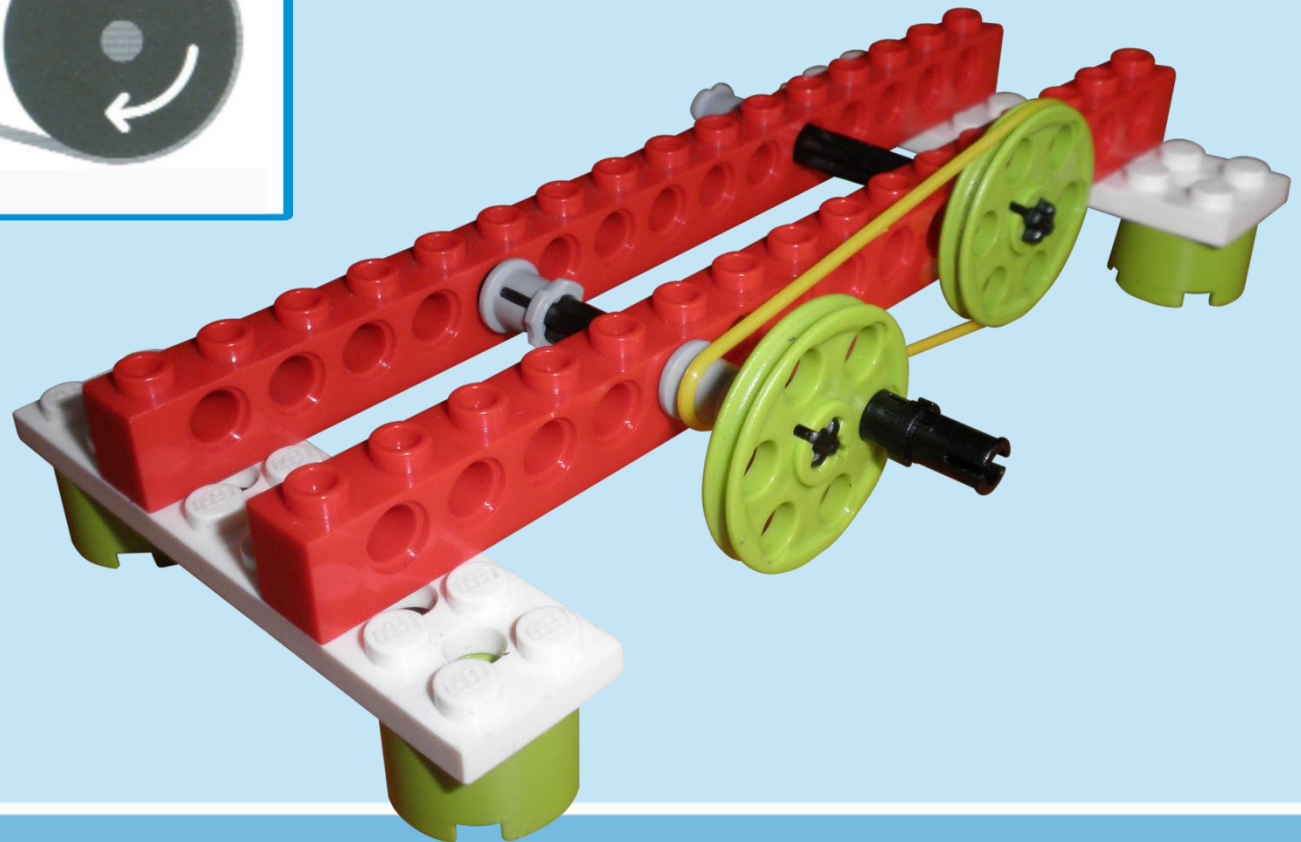
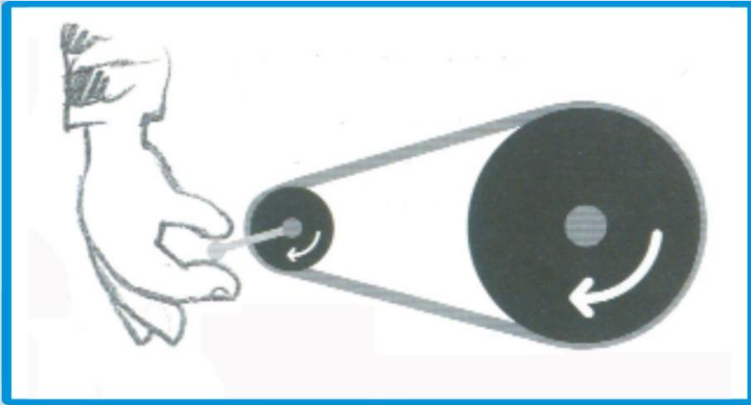
● Principio I: Dirección de rotación



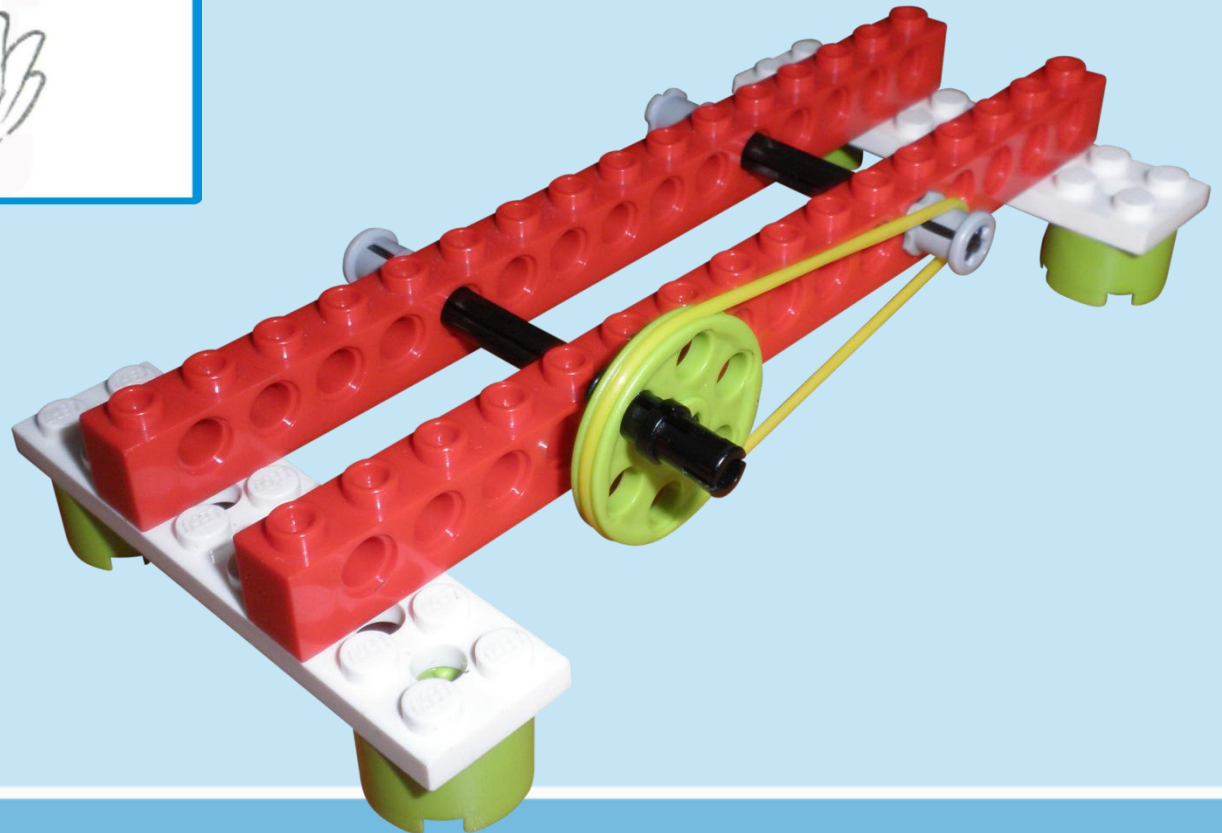
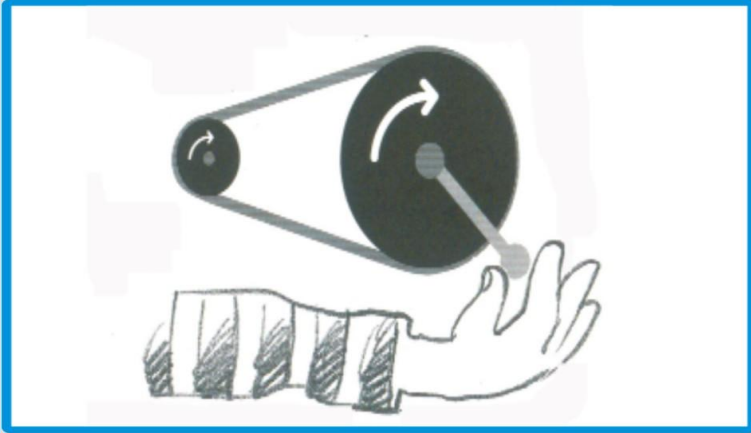
Principio II: Cambiando la dirección de la rotación



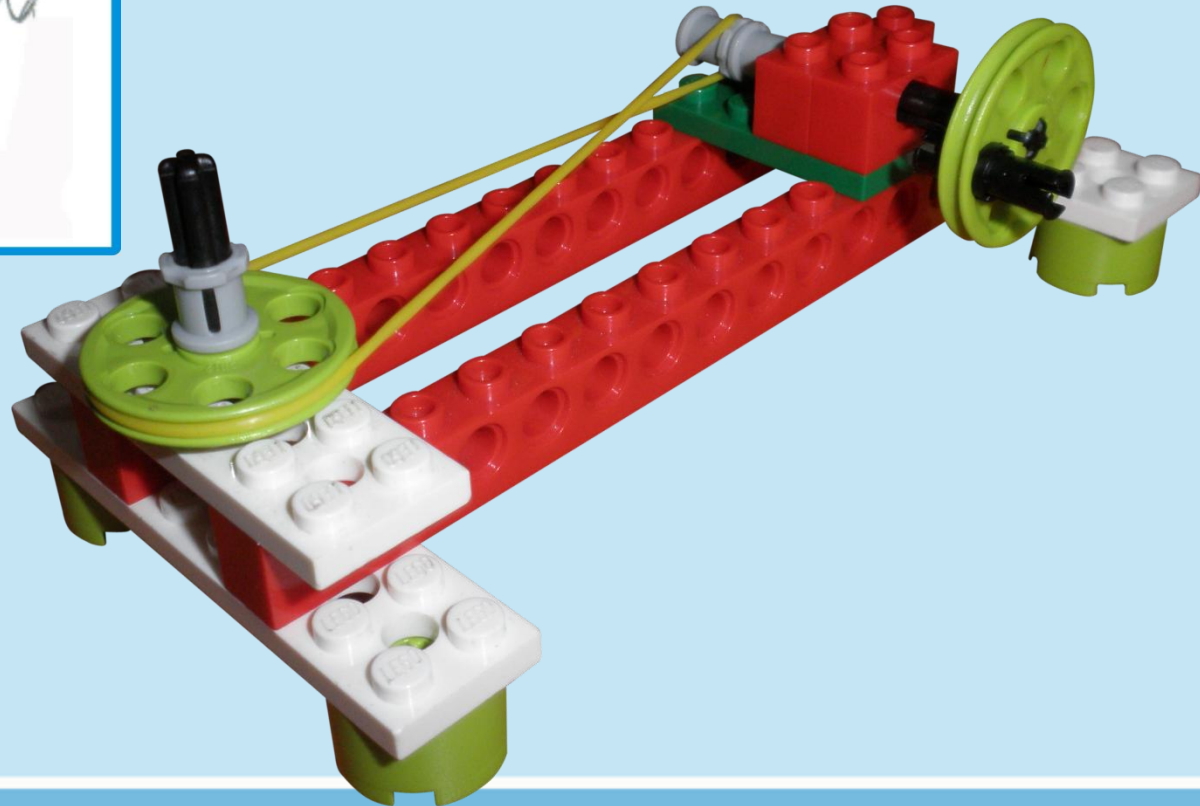
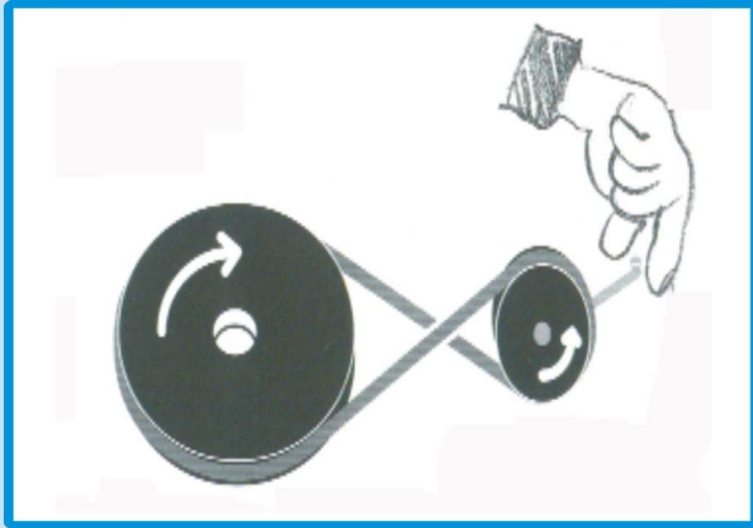
● Principio III: Reduciendo Velocidad



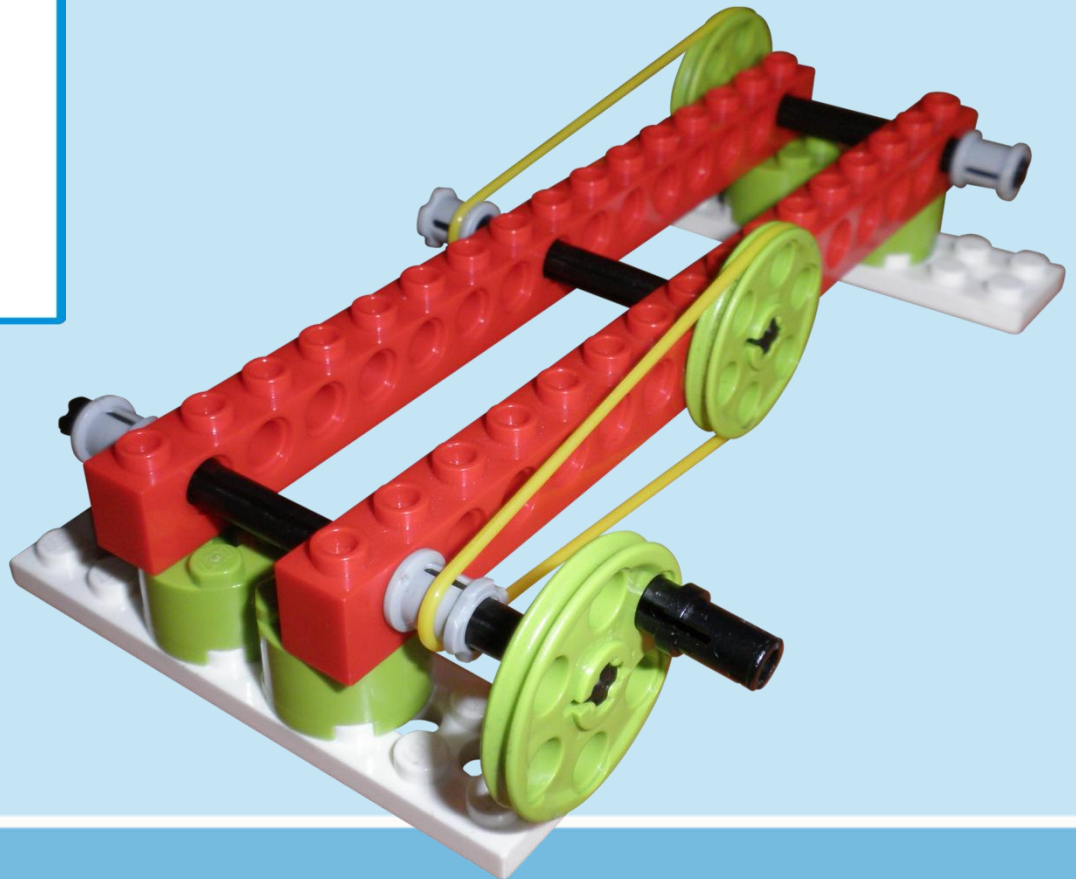
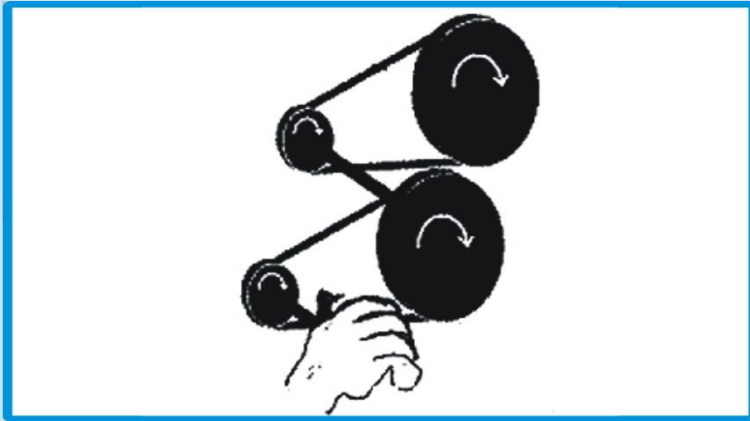
● Principio IV: Aumento de velocidad



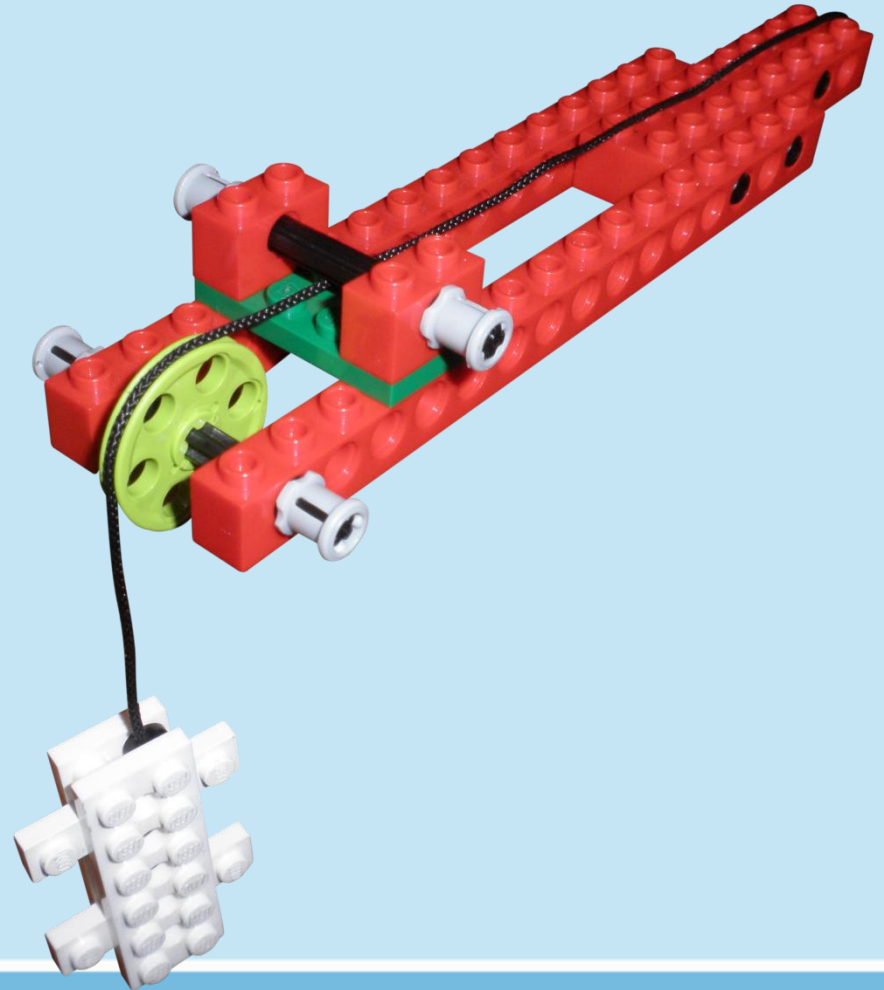
● Principio V: En ángulo



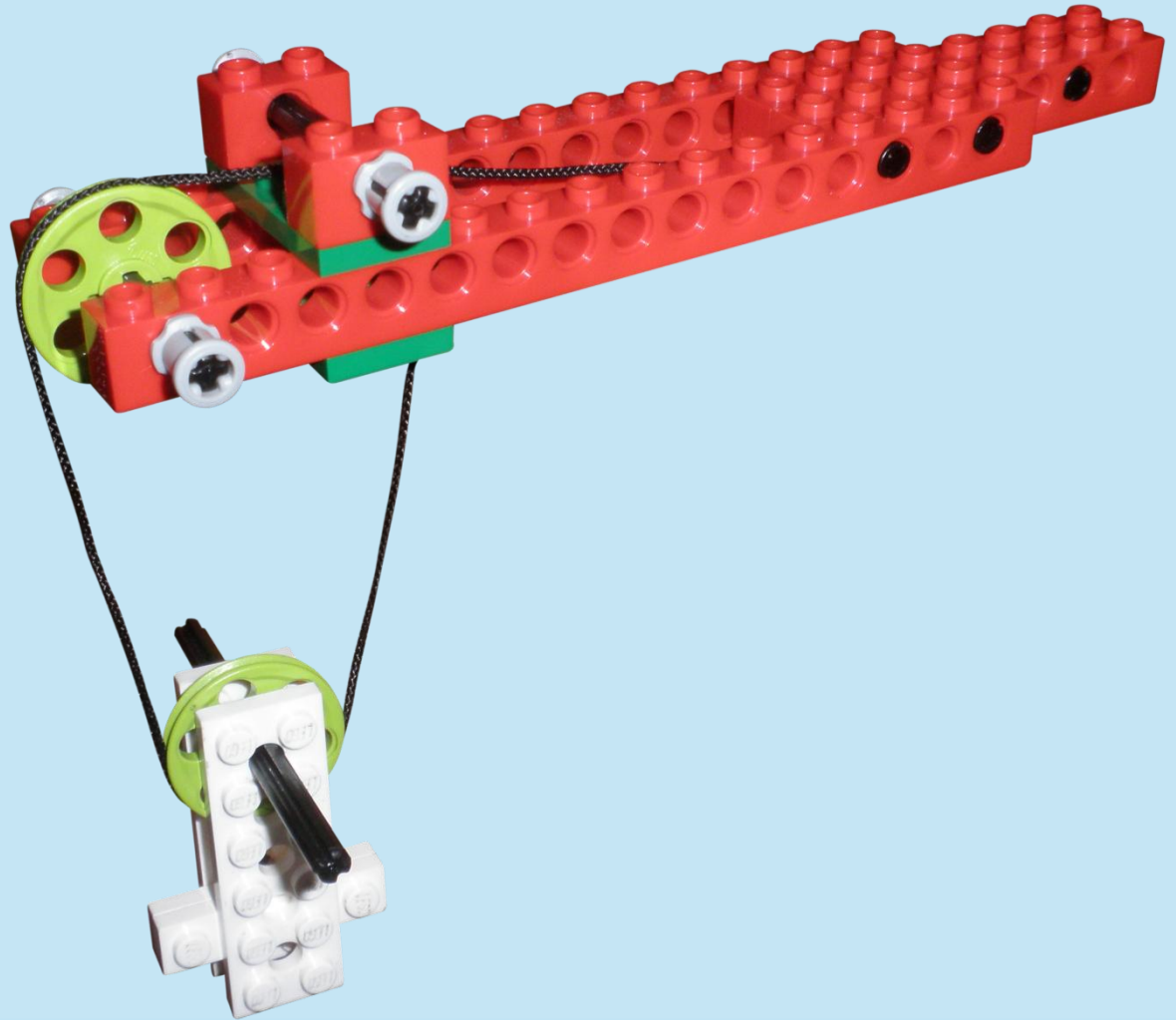
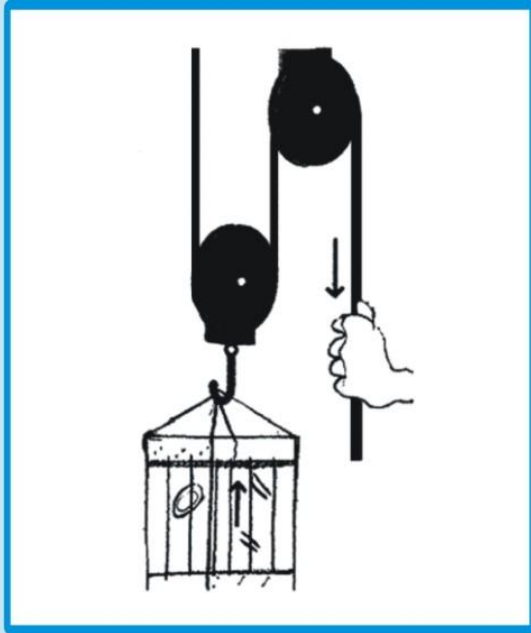
● Principio VI: Transmisiones por correa compuestas



● Principio VII: Poleas fijas



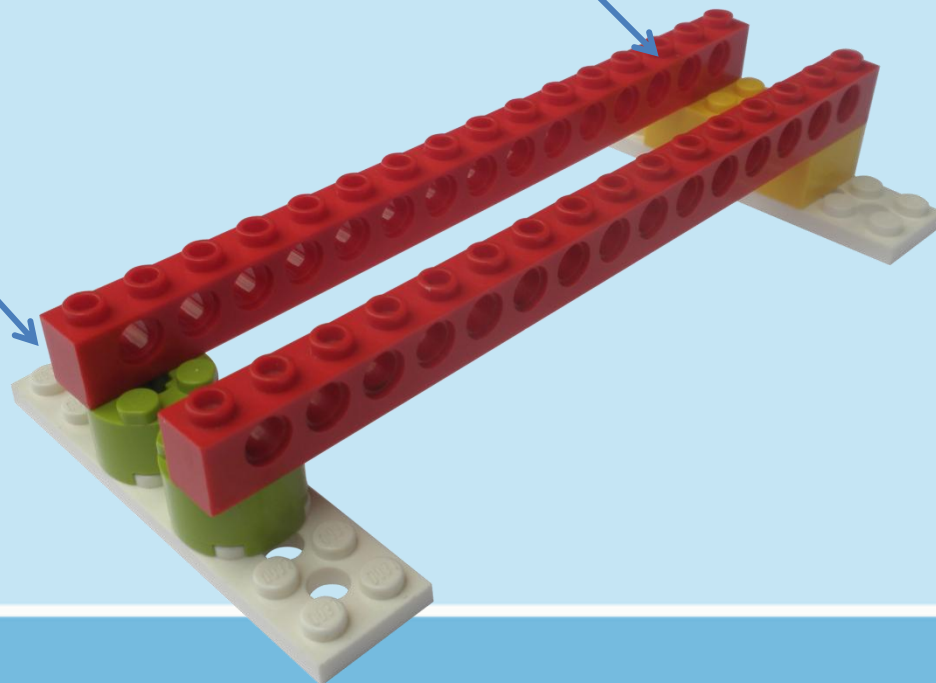
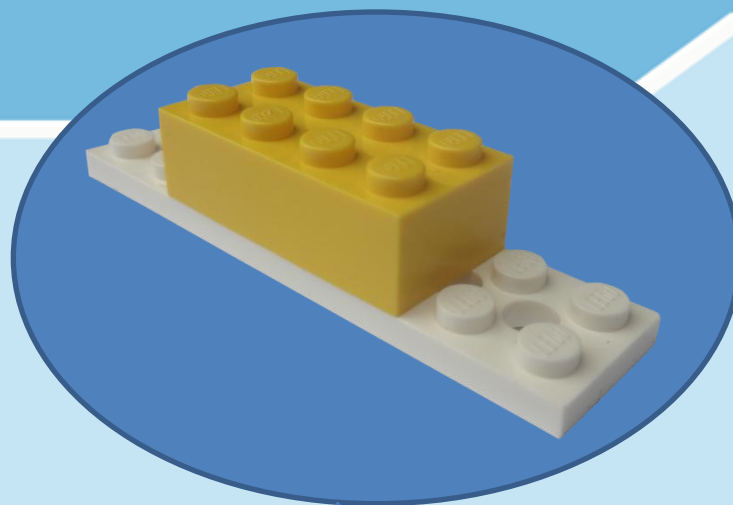
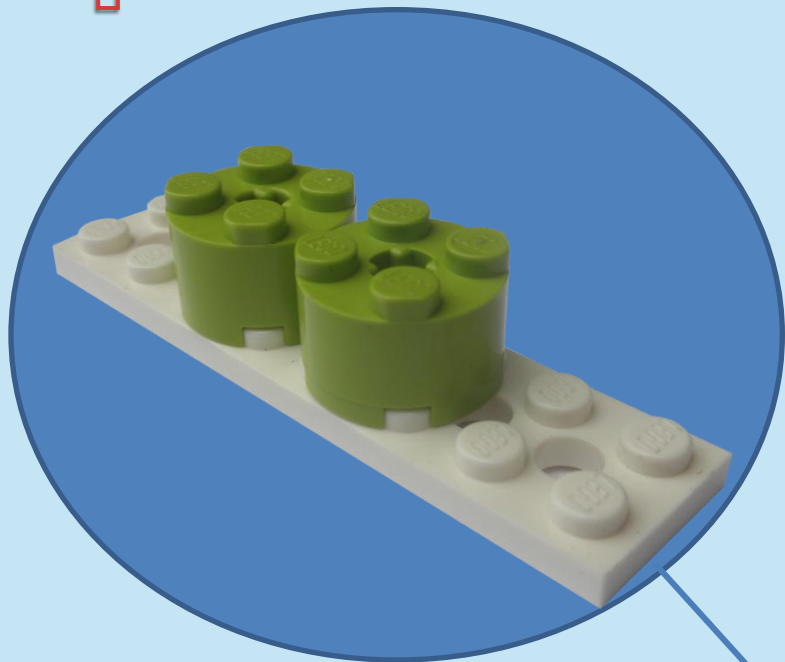
● Principio VIII: Poleas Móviles



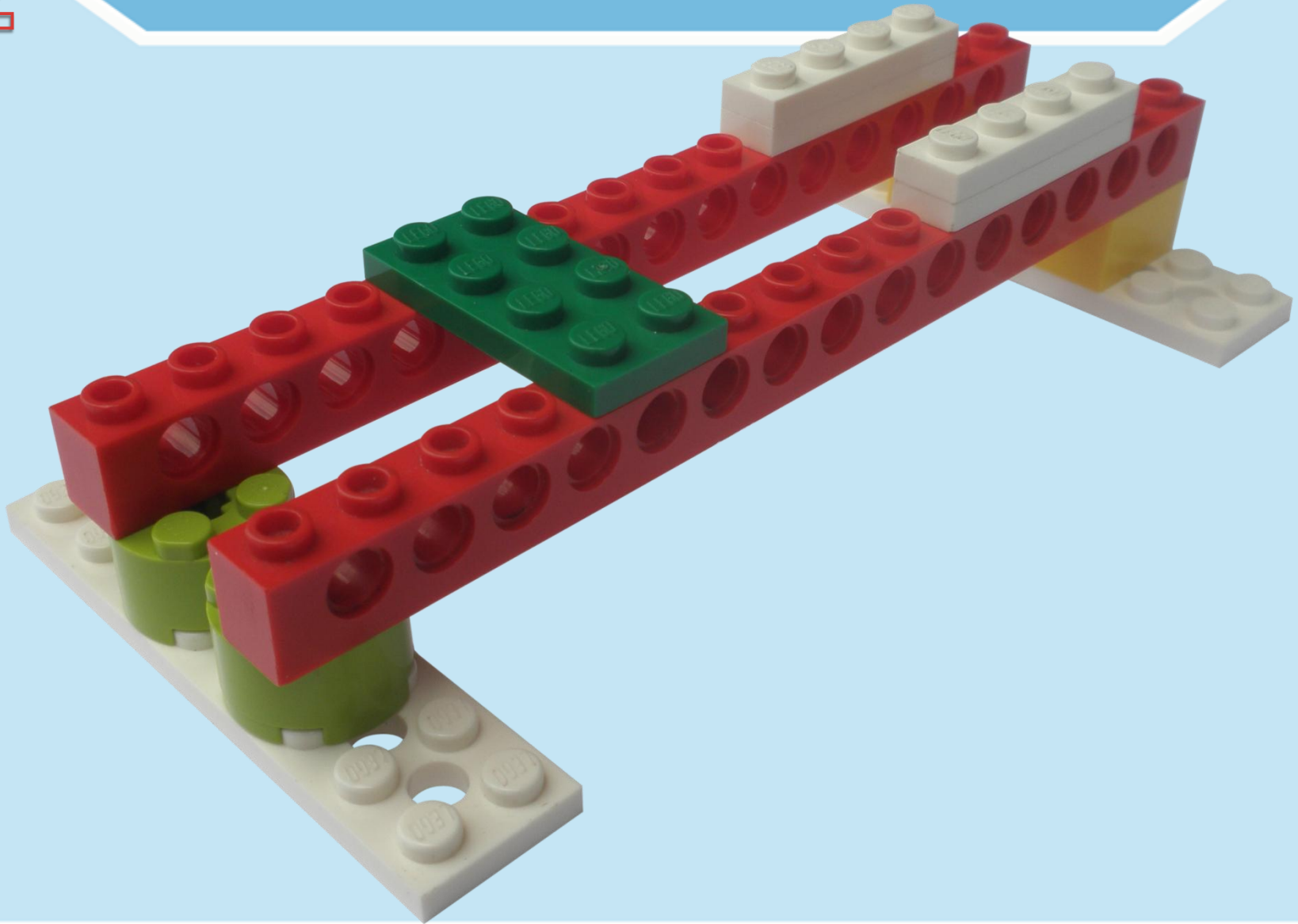
GRÚA LEGO



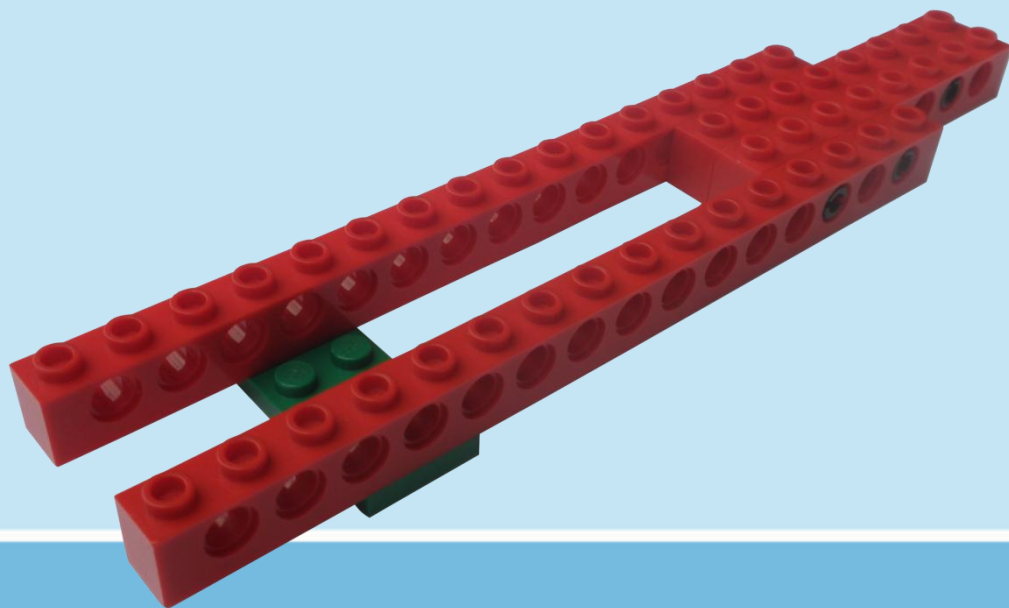
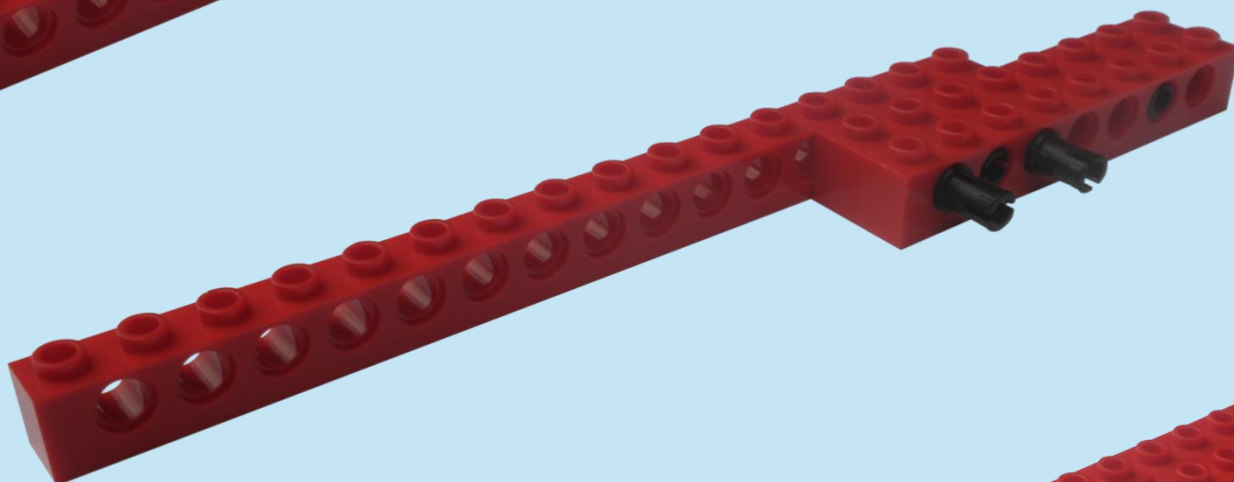
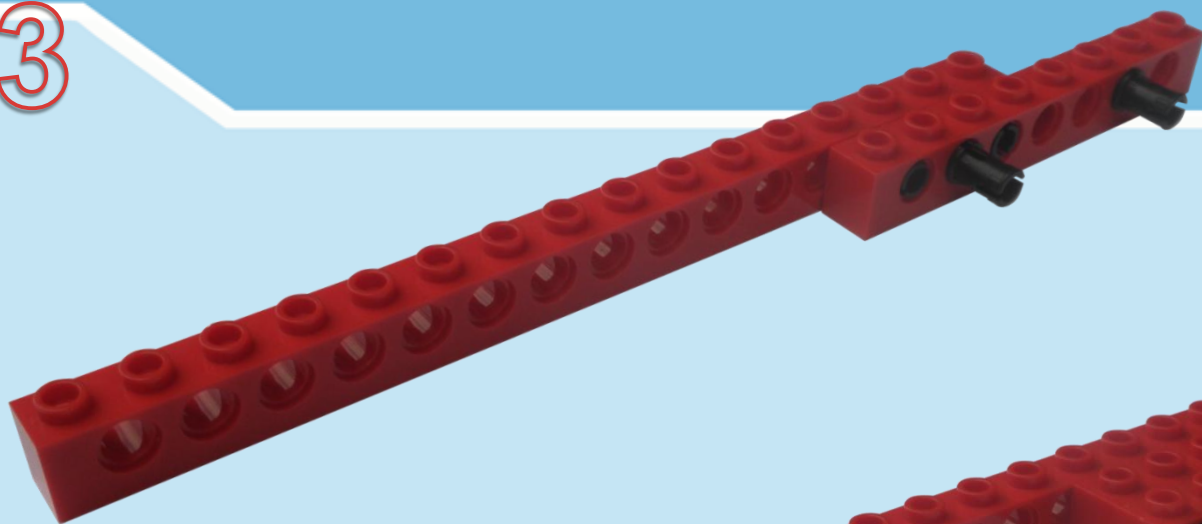
1



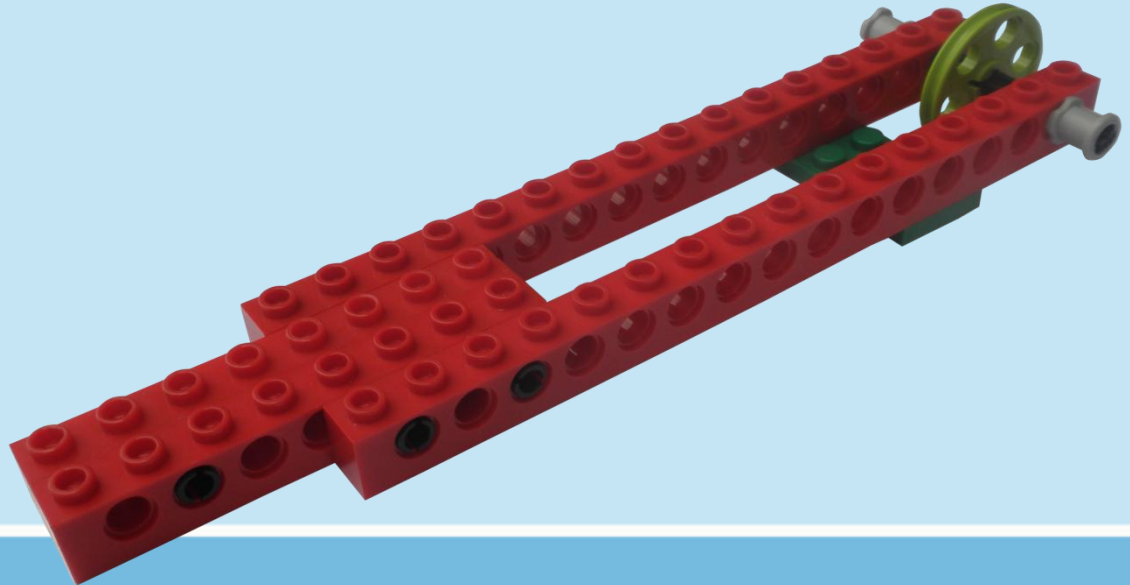
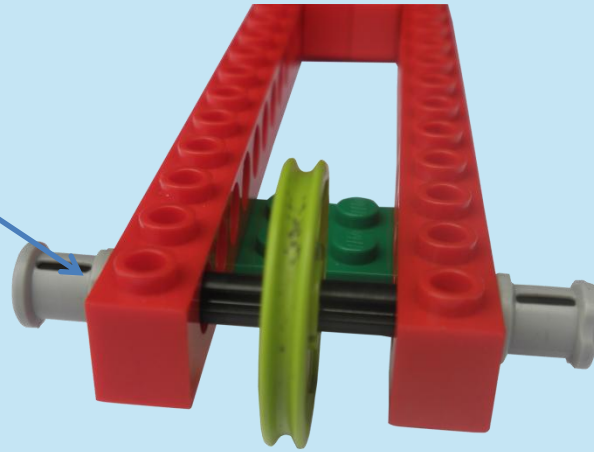
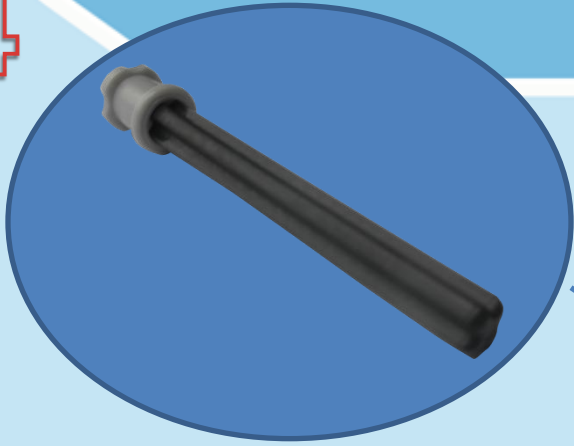
2



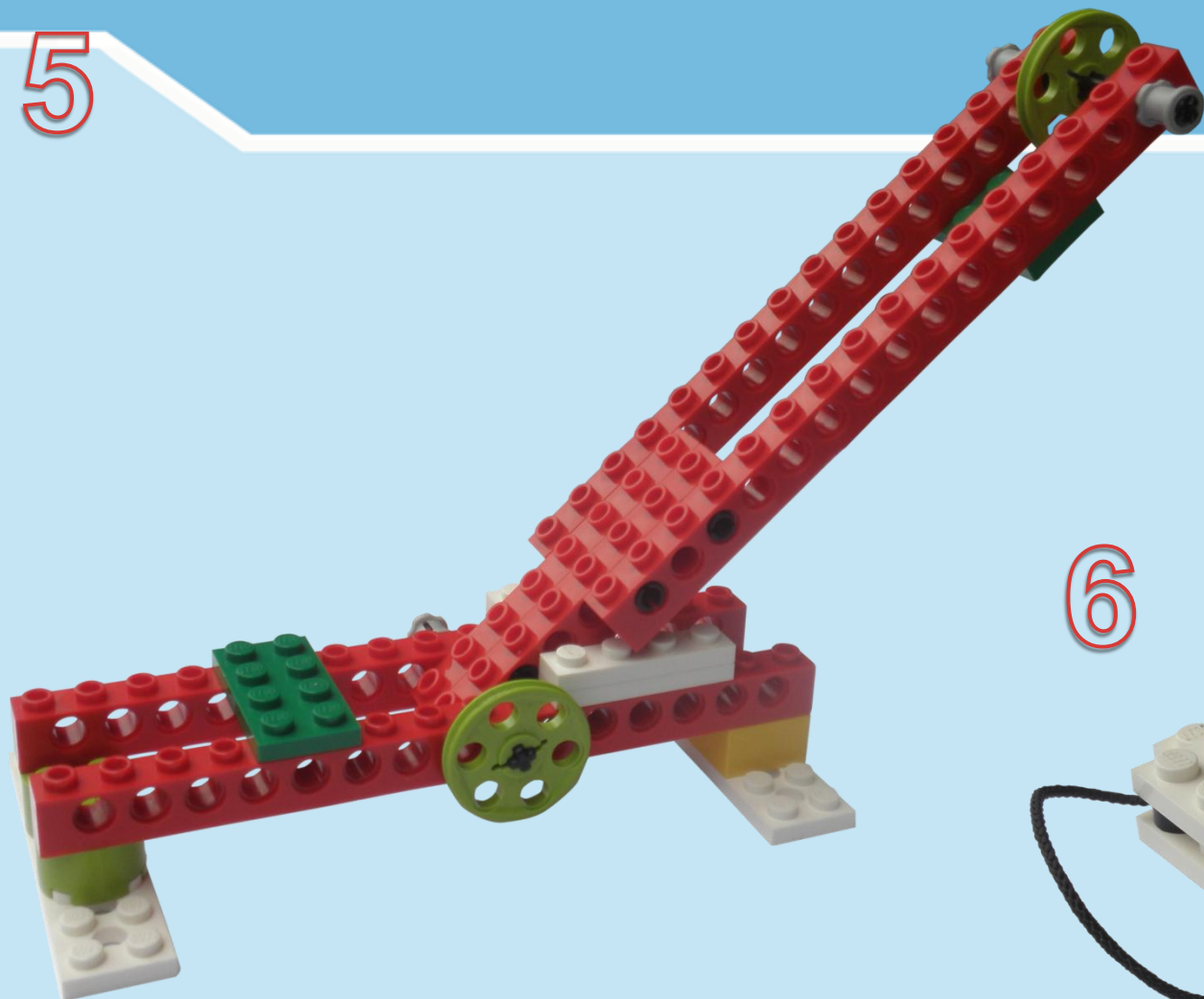
3



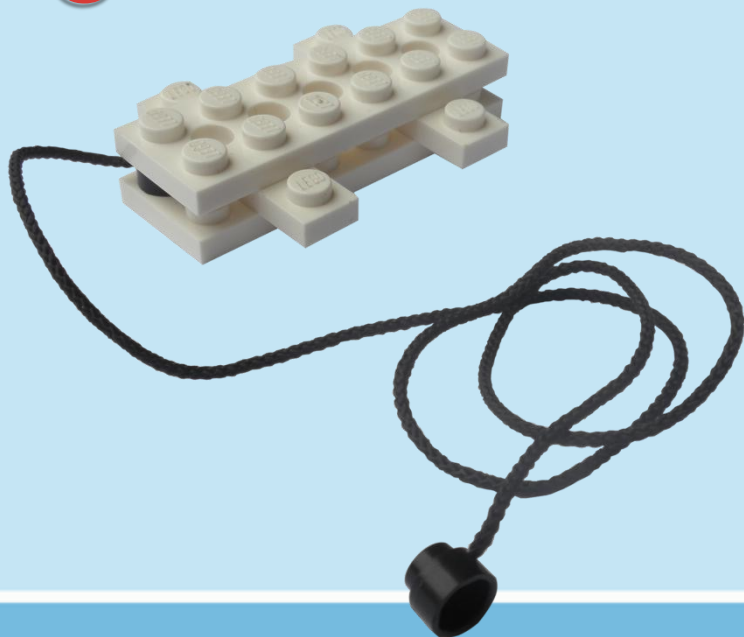
4



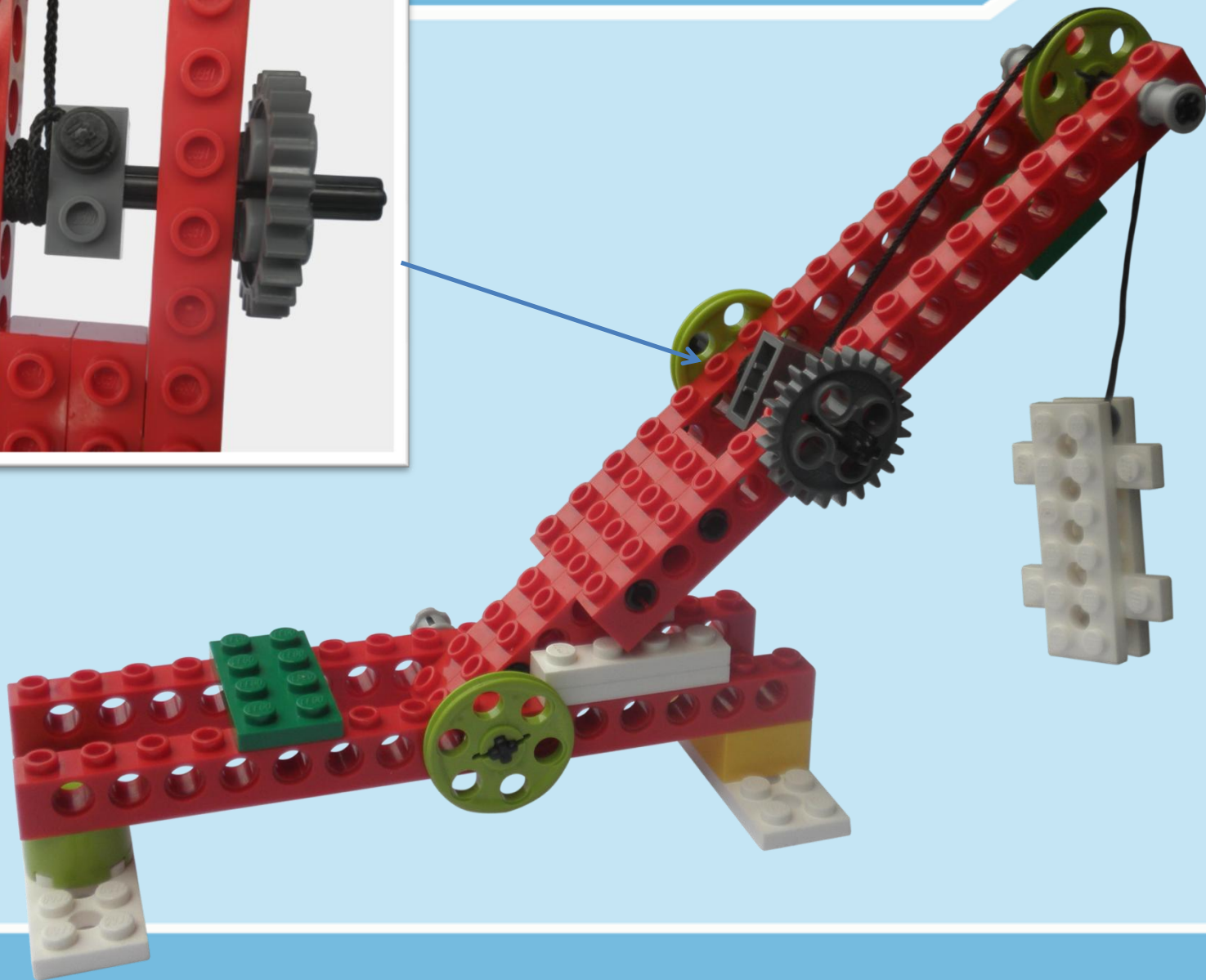
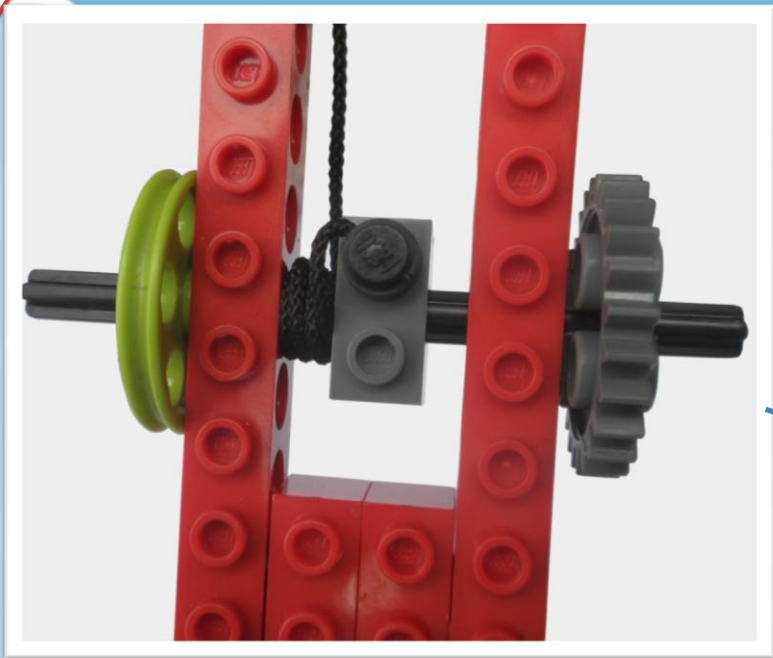
5



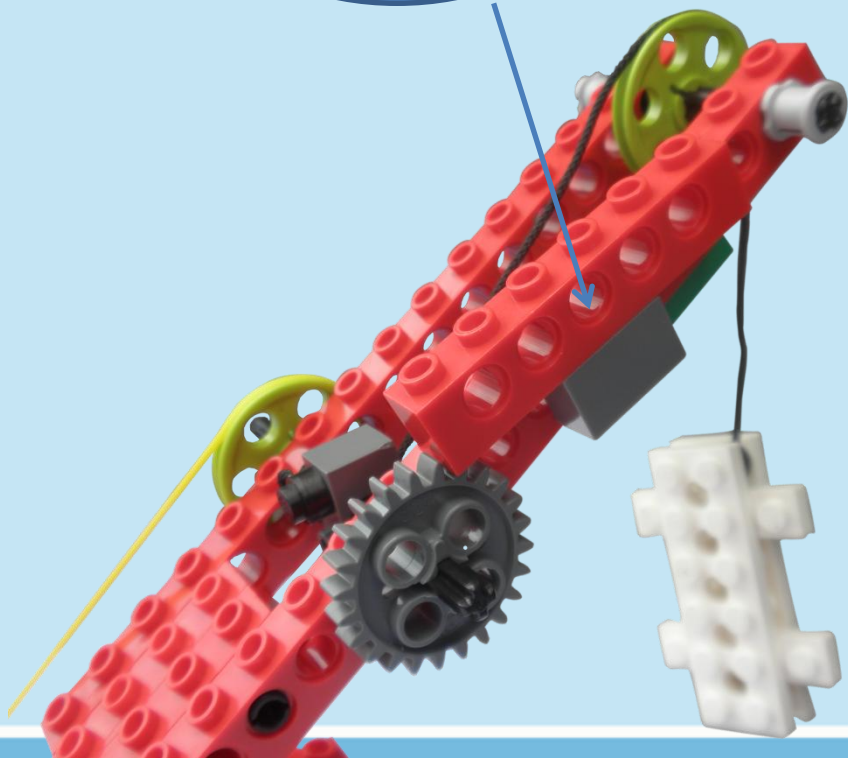
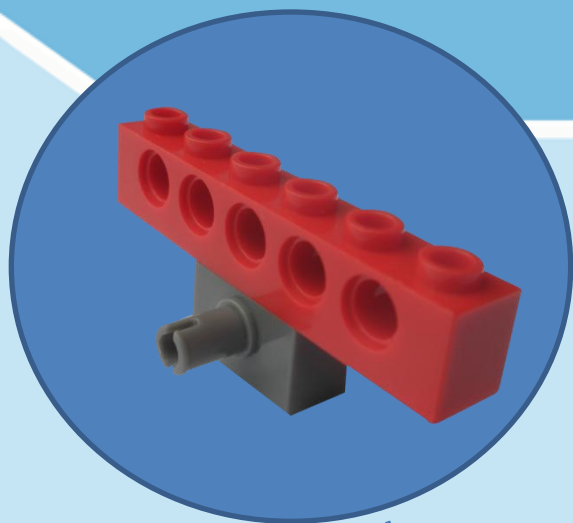
6



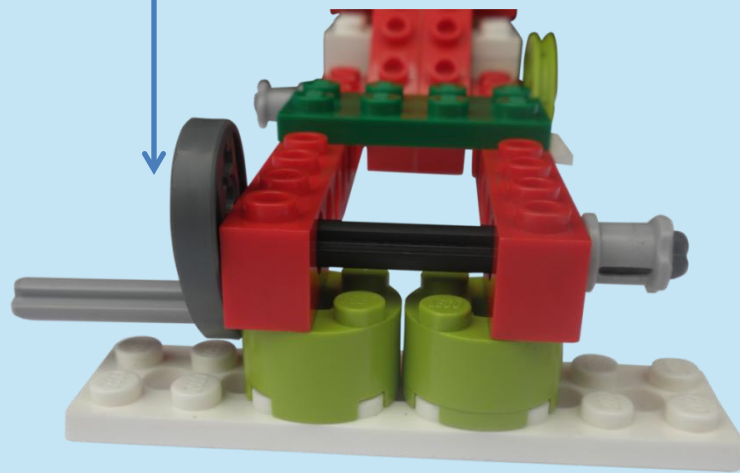
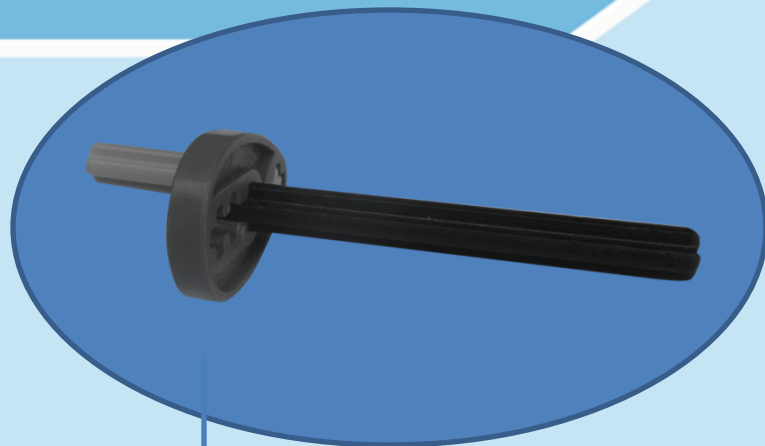
7



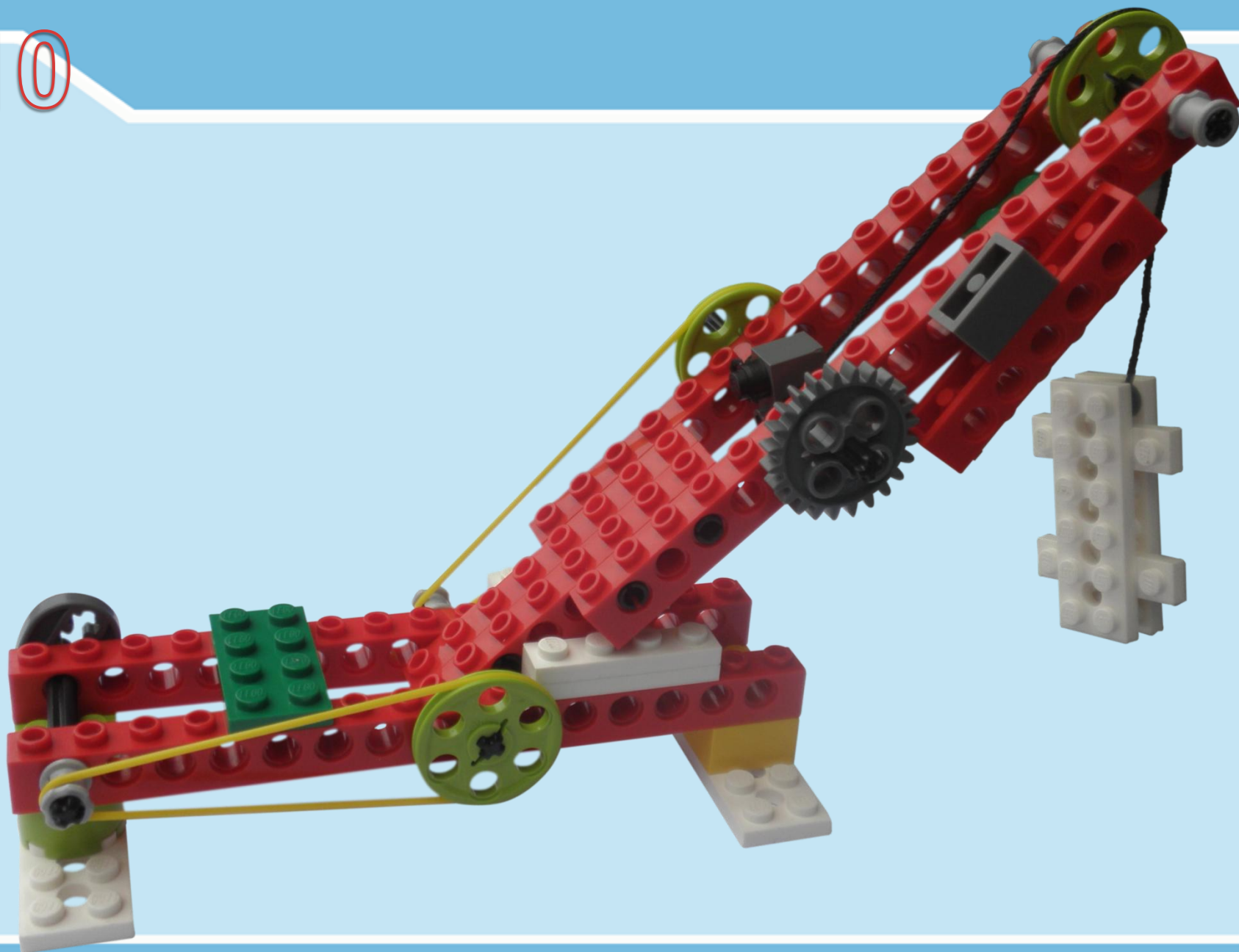
8



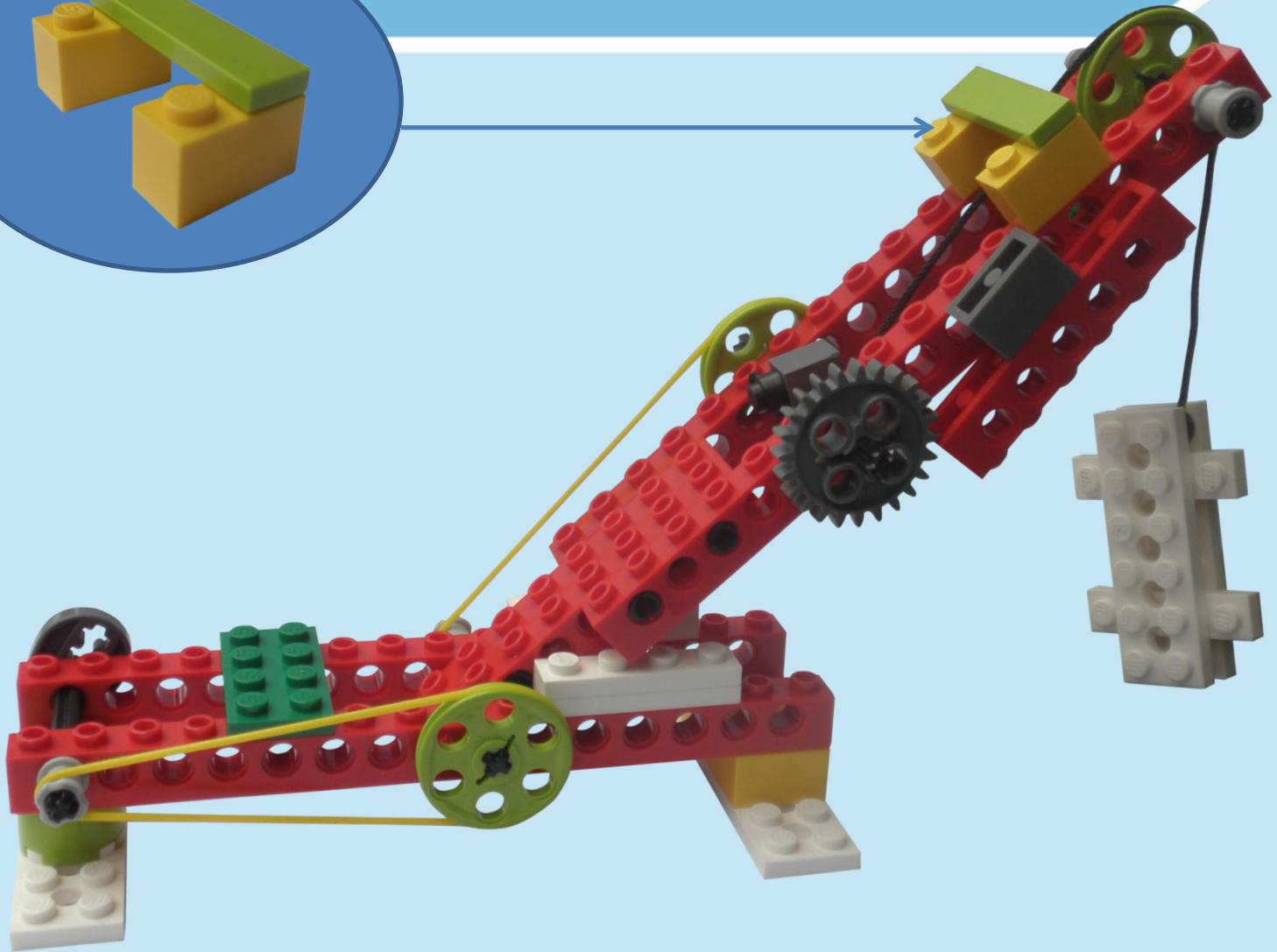
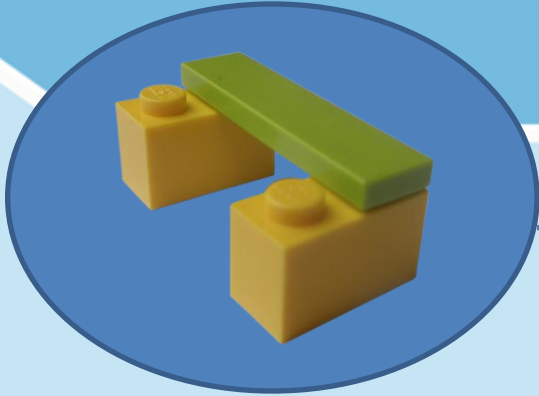
9



10



11

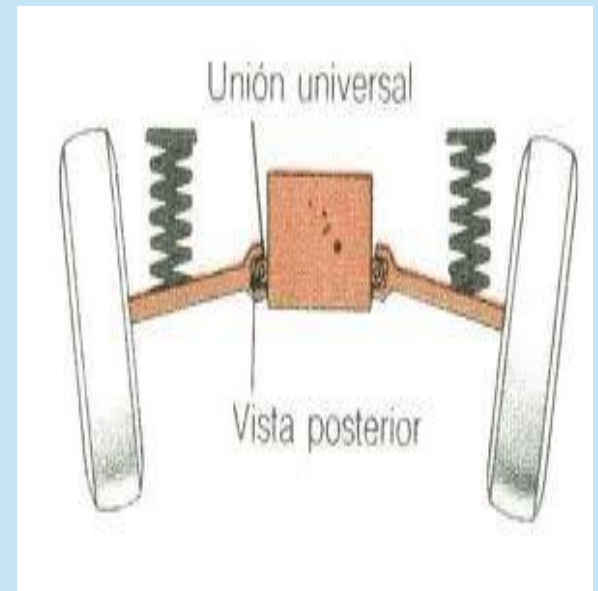


RUEDAS Y EJES



RUEDAS Y EJES

- Es un disco circular con radios que ha sido diseñado para girar alrededor de un pequeño eje, que pasa por su centro.

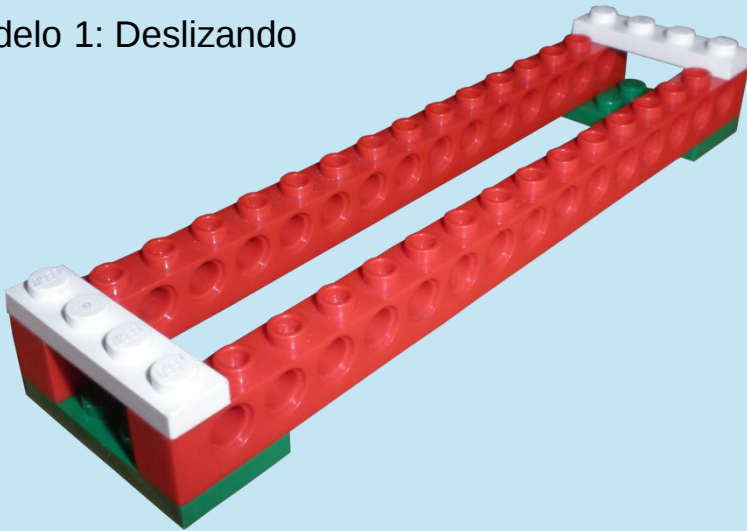


Modelos de principios de ruedas y ejes

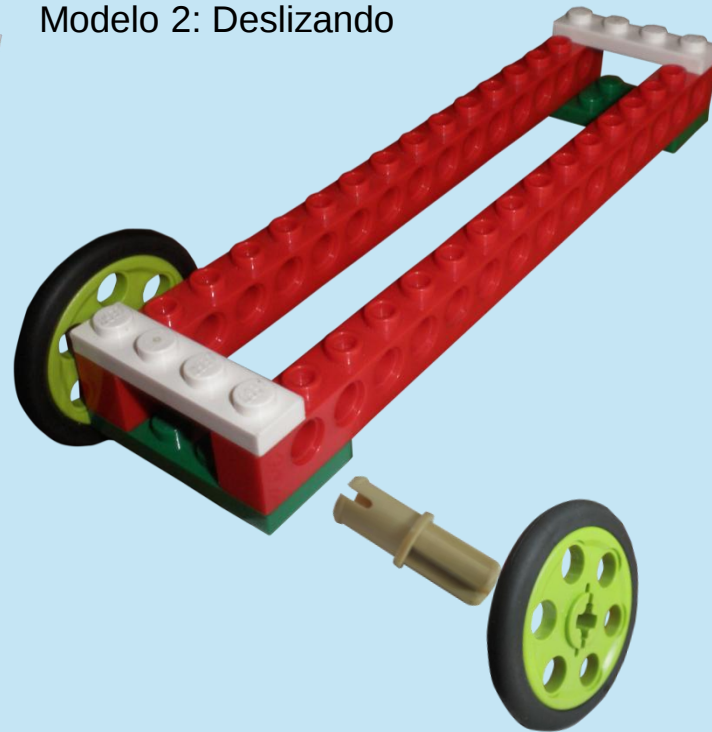
PRINCIPIO I

Se necesita menos fuerza para empujar un objeto sobre ruedas que para deslizar un objeto sin ellas

Modelo 1: Deslizando



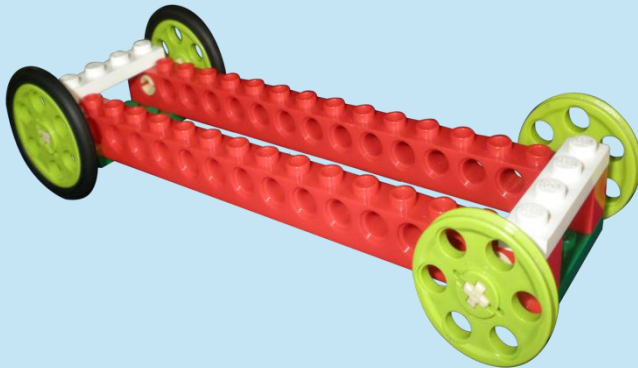
Modelo 2: Deslizando



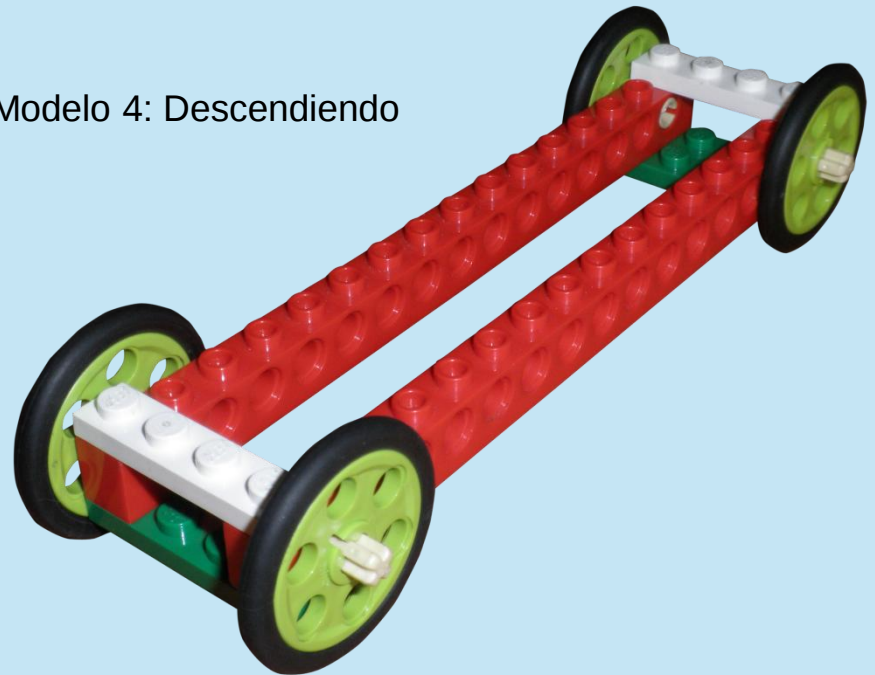
PRINCIPIO II

Las ruedas que están unidas por un eje basta deslizar una para que la otra también se mueva pero las ruedas que tienen distintos ejes, se mueven independientemente

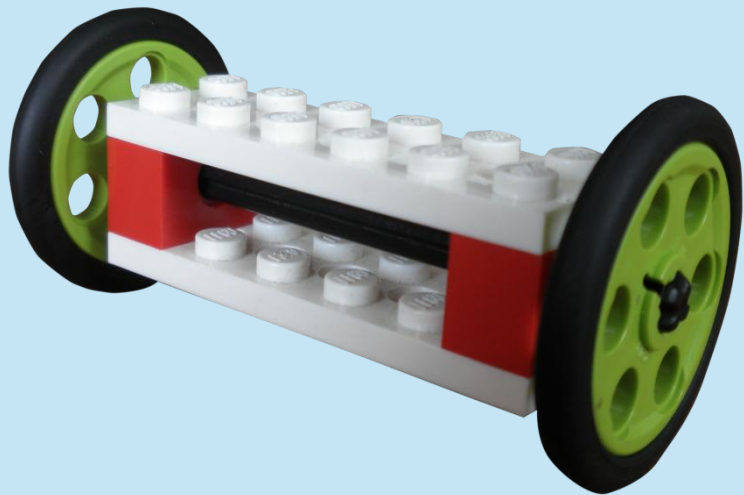
Modelo 3: Descendiendo



Modelo 4: Descendiendo



Modelo 5: Monoeje



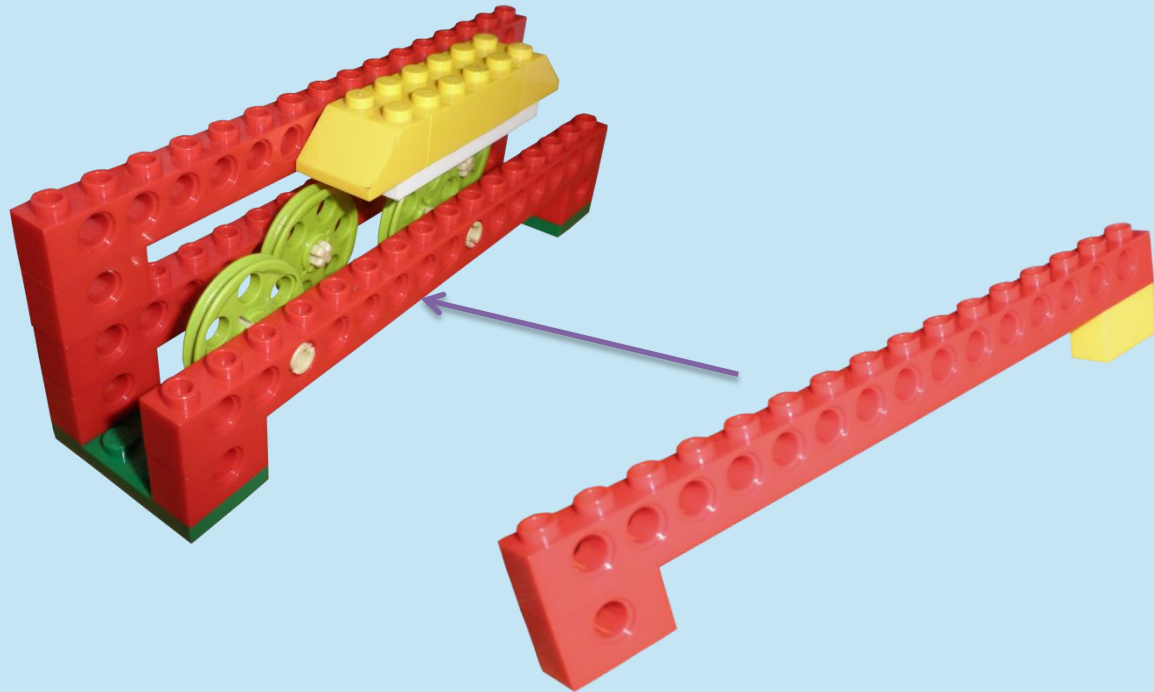
Modelo 6: Ejes separados



PRINCIPIO III

Las ruedas se pueden usar como rodillos para reducir la fricción (fuerza de rozamiento)

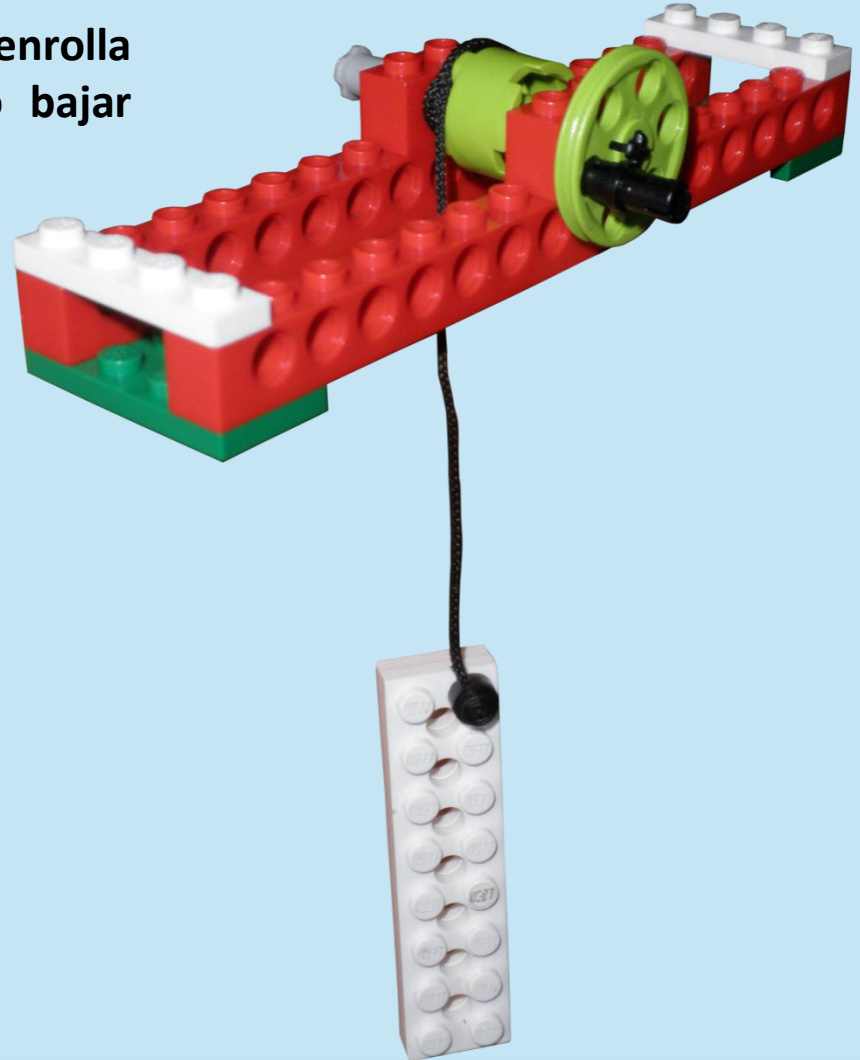
Modelo 7: Monoeje



PRINCIPIO IV

Una rueda hacer girar un eje que a su vez enrolla o desenrolla una cuerda para elevar o bajar cosas pesadas

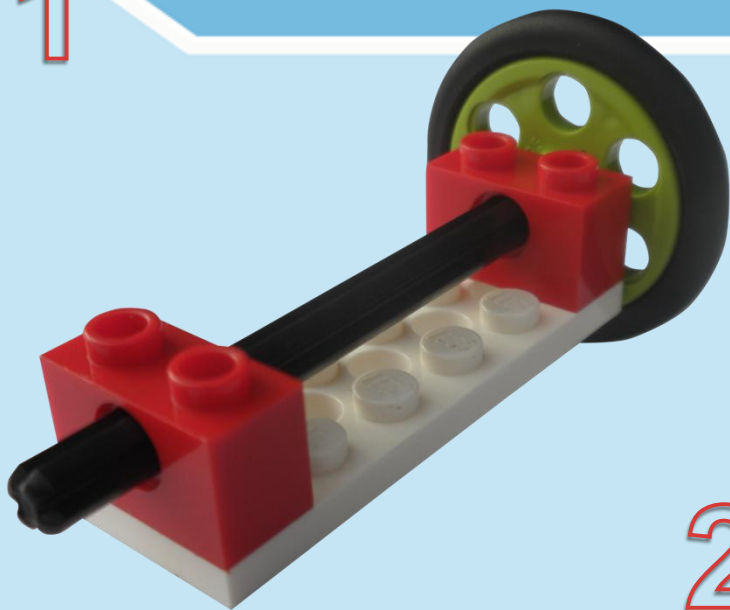
Modelo 8: Manija de torno de cuerda



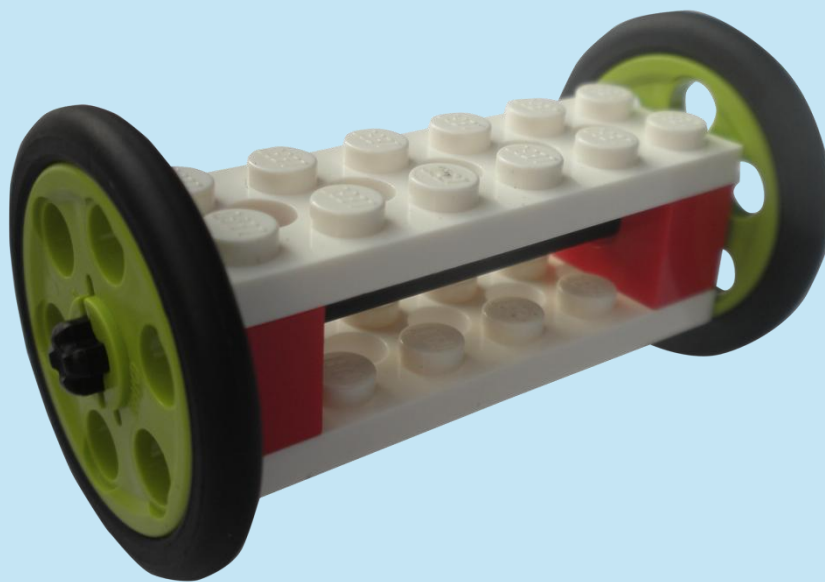
Auto Lego



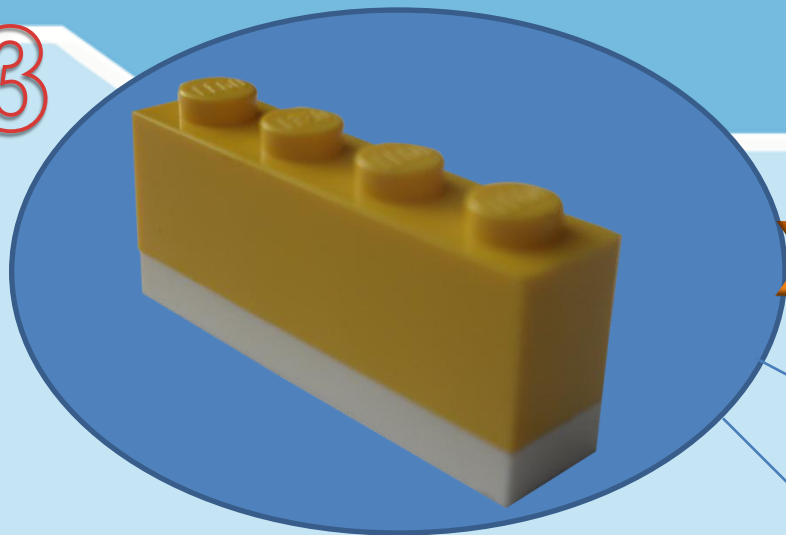
1



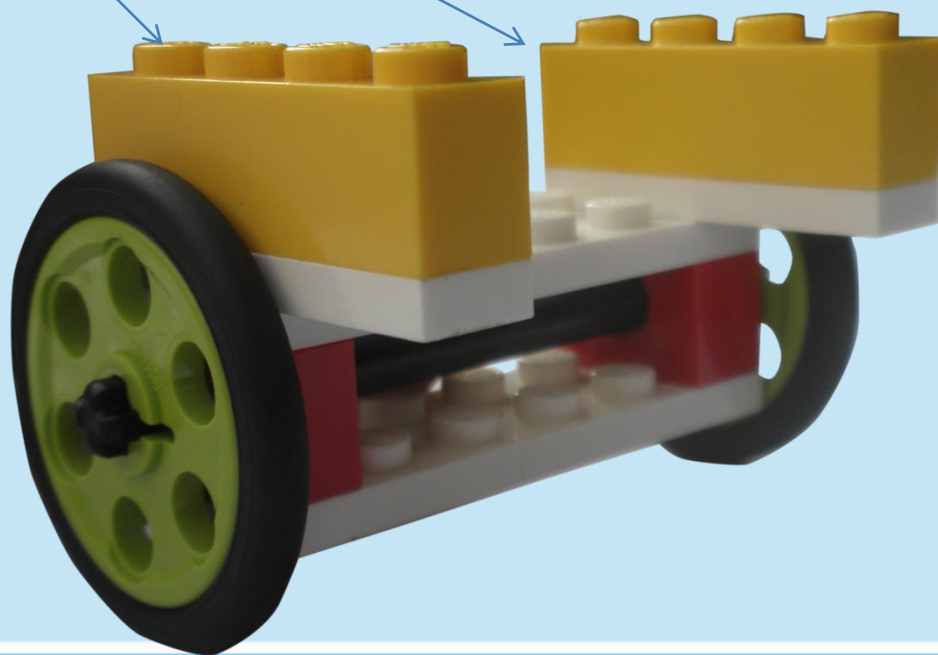
2



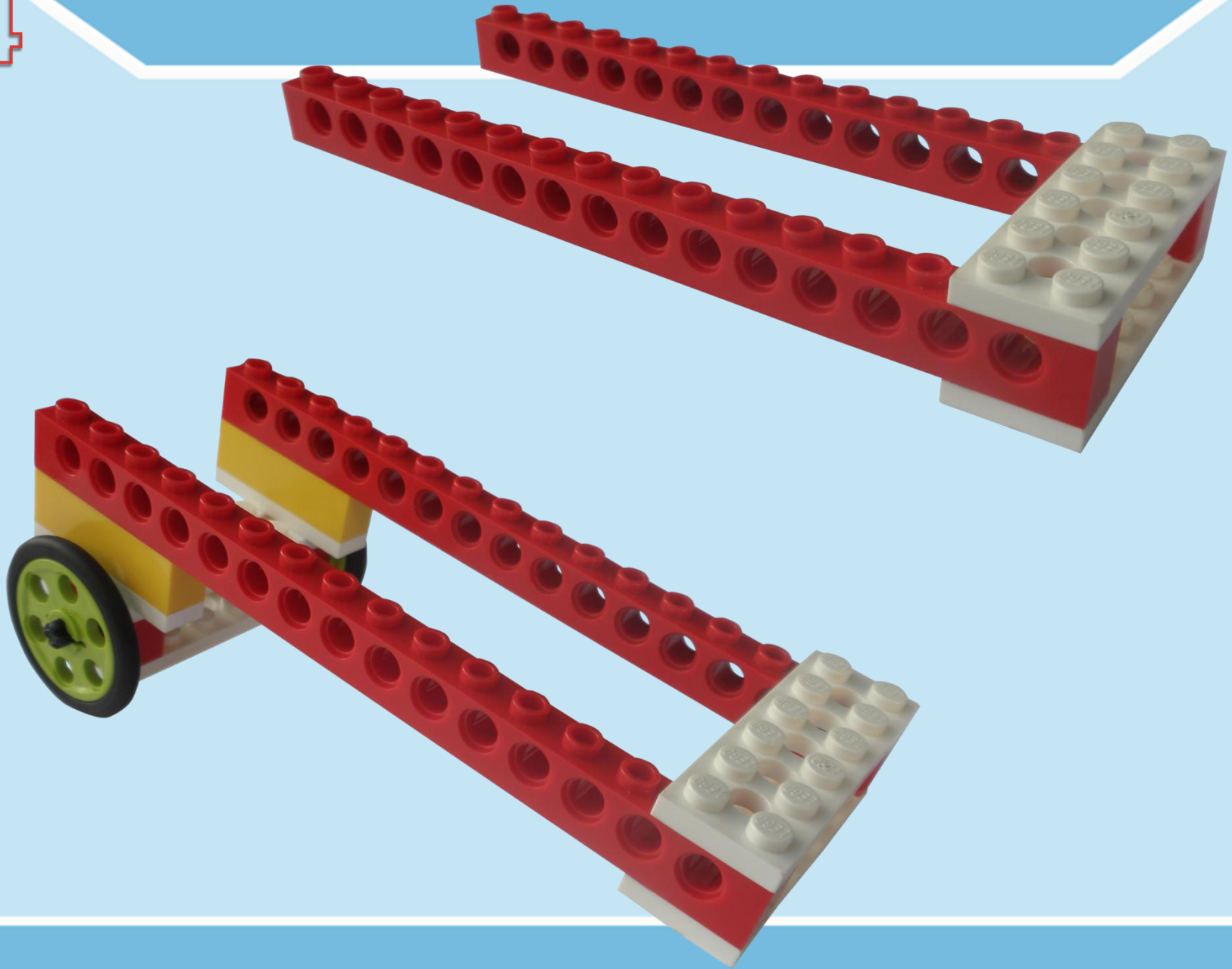
3



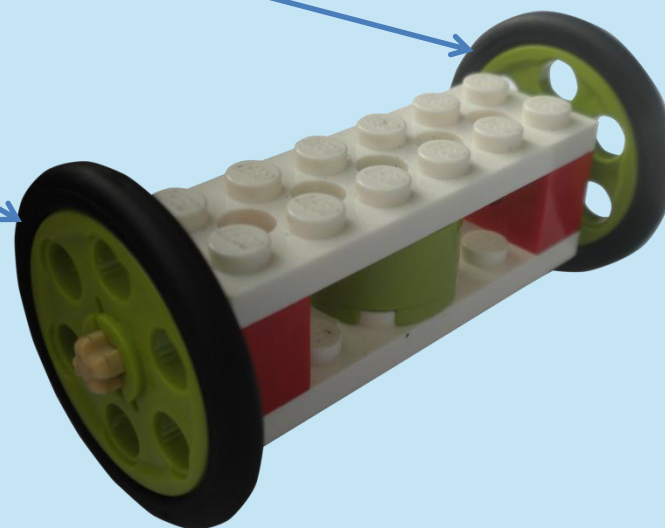
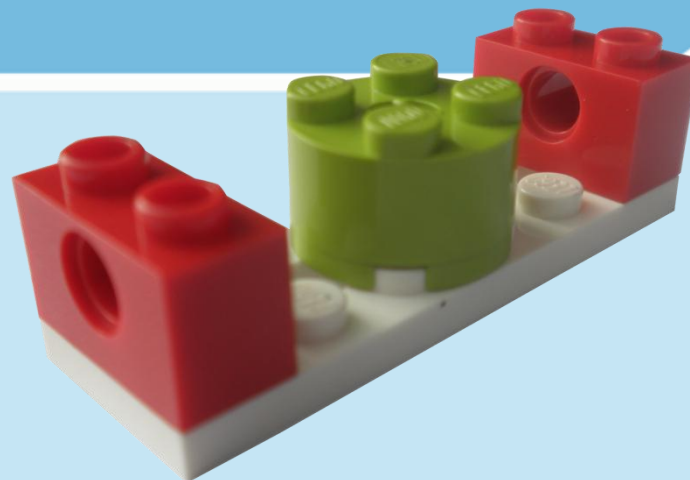
x2



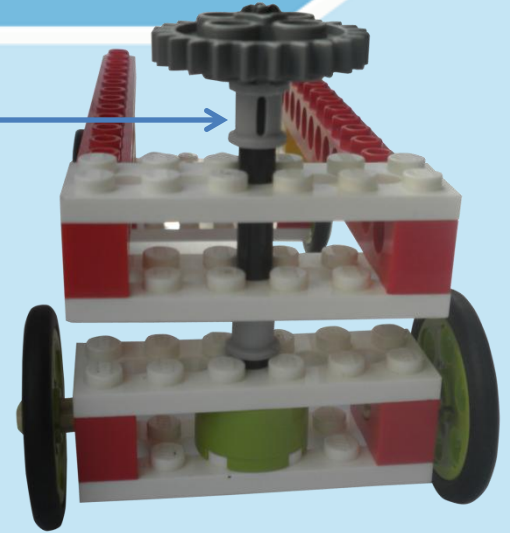
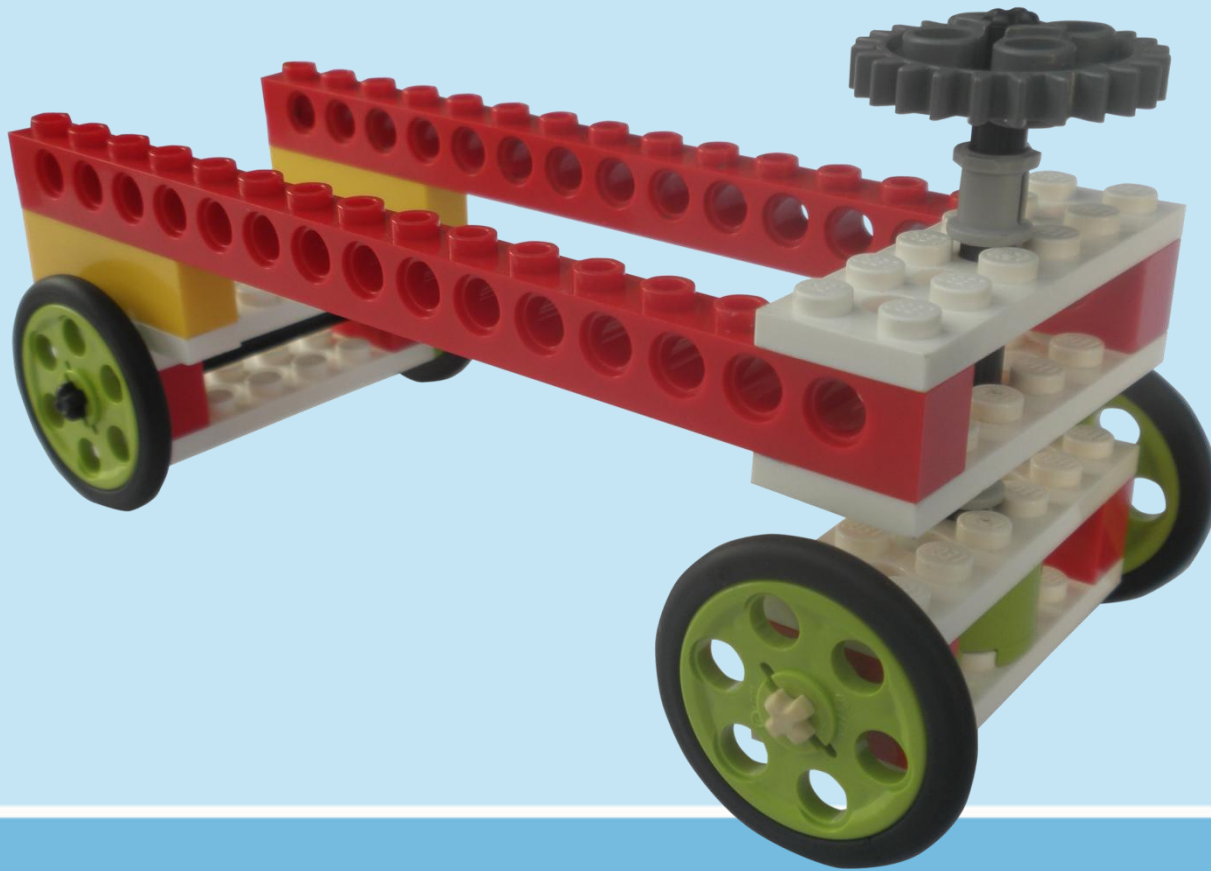
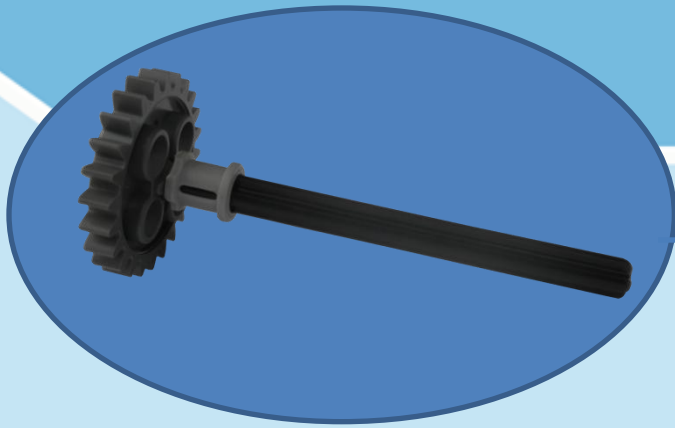
4



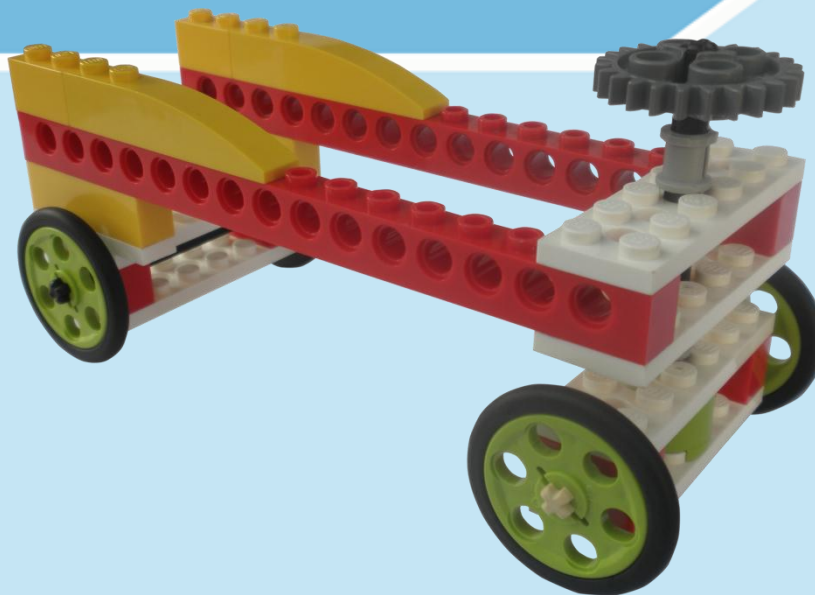
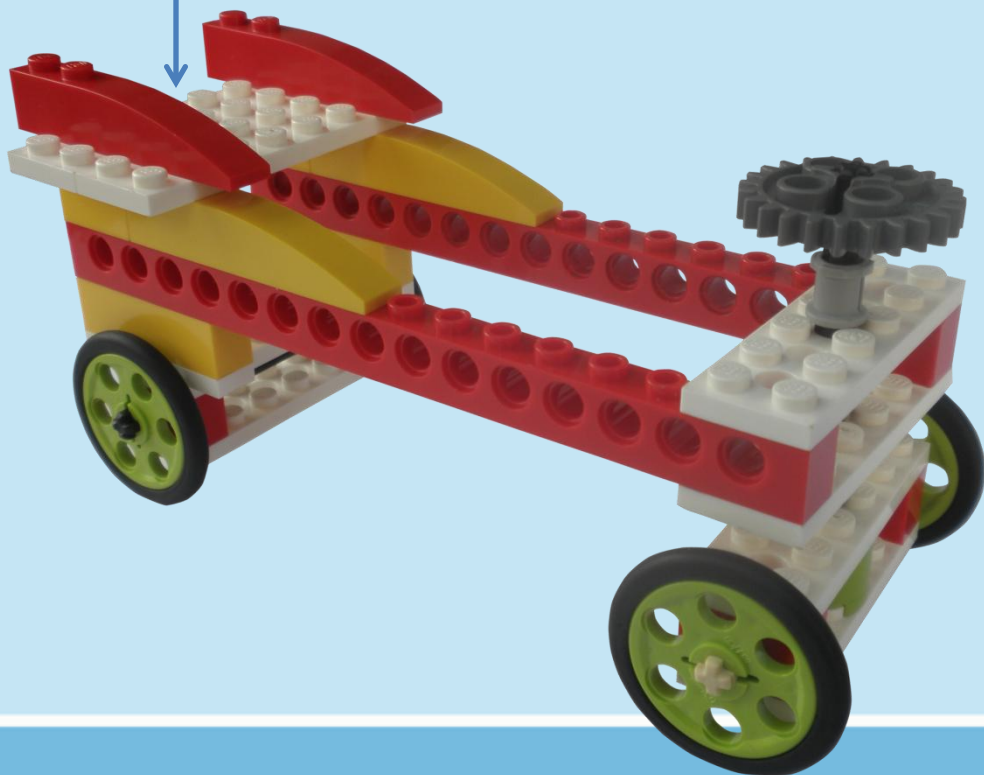
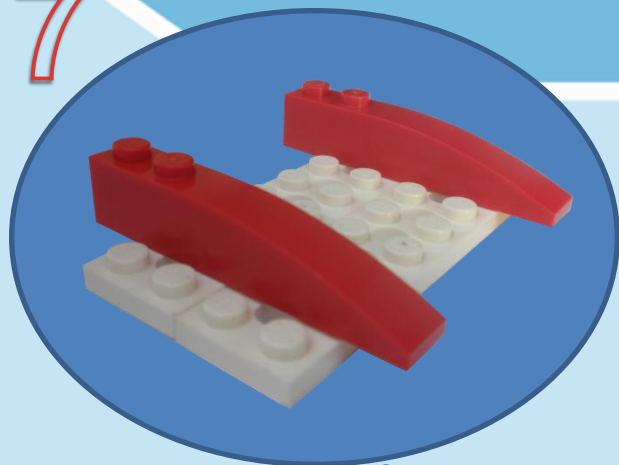
5



6



7



8



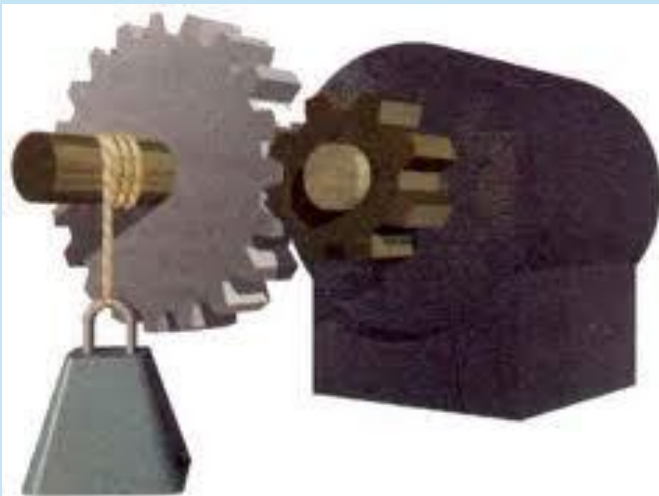
ENGRANAJES



education

ENGRANAJES

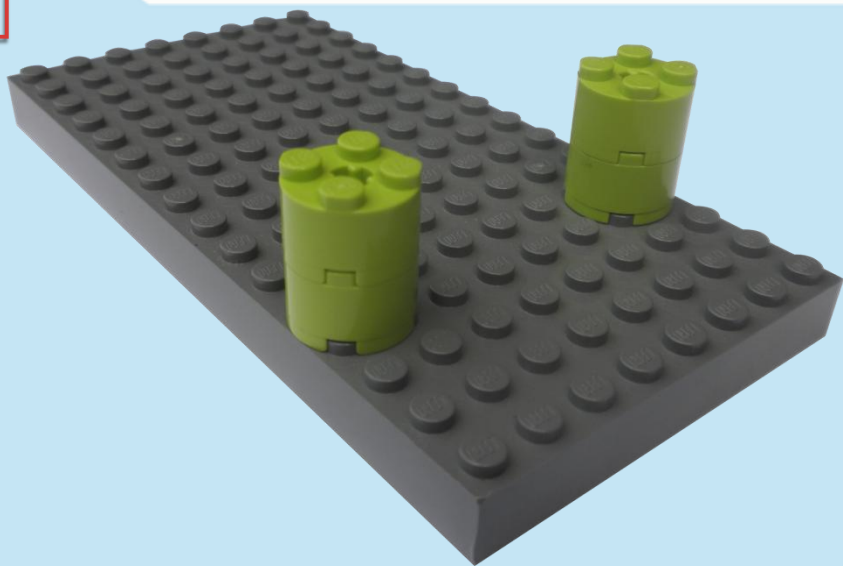
- El engranaje es una modificación de la rueda y el eje. Tiene dientes alrededor. Es decir, es una rueda dentada que encaja exactamente con otra rueda dentada. Lo encontramos en:
- Las bicicletas
- Los autos
- El reloj
- Licuadora



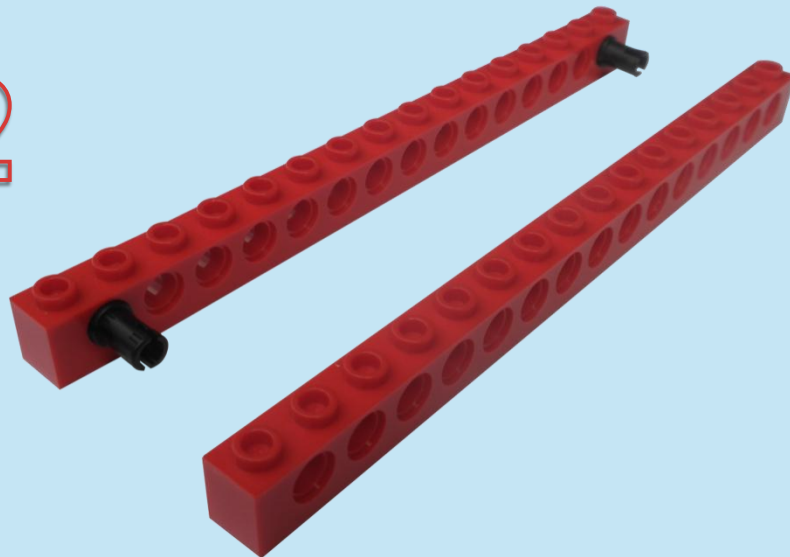
Sistema de engranajes.



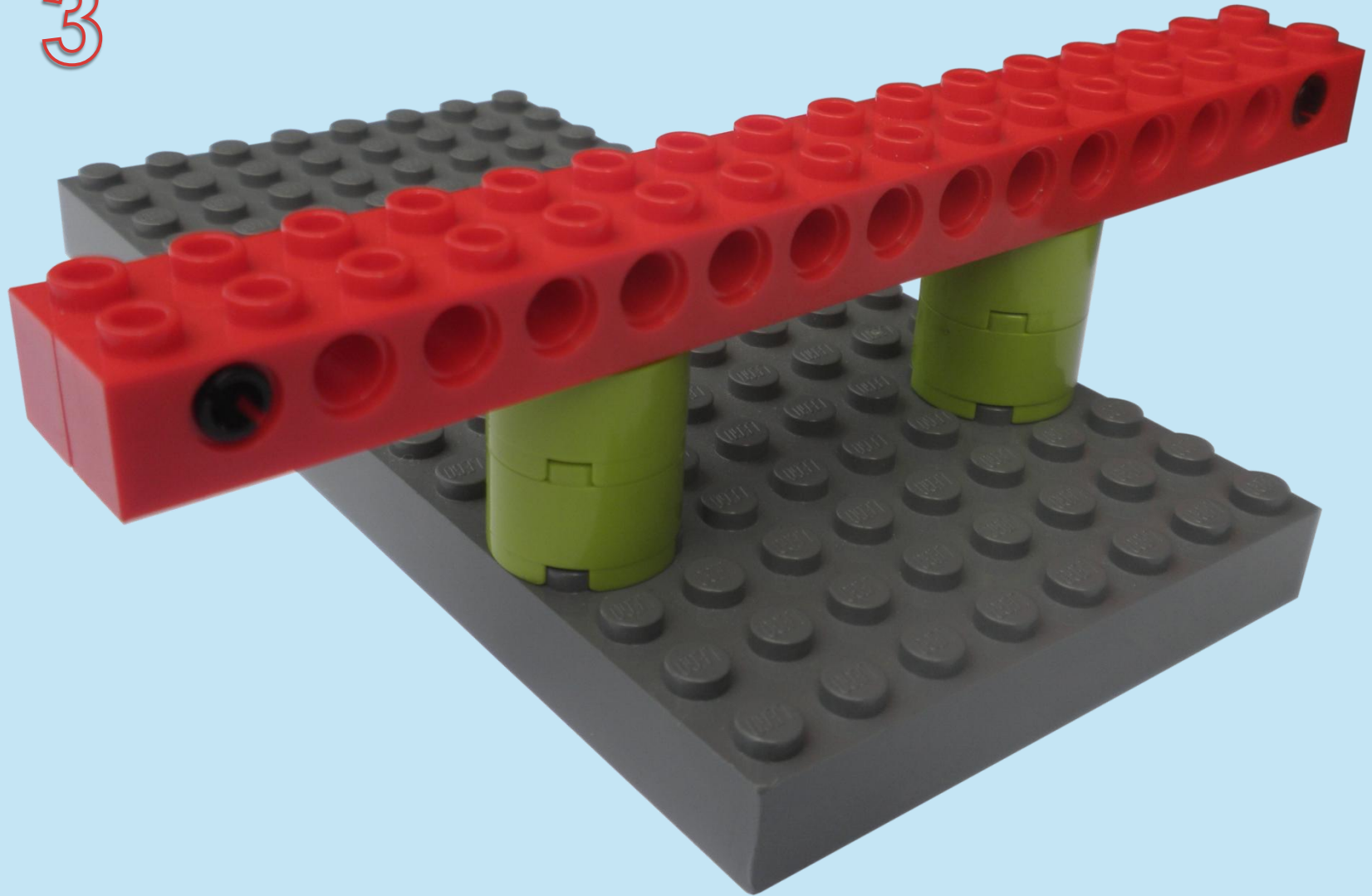
1



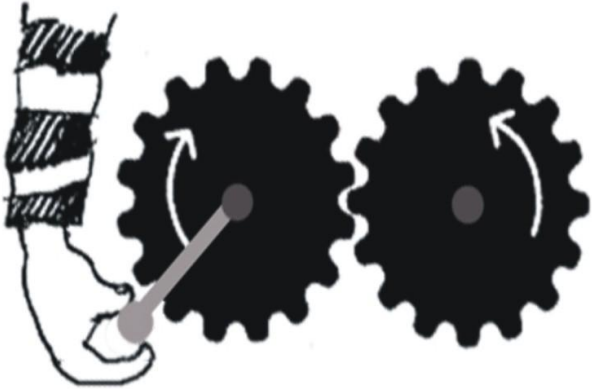
2



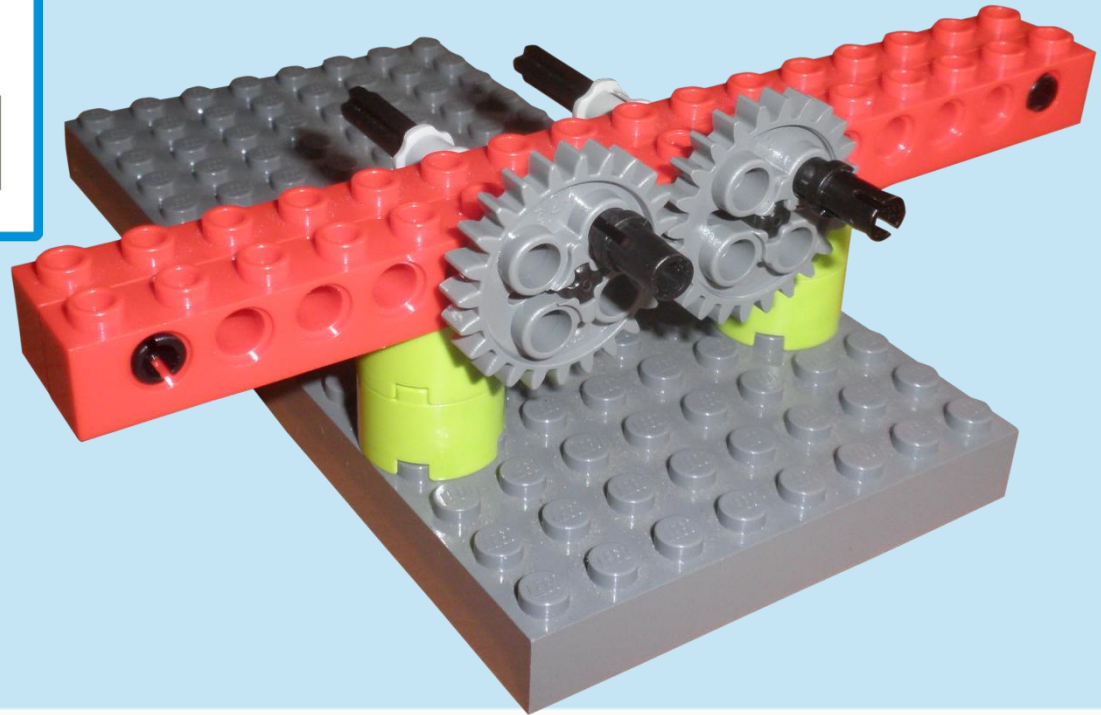
3



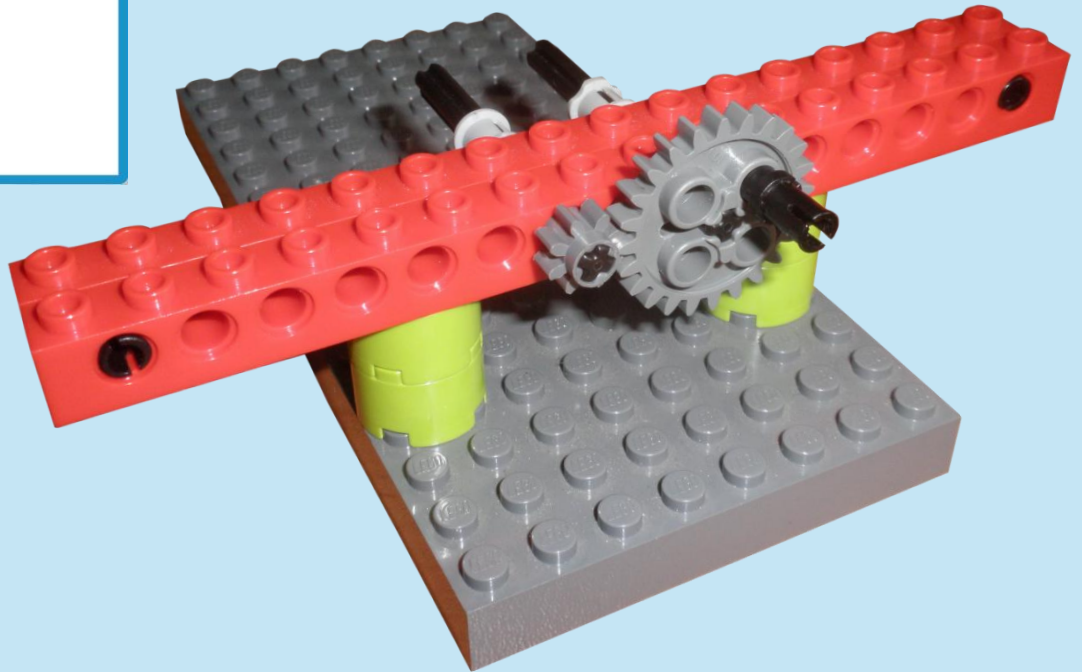
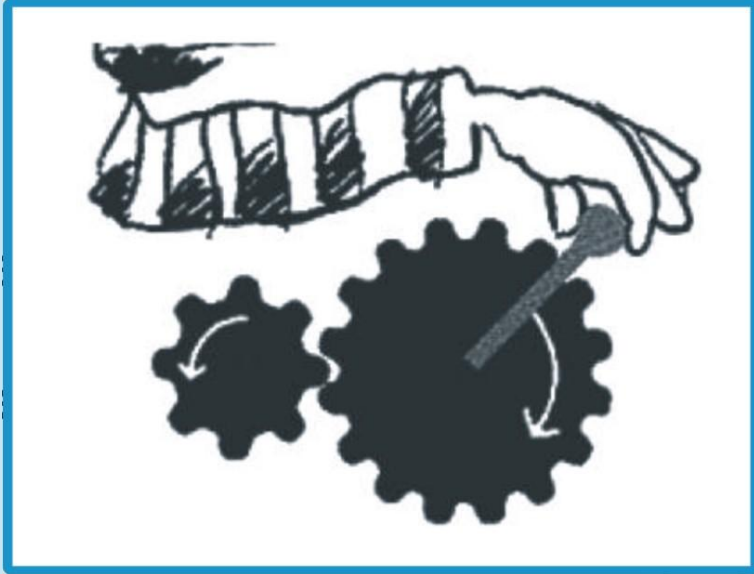
● Principio I: Dirección de rotación



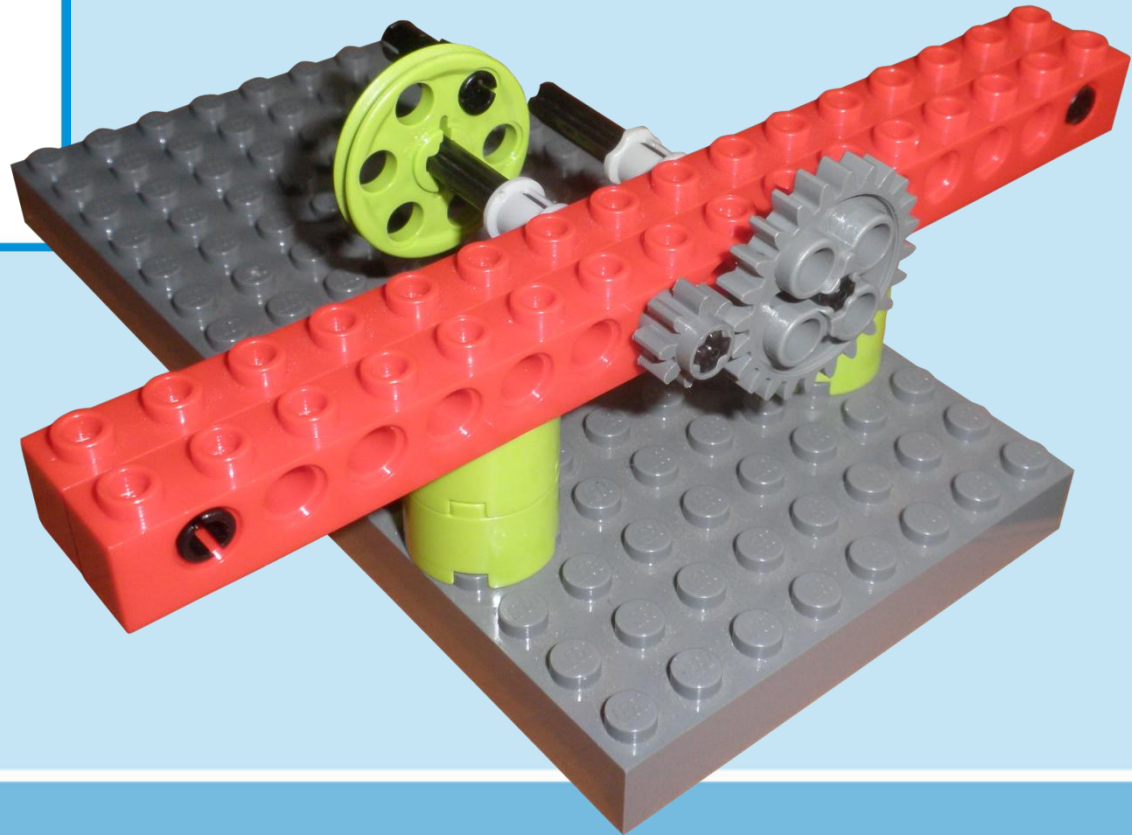
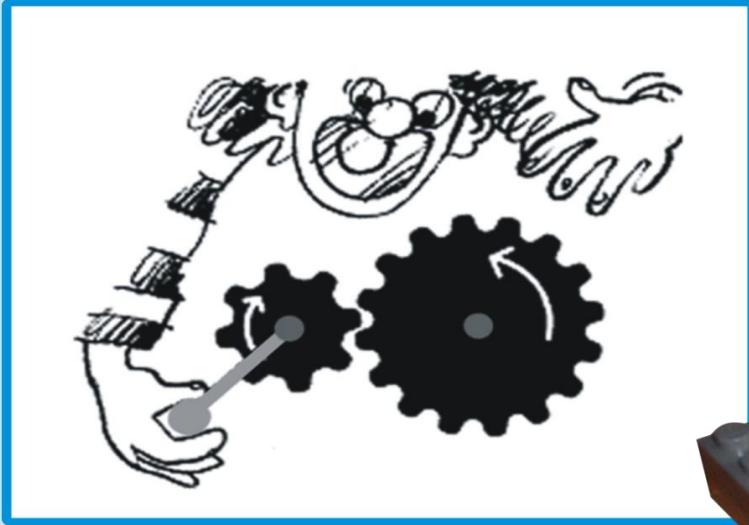
Engranaje Motor- Engranaje Salida



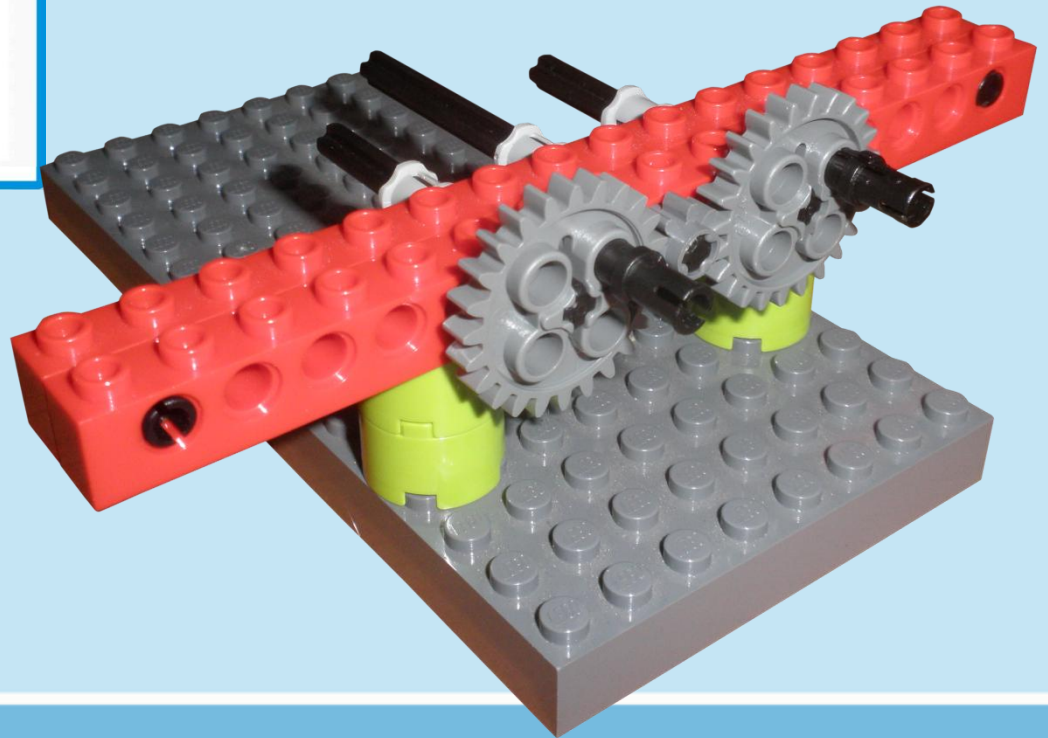
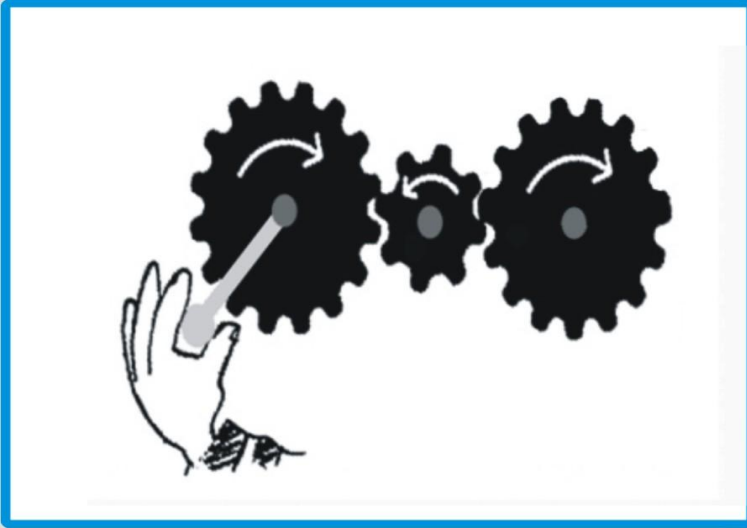
● Principio II: Aumento de la velocidad



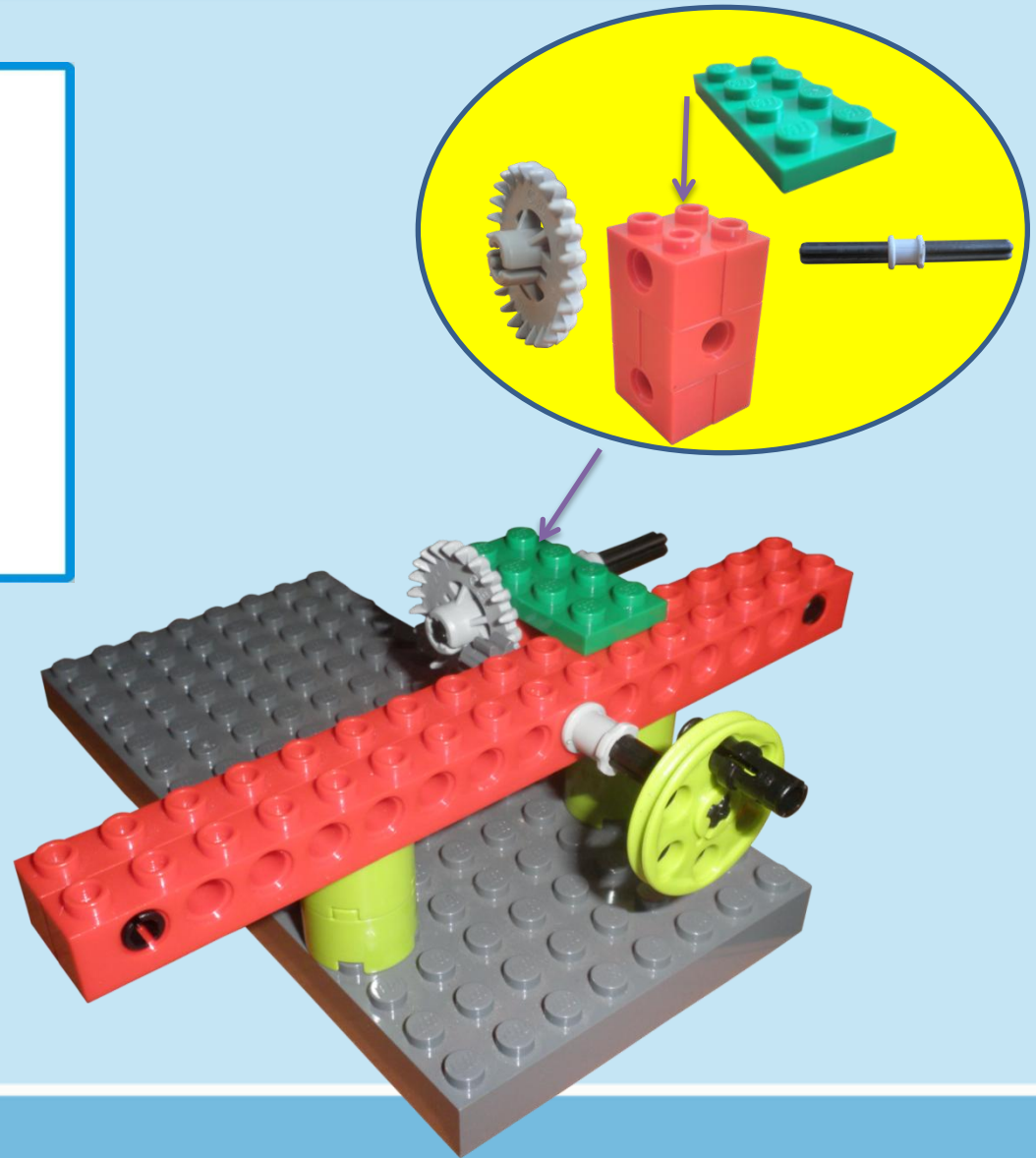
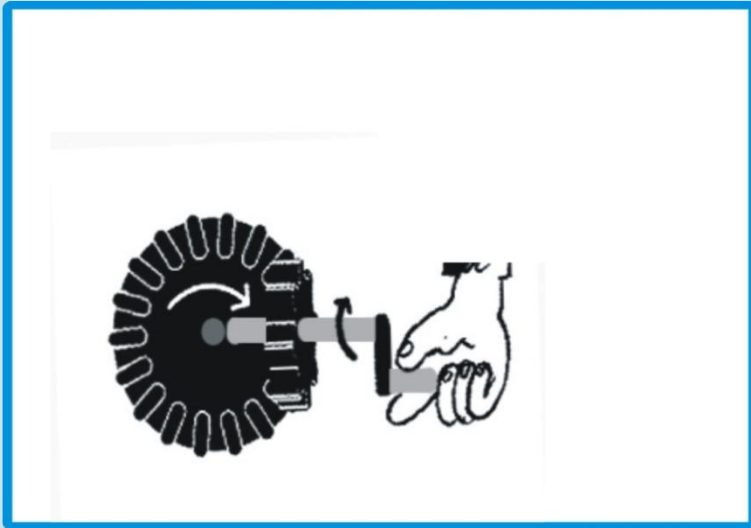
● Principio III: Reducción de velocidad



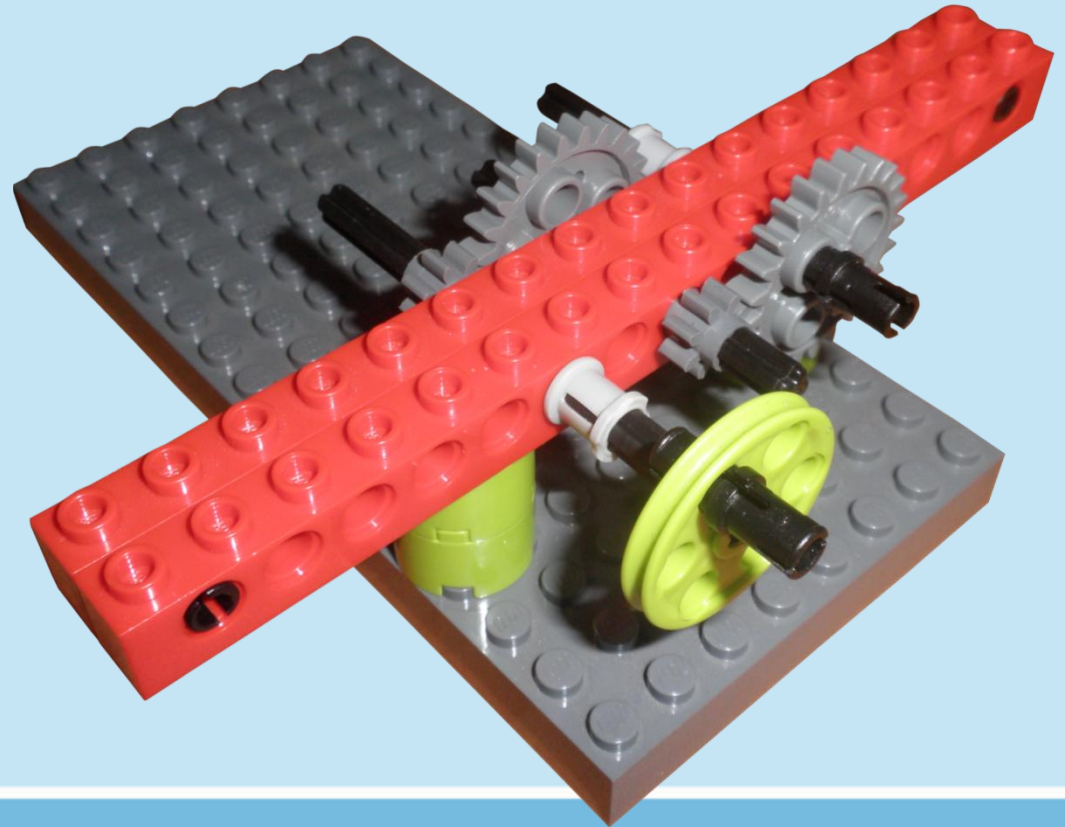
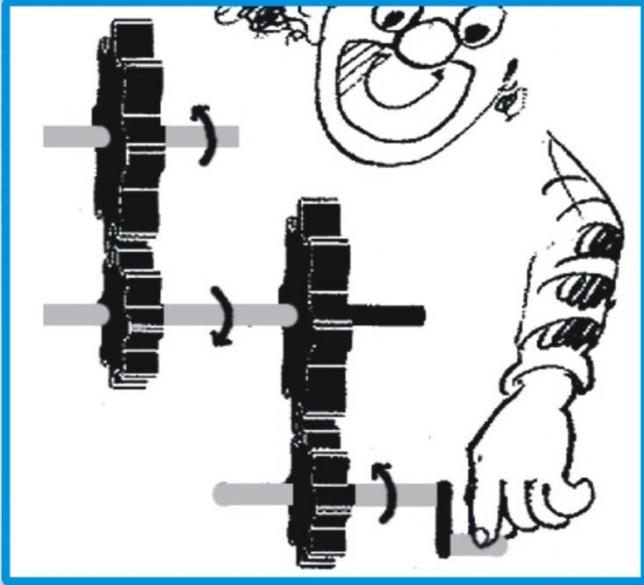
● Principio IV: Cambiar la dirección de rotación



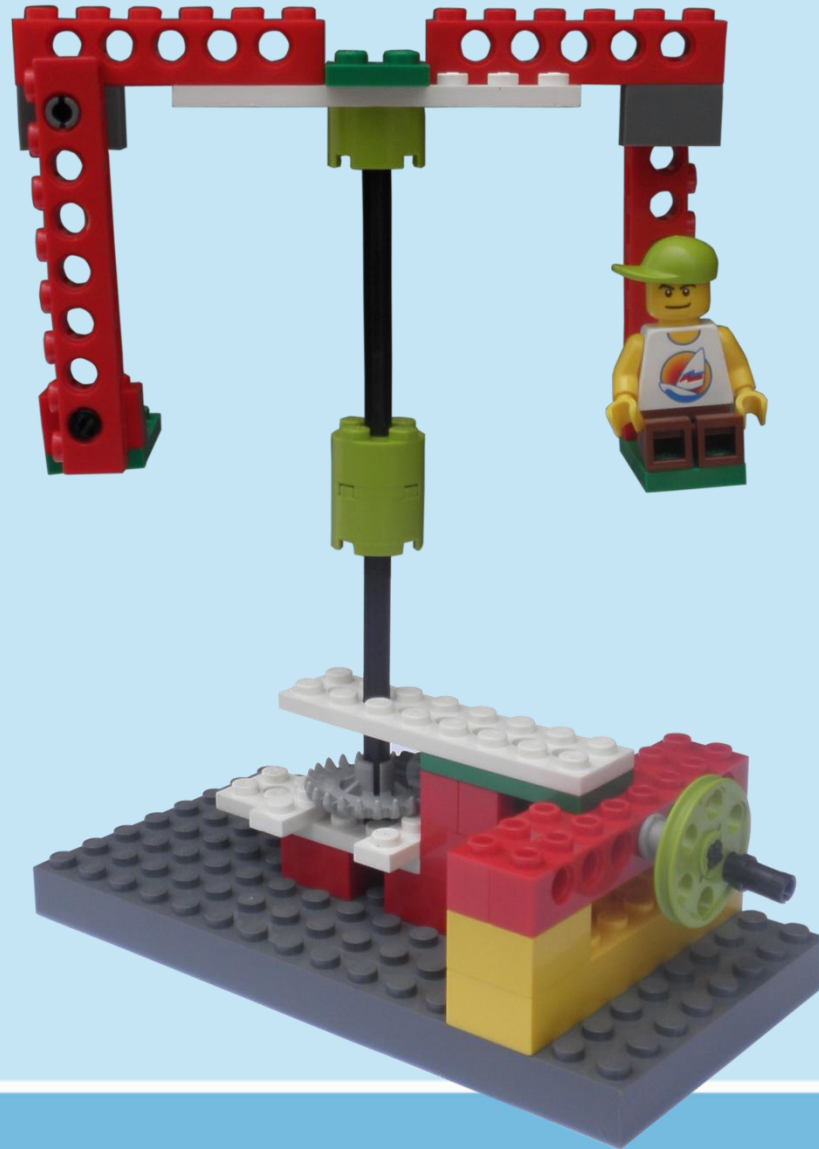
● Principio V: Cambiar la dirección de movimiento



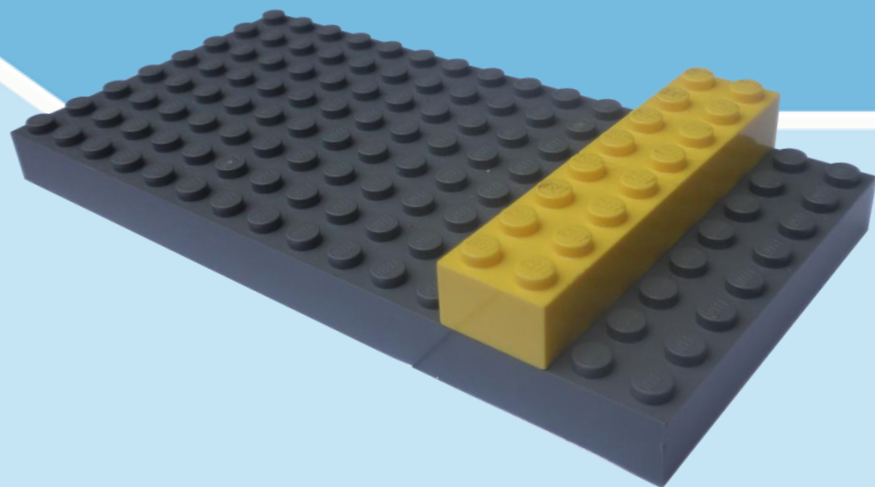
● Principio VI: Potencia y velocidad



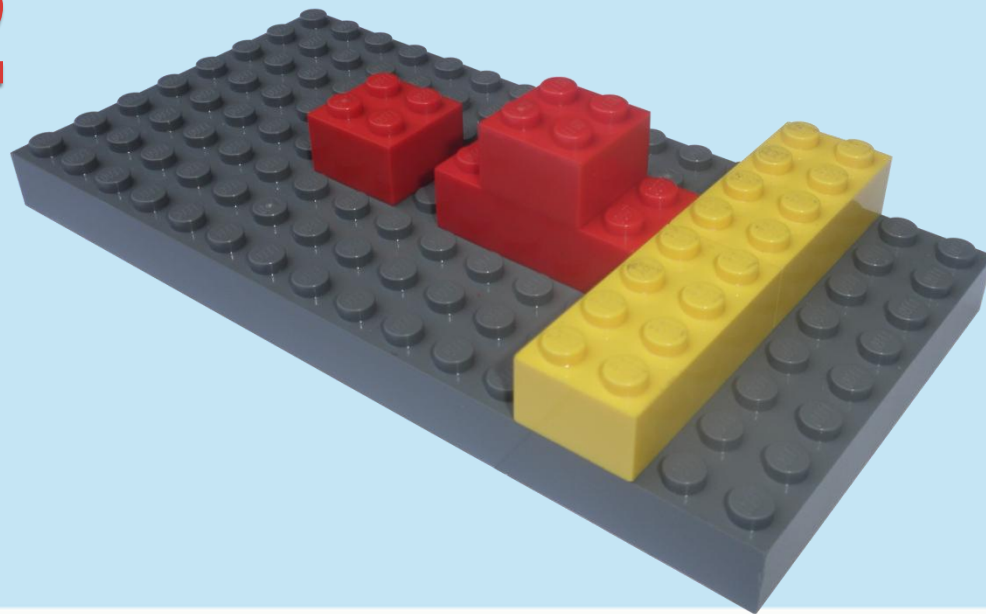
SILLA VOLADORA LEGO



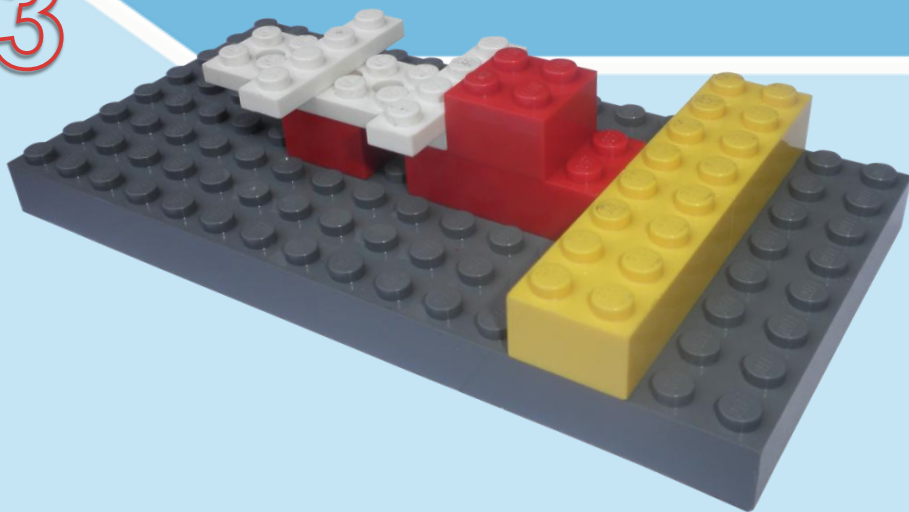
1



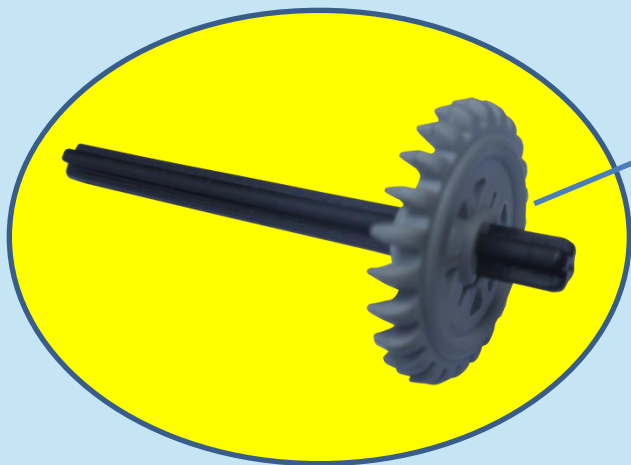
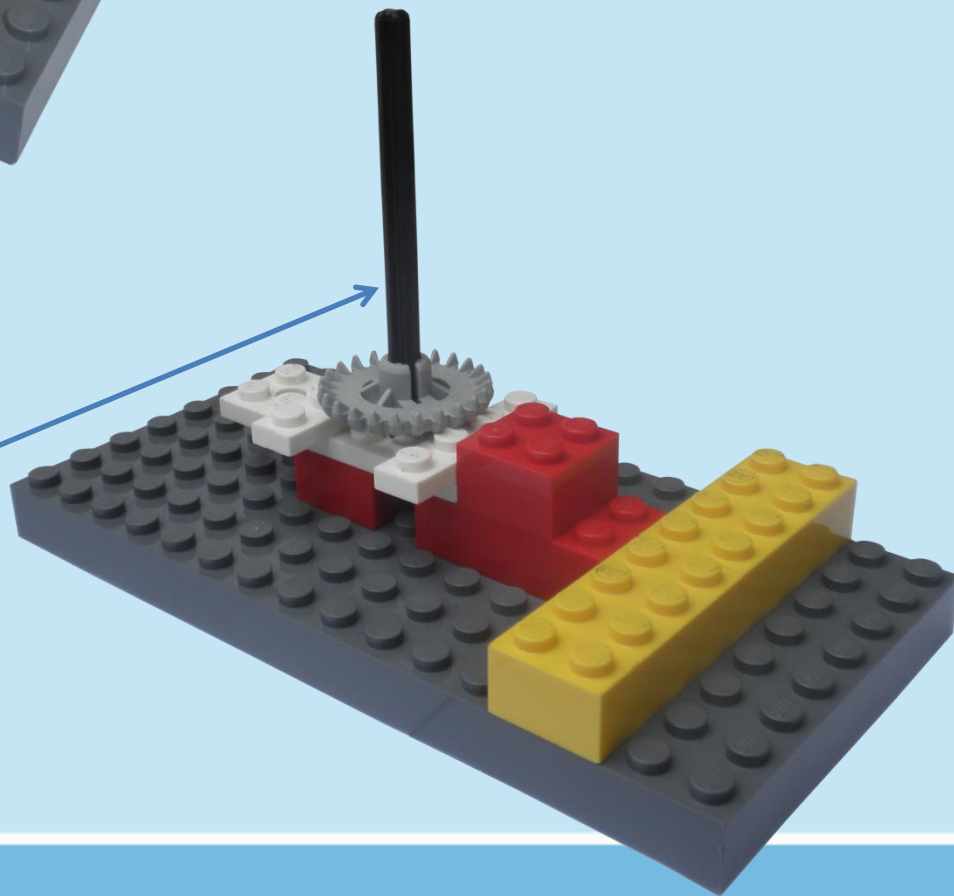
2



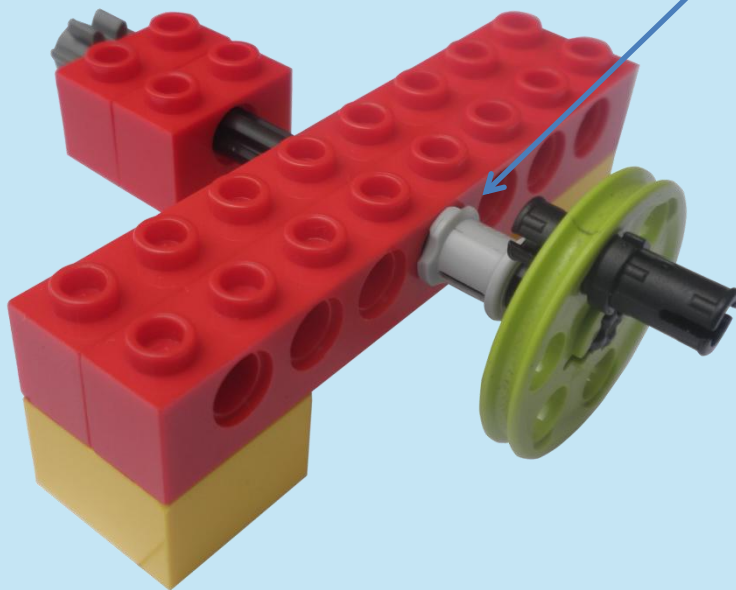
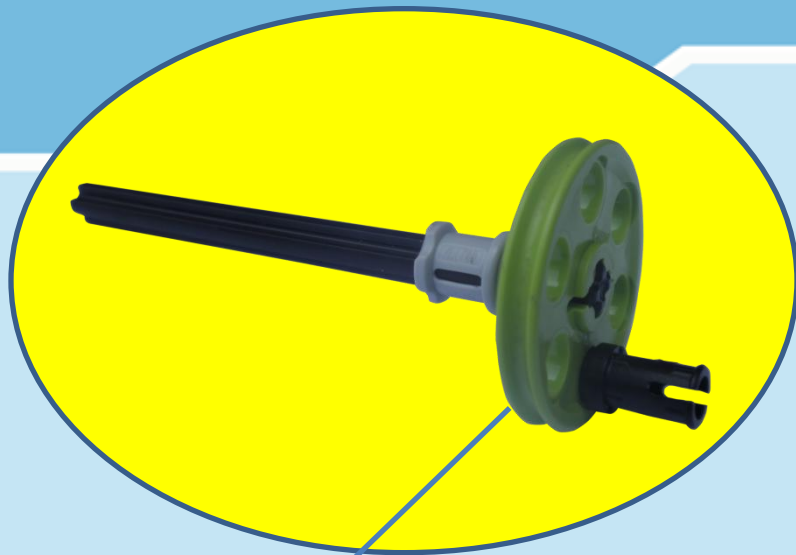
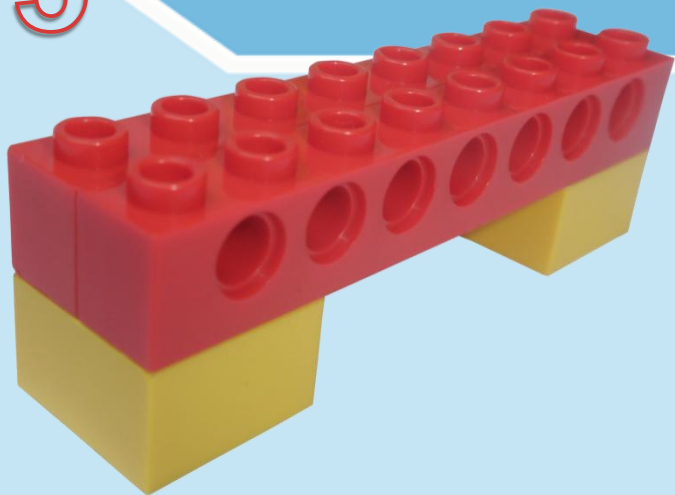
3



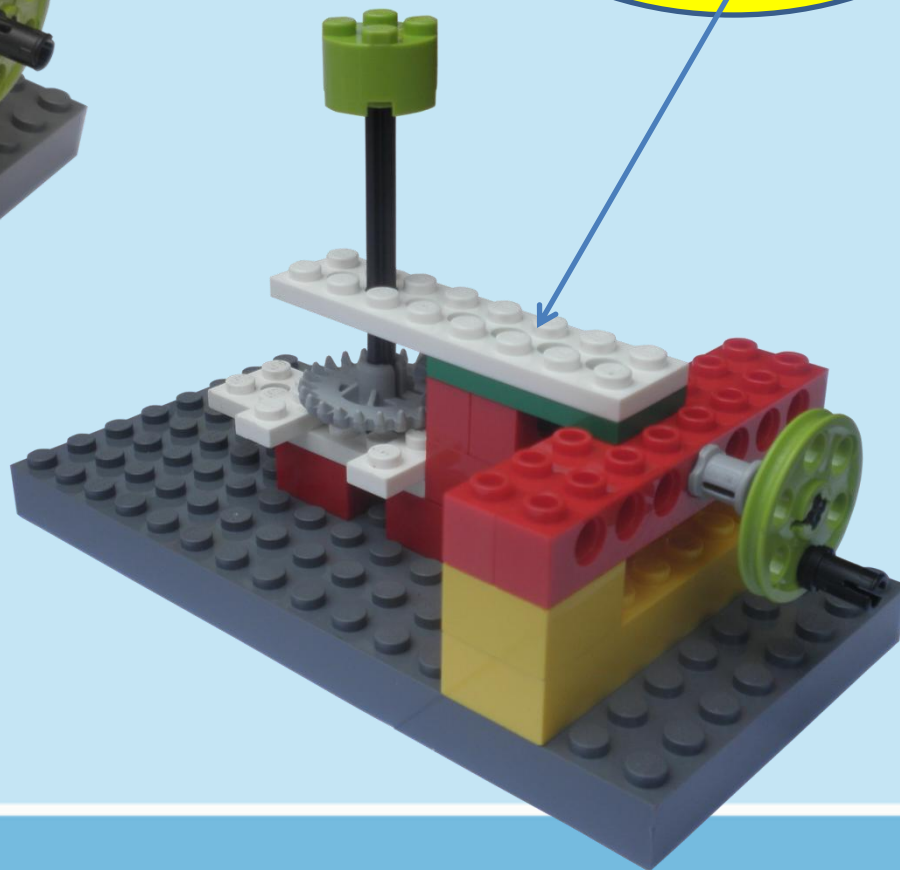
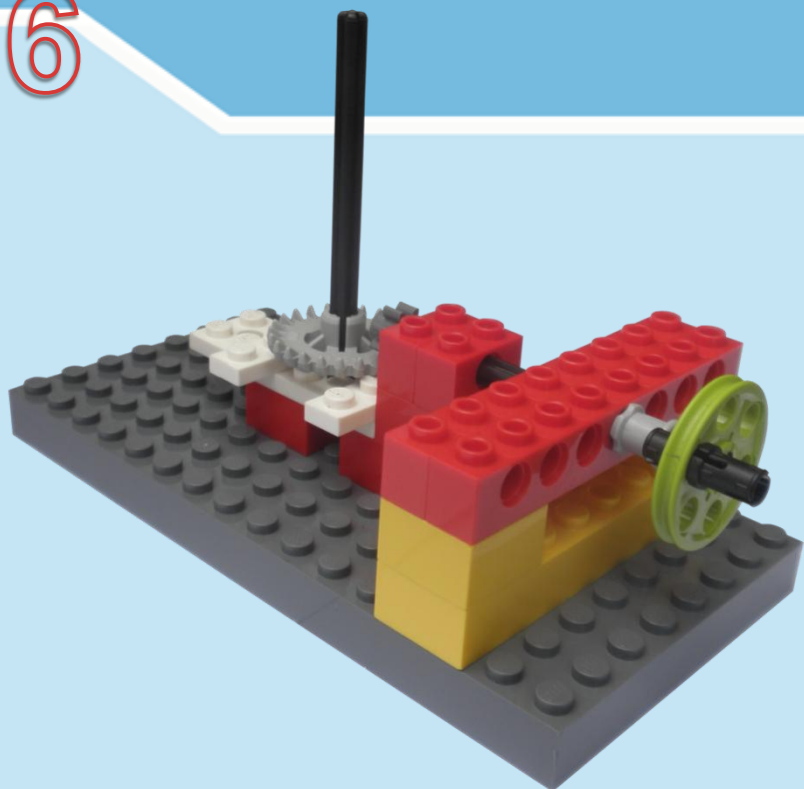
4



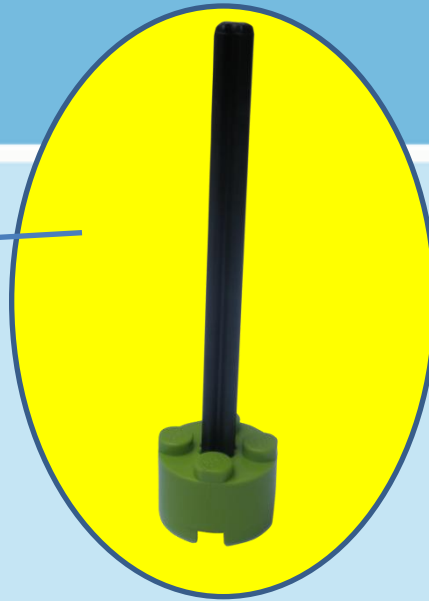
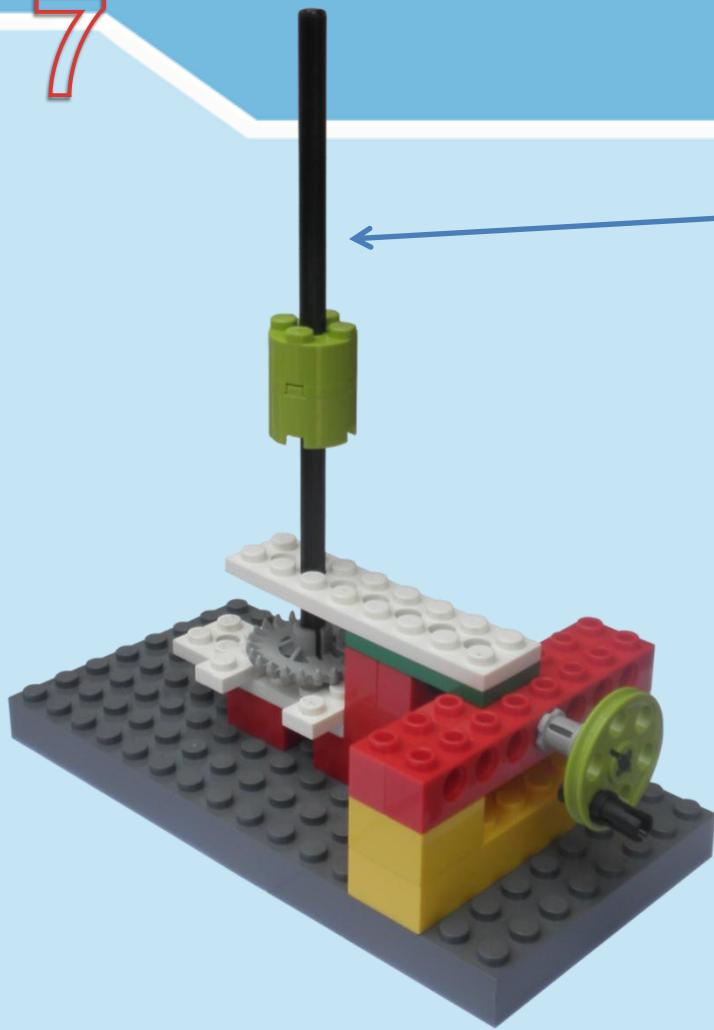
5



6



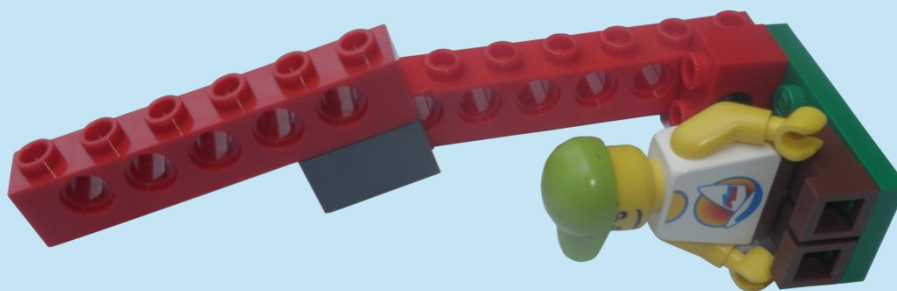
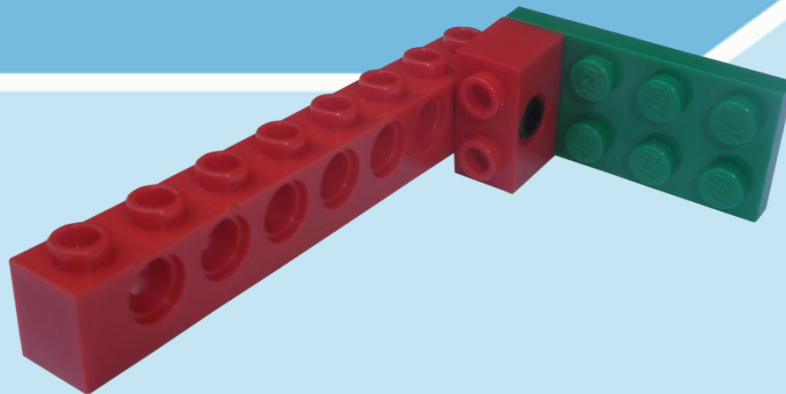
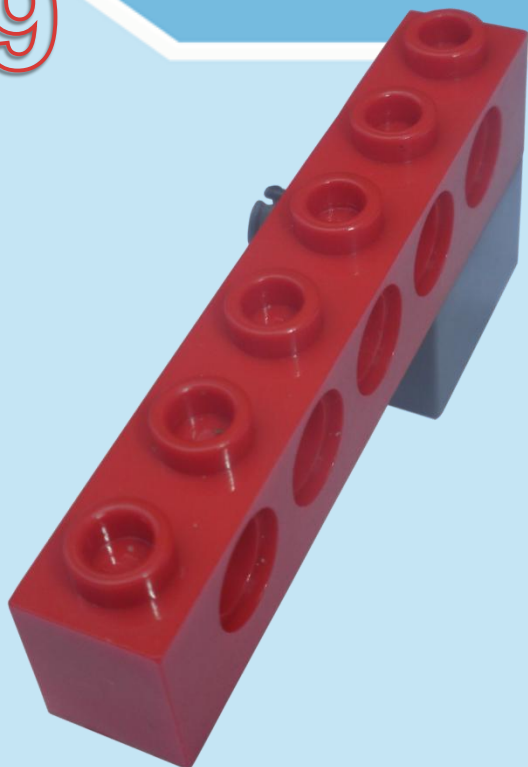
7



8

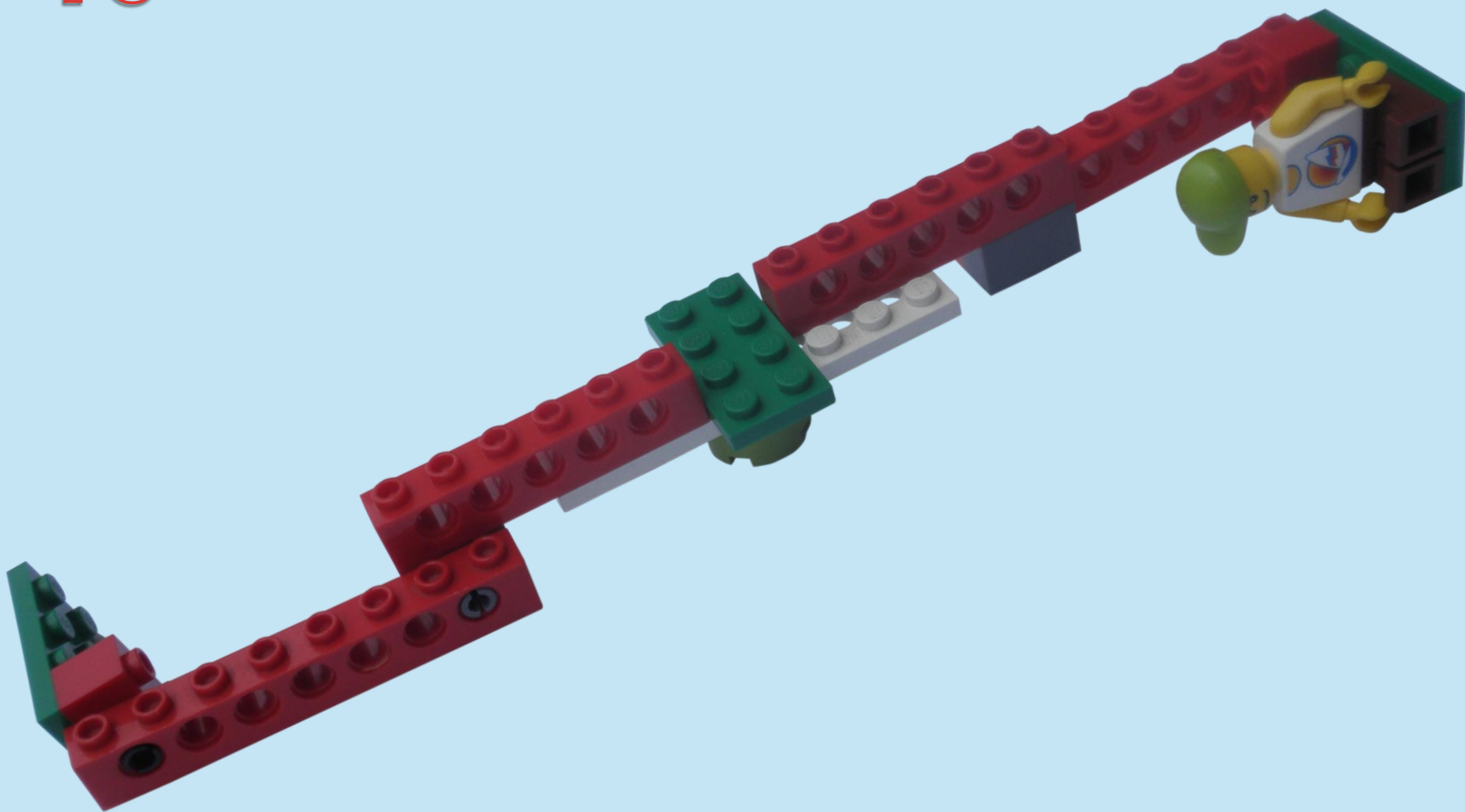


9



x2

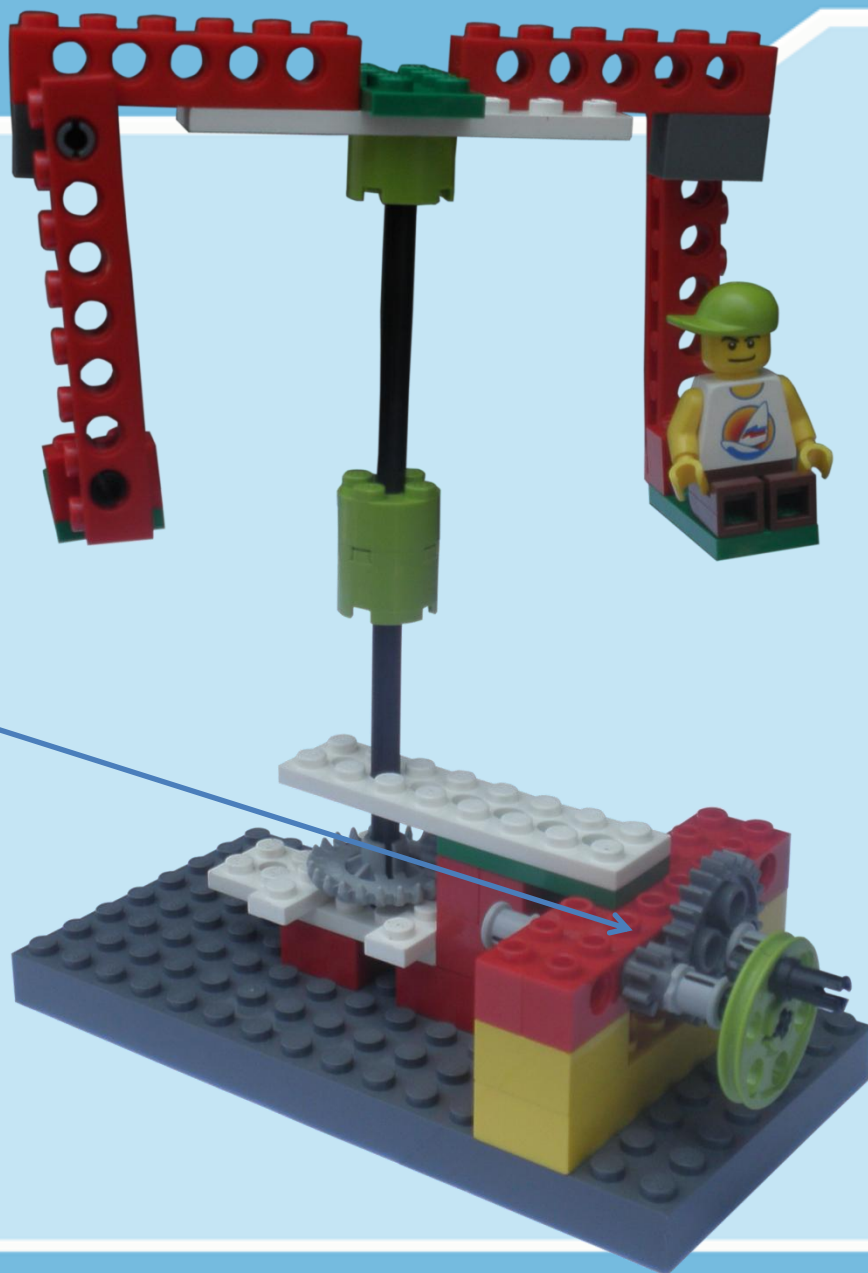
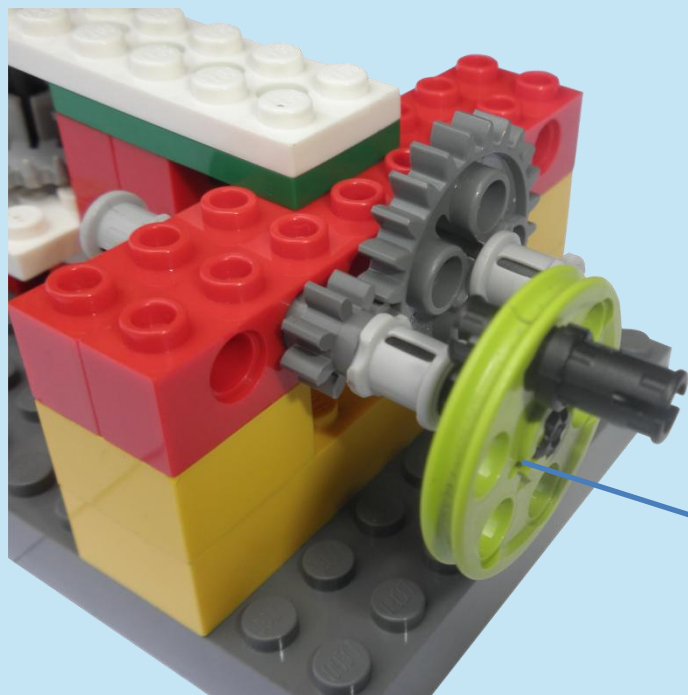
10



11



12



13

